Friday November 14 1986

D 8523 B

World news

Row over Wall St Andreotti hit by evidence on Mafia selling

Mr Giulio Andreotti, Italy's Foreign Minister, is at the centre of a storm over evidence he gave this week to the long-running trial in Palermo of 468 alleged Mafia bosses and kill-

Lawyers for the family of General Carlo Alberto Dalla Chiesa, the special anti-Maria police commissioner murdered with his wife in 1982, have accused Mr Andreotti of bring prodes and and demociated lying under oath and demanded that he he indicted for perjury.

The evidence of Mr Andreotti

conflicted with the version of their conversations recorded by General Dalla Chiesa in his diary. Page 3

Gorbachev message

A personal message from Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev was deivered to British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher on the eve of her departure for Washington talks with President Ronald Reagan, It is understood to contain ideas on arms control arising out of last month's Reykjavik meeting of the superpowers. Page 16

Chad peace contacts

President Hissene Hahré of Chad told Cameroon's official radio that contacts were under way with rebel forces to end their civil war. He said the forces of former president Goukouni Weddei were "no longer in the service of Libya." Francophone summit, Page 2

Aquino faces crisis

Philippines President Corazon Aquino returned to Manila from a four-day visit to Japan and found herself facing a new crisis after the murder of Rolando Olalia, a key trade union leader, Page 4

Malaysia lifts ban

Malaysia lifted its three-month ban on the Asian Wall Street Journaland agreed to let the newspaper's two Kuala Lumpur-based corre-spondents return. One of the two, Mr John Berthelsen, last week won a Malaysian Supreme Court order overturning his expulsion. Page 4

Chissano's targets

President Joaquim Chissano of Mozambique chaired his first cabinet meeting and said that salvaging the economy must be coupled with winming the war against right-wing re-

European rivals

Sir Henry Phunb, the British Conservative leader in the Enropean Parliament and Enrique Baron Crespo, former Spanish Socialist Min-ister, emerged as leading conten-ders to become the assembly's next president, Page 2

Japan closes mines

More than a third of Japan's ailing coal mining industry is to be closed over the next five years, putting 10,000 of the country's 25,000 min-

Australian deficit

Australia reported its worst-ever monthly current account deficit, leading to Opposition accusations of economic mismanagement. But the Labor Government easily defeated a censure motion in the Canherra Parliament, Page 4

Italy travel blow

Air and train travellers in Italy face a week of disruption as railwaymen and pilots embark on a series of strikes over pensions, working conditions and training.

israelis questioned Four left-wing Israelis were sum-moned for police questioning about their controversial meeting in Romania with representatives of the PLO. The Israeli Attorney General has said the meeting could contra-vene a law banning contact with

Business summary

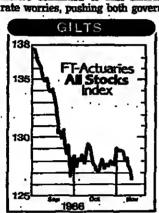
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WALL STREET stock prices dropped sharply during the last hour of trading as profit takers en-

The Dow Jones industrial average closed down 31.5 at 1,862.2 on moderately heavy turnover of 165.1m shares. Page 48

PHARMACIA, Swedish pharma-ceuticals and biotechnology group, raised profits by 34 per cent in the third quarter and ungraded its prof-its forecast for the full year. Page 25 WELLCOME FOUNDATION, UK drug group, met market expectations with a 3 per cent rise in pre-tax profits to £125.3m (\$175m). Page 17

LONDON: Sterling's listless performance continued to fuel interest rate worries, pushing both govern-



ment bonds and share prices dow further. Gilts losses ranged up to % a point. The FT-SE 100 index was down 9.9 at 1,644.6 and the FT Ordinary index was 9.4 lower at 1,295.7.

DOLLAR fell in London to DM 241 (DM 2.0225), it also fell to SFr 1.6685 (SFr 1.6785); FFr 6.5775 (FFr 6.6150); but rose to Y160.85 (Y160.60), Page 41

STERLING closed in London at \$1.4255 (\$1.4270). It also fell to DM 2.8850 (DM 2.8850) and remained unchanged at Y229.25. The pound's exchange rate index fell 0.3 to 68.2.

TOKYO: Caution prevailed following a five-day upturn. The Nikkei written into next year's EEC bud- surplus food stocks. average closed 9.42 lower at 17,438.47. Page 48.

WALL STREET: The Dow Jones in dustrial average closed 31.50 down

at 1,862.20. Page 48 VIRGIN GROUP'S flotation in London attracted more than 50,000 applications for shares, a jubilant Mr Richard Branson, the entertain-ment company's founder, announced. There were long queues to

buy. Page 17 SAINT LOUIS Bouchon, French sugar producer's proposed takeover of Lesieur, vegetable oil products group, to form France's second largest food concern advanced a step further with the nomination of the same chairman for both companies

BRAZIL has suffered a sharp fall in its foreign exchange reserves, losing a possible \$1.4ba since July, ac cording to authoritative reports.

The authorities have unofficially acknowledged that the country's reserves have taken a serious down-

RANKAMERICA, troubled US banking group facing an unsolicited \$3.4bn takeover bid from First Interstate, is hoping to raise more than \$300m from the sale of Charles Schwab, its discount brokerage business. Page 26

DMC, France's largest textile producer, is raising FFr 300m to FFr 400m in fresh capital to widen its international base through external acquisitions. Page 28

NOVO, Danish pharmaceutical and enzyme producer, showed mar ginally increased sales at nine months to DKr 3.13hn (\$410m).

CARTER Hawley Hale, Los An geles department store group, re ported a 67 per cent rise in net third-quarter earnings to a record \$15.4m. Page 25

Sandoz agrees to meet claims over Rhine pollution

SANDOZ, the Basie chemical comcany at the center of the Rhine polintion disaster, said yesterday that it would cover and honour all valid claims arising from the warehouse fire and leak of toxic chemicals into

Company executives, holding a press conference at the Schweizersalle site of the accident, said Sandoz had liability insurance totalling between SwFr 100m and SwFr 150m (\$59m-\$69m) including cover-age for environmental damage re-

The Sandoz executives denied accusations that the company contra-vened regulations governing the storage of chemicals and that fire provisions at the site had been in-

Professor Gerhard Schmid, a Sandoz legal expert, said that in 1981 Zurich Insurance had carried out a risk analysis of the storage facilities at Schweizerhalle and had made recomendations. After the report, he said, Sandoz had taken various measures to improve site safe-

Nevertheless, the company admitted that "disastrous quantities" of mercury and insecticides were carried into the Rhine following the warehouse fire resulting in widespread fish deaths and endangering

would seek compensation involving millions of dollars from Sandoz. Mr Stanley Clinton Davis, the EEC Commissioner responsible for the environment, said Swiss warnings. Mr Clinton Davis announced at the Tourney Davis announced at

damages at a meeting she had in 1976 in a factory in Seveso, Italy, called of Rhine river countries and owned by Hofmann-La Roche, anthe European Commission in Rotother Swiss chemical company.

ties, the Government and the envir- supposed to be introduced through-

The Dutch Parliament yesterday urged the Government to press hard for a firm promise of monetary compensation from Sandoz. No estimates have yet been made of the Dutch damage resulting from the huge spill of insecticides and mercury into the river although The lague has spent about Fl 750,000 (\$329,000) in monitoring the spill. However, the Netherlands clearly has suffered less than West Germany, which has borne the brunt of

setback on budget vote

THE EUROPEAN Perliament yes—should be finalised in Stresbourg in to the plans put forward by the 12 terday voted overwhelmingly for December.

At the same time, the MEPs—entirely by savings in farm spending the content to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 12 budget ministers—included a limit to the plans put forward by the 1

European Community's crisis-hit called on the EEC governments to ing, leaving the overall budget total agriculture policy – including the imposition of a new 5 per cent cut in dairy production quotas – to be they approved in order to dispose of ban on financial sid to Syria, because they approved in order to dispose of ban on financial sid to Syria, because they approved in order to dispose of the mancial sid to Syria, because they approved in order to dispose of the mancial sid to Syria, because they approved in order to dispose of the mancial sid to Syria, because they approved in order to dispose of the mancial sid to Syria, because they approved in order to dispose of the mancial sid to Syria, because they approved in order to dispose of the mancial sid to Syria, because the mancial sid to Syria, because they approved in order to dispose of the mancial sid to Syria, because the mancial sid to Syria, because

chest" for subsidising cheap sales of

cereals, butter and other products

addition to their normal EEC contri-

to their neighbour about the mas-sive pollution were grotesquely in-adequate. The European Parliament that he was already taking legal action against several EEC member states adequate. agents several property into their lars. Neelie Smit-Kroes, the for falling to incorporate into their lars the rules for handling Dutch Minister of Water Resources, national law the rules for handling said yesterday that she aimed to and storing dangerous chemicals present a more precise claim for agreed after the pollution disaster.

By then the Dutch expect to have states - Denmark, France, the UK a better idea of the costs borne by and West Germany - had so far enfishermen, dairymen, water utiliacted the Seveso rules which were out the Community in 1984.

"Even before the Rhine incident, proceedings had been opened against a number of member states," he said. "I would have thought that in the light of this incident any excuse for inaction has to-tally vanished."

Mr Clinton Davis said he hoped it might be possible for Switzerland. as a non-EEC member state, also to adopt the Seveso rules on the sto-

companies might adopt an agree ment among themselves similar to drinking water supplies.

The company's statements came the systems for alarm and information to improve the code for accidents used by shipsing the Netherlands announced it tion in the wake of such chemical ping companies owning oil tankers

cause of that country's links to ter-

please the UK Government which

currently holds the presidency.

The changes in the farm spend-

ing part of the budget - which at

Details, Page 40

supposed to touch.

That plan for a so-called war rorism - a political move certain to

Collier threatens to expose insider traders

MR GEOFFREY COLLIER, who on Monday was forced to resign as sec-urities chief of the UK merchant bank Morgan Grenfell, is threatening to reveal that other leading City of London figures have been guilty of insider dealing. Mr Collier has made a full writ-

Mr Collier told the Stock Exchange Professional Standards Panel earlier this week that he had evidence that several professional fund managers, not employed at Morgan Grenfell, had also bought and sold shares with the aim of profiting from confidential, inside information about the companies.

Mr Collier apparently feels ag-grieved that he has been singled out for an offence which, he be-

The stock exchange's surveillnce department complained in February that its enquiries into insider dealing had been irustrated by the use of offshore dealing companies which refuse to disclose

their true owners. Mr Collier himself used an off-**EEC** farm lobby suffers Mr Collier himself used an dishore tax haven company to ex-ecute his illicit deal. The company was set up by Mr Collier while he was working for the stockbroking firm, Vickers da Costa, in New York, before he was headhunted by Morgan 18 months ago. The company was used to own a property bought by Mr Collier. But after the property was sold, the company lay dormant, possibly until two weeks dormant, possibly until two w

> rect price for the bid. Ecu 23hn accounts for almost 63 per cent of total spending -affects what is called "obligatory spending," which the parliament is not legally

The Morgan compliance manual imposed a strict requirement on Mr Collier not to use his foreknowledge of the bid either for his own pur-

ten confession of the offence, the full details of which emerged yesterday. The papers on the investiga-tion into his case were sent last night by the London Stock Exchange to the Department of Trade and Industry, which is empowered to prosecute insider dealing.

lieves, has been widely committed If his allegations are substantiated, the City would be in danger of suf-fering damage to its reputation sim-ilar to that suffered by Wall Street earlier this year following a series of insider dealing cases brought against leading investment bank-

In that last week of October, Morgan Grenfell was approached to advise Hollis, a furniture and timber company controlled by Mr Robert Maxwell, on possible terms for making a counter-bid for the engi- House spokesman, denied the re- Mr Marks said the claim w neering company AE. Mr Collier, who was one of the directors in closest contact with the securities market, was asked to advise on the cor-

Continued on Page 24

Reagan acts to defuse Iran arms row

BY LIONEL BARBER IN WASHINGTON

Inundated by growing criticism of secret contacts with Iran orchestrated by the White House, Mr Reacrats on Capitol Hill. Although they gan was preparing last night to admajor foreign policy row.

The President's speech follows his admission to congressional leaders on Wednesday that the US ers on weamsstay that he tos shipped military equipment to Iran. Mr Reagan justified the secret con-tacts as part of a long-term plan to bolster moderate factions in a strategically vital Gulf state.

The Reagan Administration has hitherto refused to comment publicly on the affair, even insisting that senior cabinet officials such as Mr George Shultz, US Secretary of State, remain silent.

Revelations of the secret dealings between the US and Iran has led to charges that the US is undermining the credibility of its foreign policy The US has consistently urged its allies not to negotiate with states

It is also argued that the Admin- • An Israeli businessman allegedly istration has created the impres-involved in a scheme to ship arms sion of trading arms for bostages, illegally to Iran has asked a judge something which could encourage to call Vice President George Busi terrorists to take further hostages and other Reagan Administration

Mr Reagan has defended his pub-Mr Reagan has defended his public silence in the hope of securing the release of at least six American charged in the multi-billion dollar cans held in Lebanon. His address arms plot, demanded that US Nasuggests that hopes of securing an tional Security Adviser John Pointearly release are fating and that dexter, former National Security the political damage created by the Adviser Robert McFarlane, and Maaffair is in danger of growing out of rine Lieutenant Colonel Oliver

yesterday said that Mr Donald Reto to testify in his defence.

gan, White House Chief of Staff, Mr Jonathan Marks, Mr Eisenand Mr John Poindexter, National berg's lawyer, said in an affidavit Security Adviser, had held an angry that the defence wished to call the

Mr Larry Speakes, the White speculation about the affair.

vately that the undercover operation, co-ordinated by the national security staff, was vital to promote ties with moderate Iranian leaders during the power struggle to succeed the ageing Ayatollah Khomeini, a virulent anti-American.

In the power struggle to succeed the ageing Ayatollah Khomeini, a virulent anti-American.

In the Reagan Administration had approved the proposed sales."

Feature, Page 22

PRESIDENT Ronald Reagan was expected last night to justify covert US arms shipments to Iran as part died and we had not made an effort of a plan to bolster moderates in Tehran rather than to secure the release of American hostages.

gan was preparing last night to add not debate the strategic import-dress the American people on tele-vision ending his public silence on an issue which has turned into a cise the apparently free-wheeling role of the National Security Coun cil which is not subject to congress sional oversight.

Democrats are also expected to investigate the legality of arms shipments to Iran. Mr Reagan is expected to stress in his address that the White House has not violated US laws, having received a legal opinion from Mr Edwin Meese, the US Attorney General.

Senator Patrick Leahy, a leading Democrat on the Senate intelligence committee, said of the affair: "It has cost us a lot of credibility, how do we tell our Nato allies, 'don't aegotiate with terrorists?"

Senator Patrick Moynihan, New York Democrat, attacked reports of a secret mission to Teberan by Mr Robert McFarlane, former sponsoring terrorism, has imposed national security adviser, and said its own arms embargo against Iran, it had handed the Iranians the bigand has maintained a public stance of neutrality in the Iran-Iraq war.

officials as witnesses, court records

North, a member of the staff of the Reports in the Washington Post National Security Council, be called

exchange in front of the President officials as witnesses to support its over the merits of making a public claim that the governments of Is-statement. rael and the US approved of the

port. He said that the President had ported by recent press reports that been forced to go public to prevent these men were involved in talks and arrangements for arms ship The White House has argued pri- ments by the US to Iran Mr Marks said Mr Eisenberg did

not intend to commit a crime because he was "informed that the highest levels of the Reagan Ad-

UK jobless figures fall for third month

long-dominant form lobby, and a on both international and EEC mar-

clear political signal from the particles, would require extra payment imment to the EEC's Council of Minfrom 10 of the 12 member-states, in

budget ministers at the end of this the parliament in the EEC budget mouth for their second reading and for 1987 would add some Ecu 530m

butions.

employment seen since 1979 is now point in the labour market.

isters, although it cannot actually

bind the member-states. The bud-

get will now be sent back to the budget ministers at the end of this

employment seen since 1979 is now beginning to go into reverse.

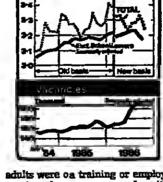
Mr Kenneth Clarke, the Paymaster General, said that the drop between Angust and October in the number of people eligible for unemployment benefit was the largest three-month fall for 13 years. The response to both a tightening of its figures, he said, provided more hard evidence that the job picture is herowing brighter. becoming brighter.

Mr John Prescott, Labour's employ- of economic growth. 3m before the next general election. For the Albance Mr Ian Wriggles- ment in labour market conditions. worth, its economic spokesman, said that Britain still had one of the 5,000 over the last six months is al-

any industrialised country.

THE BRITISH Government yester- said that its seasonally-adjusted today reported a sizable fall in its offi-cial unemployment total in October, 25,000 in October to 3.17m over the marking the third consecutive last three months the average monthly decline. It indicated that it believes that the rising trend in un-cials say probably marks a turning

schemes such as the Community Opposition parties, however, cri- Programme. The Government is al-cicised the Government's record, so forecasting a pick-up in the rate ment spokesman, said that ministers were using "a combination of the calculation of the official fig-fiddles, temporary schemes and intimidation" to take the total below assess to what extent the recent declines mark an underlying improve-

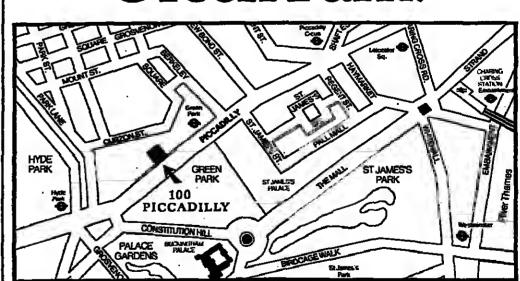


adults were on training or employ ment schemes compared with 314,000 a year earlier, a further 380,000 young people were not counted as unemployed in both years because they were on the Youth Training Scheme.

There are also signs, however, that a recovery in the pace of output growth in recent months may be creating a better employment out-look. Separate figures released yes-terday show a revival of manufac-turing output over the last three months, with a reduced rate of job

Higher manufacturing output has also been reflected in an accelera-An average monthly reduction of tion in the pace of productivity gains, with annual growth in output worst unemployment records of most exactly matched by the expansion of special jobs schemes. At the per head rising to around 1% per The Department of Employment end of September some 369,000

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Arab terrorism tests Turkey's links with Syria

BY DAVID BARCHARD IN ANKARA

THE TURKISH Government is elso said to have bad plans to considering what action it assassinate the Turkish Prime assassina

Relations with Syria have been gradually improving after several decades of unfriendly confrontation and Ankara is anxious to maintain this situanxious to maintain this situ-ation in order to discourage the Syrians from giving assistance to Armenian and Kurdish separatists operating from its

However, the arrest last month of six Arabs belonging to the Abu Nidal terrorist organisation for killing a diplobave not asked Turkey to take specific action against Syria, but merely drawn attention to the evidence linking the Syrian government to the ettempt to blow up an El Al airliner.

Earlier this year Turkey was severely embarrassed when evidence emerged linking the Library Deceler Bursals with a mat at the Jordanian embassy in Ankara last year bas produced confessions which, according to press reports, link the Syrians with terrorist

A former translator at the Jordanian embassy, Mr Adnan Suleiman Ameri is being held on charges of working for the Syrian intelligence services and being involved in an explosion Athens: The Syrian Governate e munitions plant outside ment has thanked Greece for refusing to take part in EEC sanctions against Damascus for its alleged role in terrorism.

US envoys fail in **Cyprus** mission

Nations envoys have tried, and apparently failed, to bring Greek and Turkish Cypriots closer to a summit meeting to negotiate a peace settlement on the divided island of Cyprus.

Islamic Jihad members are said to bave confessed to organ-ising bombings in Istanbul, Ankera, and Izmir in 1983 and encouraging Kurdish separatist However, Turkey is trying hard to prevent a rupture in its relations with Syria, despite representations made to it by the British Government in the wake of the Hindawi affair.

The Greek Cypriots are understood to have reserved their position while the Turkish Cypriots are said to have set as a condition for

The Greek side has firmly rejected the plan on the grounds that it does not

mental powers.

Turkish troops invaded
Cyprus in 1974 and occupied a third of its territory following a Greek military coup there. The island's two ethnic communities have been segregated ever since.

By Andriana Jerodia Athens SENIOR United

The officials, who spent five days in Nicosia and one in Ankarra and Athens, are believed to have carried with them a proposal by the UN Secretary General, Mr Javier Perez de Cuellar, for a meeting. rerez de Cuentar, for a meeting between President Spyros Ryprianou and Mr Rauf Denktash, leader of the Turkish Cypriot community, to discuss a shortlist ef priority issues.

Turkish Cypriots are said to have set as a condition for agreeing to it the acceptance without reservations by the Greek Cypriot side of a draft federal settlement plan for Cyprus tabled by Mr Perez de Cuellar last March.

grounds that it does not address in adequate detail key issues such as the withdrawal of Turkish occupation troops from Cyprus, and that it gives the Turkish Cypriets—about 18 per cent of the population of the island—what ere regarded as excessive governmental powers.

David Housego reports on redevelopment in the Massif Central

Economic revival in French valleys

cut neighbouring valleys of the French Massif Central, where the scars of the industrial revolution remain in the form of abandoned steelworks and textile mills, a new economy is stirring into life.

The old red brick dyeing works at St Chamond which rises ebove the river like an Indian fort, is being converted by the municipality into offices and workshops. Among the first 19 businesses to move in are a costume jewellery producer, a garment manufacturer and a small electronics and industrial design firm.

Further down the Gier Valley, an Italian manufacturer of plus-tic injection equipment has built his first assembly plant in France at Lorette, tempted both by the proximity to his bome base of Turin and the substantial subsidies on offer to settle in an officially designated depressed area.

Just outside the still Communist-controlled town of Rive de Gier, bulldozers have levelled part of the 19th century engineering works to build new homes and offices. But most evocative of all is the bead-quarters of Manufrance, the bankrupt small arms manufactured within the college of the c turer which collapsed a few years ago.

Its handsome, barrack-lika buildings are one of the major landmarks of the centre of the town. Sari, the Paris-based property group which bas pur-chesed them for redevelopment, is leunching an advertising campaign in the French press to change the town's image with the slogan: "Let those who shed crocodile tears for

accelerated Government aid under a programme established Minister Mr Pierre Mauroy in 1984 to belp the depressed steel, shipbuilding and beavy engineering regions.

About FFr 660m (£69m) has been committed to St Etienne and to a second "pole of conversion" in the same depart-ment of the Loire, and about 4000 jobs have been creeted on the basis of official figures.

The funds have belped to finance road-building, bousing and retraining, to subsidise industries setting up in the region, to rehabilitate and relandscape old sites and to provide St Etienne with a robotics and industrial automation centre intended to provide an impetus to technology edaptation in the region. tion in the region.

The "poles of conversion" are now being run down by a conservative government hostile to the ideology of state intervention and assistance and in particular to the project of a Socialist Prime Minister.

Local opinion on their suc-cess is mixed. The edditional Government funds bave provided new motorway links and bousing that otherwise would have taken years to negotiate. The Socialist municipality of St Chamond believes that the "pole of conversion" label has provided and provided and links. provided nationwide publicity that has attracted new companies to the region.

The programme has given a start to improving a decaying industrial landscape, but unions and industrialists ere uncertain how many new jobs have been creeted. In the case of San-dretto, the plastic injection St Etienne now eat their handkerchiefs."

St Etienne and its neighbouring valleys have benefited from investing in Spain after an



earlier unhappy experience further north in France.

The region wants, bowever, to retain the state's help. "We don't like the vocabulary of poles of conversion'," says Mr Lucien Neuwirth, the conservative president of the departmental council, "but we want the funds." Cheerfully admit-ting to hypocrisy, be said:
"For many years we bore the
brunt of industrialisation of the country. Now we have the right to help to enable us to invest and begin again."

As in Lorraine and the indus rial north of France, the coal resources of the region drew beavy industry into the valleys. The department of the Loire was the third largest industrial zone in France for much of this century — a centre for steel, armaments, shipbuilding and heavy engineering industries, and for firms like Creusot Loire. The larger groups have shed some 36,000 jobs in recent

With their virtual disappearance, what remains is a network of small subcontractors and tool-

ing companies which have always been e feature of the region and which are now both a source of strength and weakness. On the positive side they provide e bedrock of experienca in engineering and machine tools which can provide the base for new departures in robotics, automated equipment and the handling of new composite materials.

On the negative side, the valleys are inward-looking, with a slender record of experience in management and marketing. "They know how to manufac-ture, but they do not always know bow to communicate what they make," says Mr Pierre Jecquier, the head of the Asso-rickler for the Legistria Association for the Industrial Deveopment of the Loire (ADIL). It has been trying to help the Loire area learn from the more prosperous Lyon region next

What St Etienne also lacks, according to Mr Patrick Decobecq, head of Decobecq, the French engineering design and automation consultants, is the type of spin-off that comes from having a major high tech-nology group within its orbit— as Toulouse has with Aero-spatiale and Montpelier with

Nonetheless Mr Jacquier believes that e corner has been turned at St Etienne and that there are signs of a new dynamism in local industry. He has a list of more than 100 companies from the food sector, to machine tools, plastics, inform-etion technology and mech-anical bandling, that he believes provide a springboard for future expansion and innovation. What is also important, he adds, is the widespread recognition in the area "that what we

Tory may be next leader of Strasbourg

By Quentin Peel in Strasboure SIR HENRY PLUMB, the British Conservative leader in the Bird pean Parliament, and Mr Enrique Crespo, former Spanish Minister for Transport, a Socialist, yesterday emerged as the leading contender to become next President of the As-

The two were nominated by their respective groups for the contest scheduled for January when the current President, Mr Pierre Pfilinlin, ends his 2½ year term of office Sir Henry, the former president of the British National Farmers Union before he became a Membe

of the Parliament, was promised the support of the 119-strong Christian Democrats in addition to his own 63-strong European Democratic Group and hopes to be the sole candidate of the centre right parior.

ity.

However, there is still resistan from some MEPs to appointing any British Conservative because they are associated with the ideas of Mrs. Margaret Thatcher, the Prime Minister, and her battle to cat Britain's EEC contributions.

Mr Baron Crespo has the backing of the largest group, the 172 Social-ists, but he also has the disadvantage that he is still a nonthined rather than elected member, direct elections in Spain are expected to be held next year.

Both candidates would be the

first representative of their country to be elected to the position of Pre-ident, which combines the roles of figurehead for the parliament with a much more political function in negotiations with other EEC institu-tions the Council of Ministers and did before we cannot go on tions, the Council of Ministers and doing."

Oder contaminated by oil spill in Czechoslovakia

bave been tackling a serious oil spill which contaminated the Oder river near the Polish Oder river near the border killing fish and birds.

Large quantities of heating from the sewerage system into the Lucine end Ostravice rivers the Oder which

oil were discharged into the sewerage system of the indus-trial city of Ostrava in northern Moravia. The main Communist newspaper, Rude Pravo, said yesterday that the oil spill took place last Sunday but that up to Wednesday evening the source had still not been found. Local factories in the high industrialised area were inspected for possible oil leaks but

Drinking water was not Tuesday seriously injured four affected, according to the workers and caused consider-czechoslovak news agency able damage, the East German CTK, but there were "losses news agency reported.

THE Czechoslovak authorities of flora and fauna." Workers were removing the oil slick with buckets to limit ecological damage, Rude Pravo reported and then into the Oder which flows northward into Poland, Eest Germany's Environment Ministry said that its latest information indicated there was no danger to the upper reaches of the Oder which forms the border between East Germany

It is understood that the British bave not asked Turkey to take

Libyan Peoples' Bureau with an ettempt to bomh the US Officers

Club in Ankara.

By Andriana Ierodisconou in

A condensation vessel which burst in East Germany's sprawl

with a construction of particle of the first

Chad high on agenda as Franco-African leaders meet in Lome

the right growing common transfer many growing

here today with the conflict in are tested. At the beart of these Chad once again high on the ties are defence and security already based at Nidamenda, the Chad capital, President to sustain its military role, and Prime Minister Jacques and President to sustain its military role, and Prime Minister Jacques Chirac, for two days of talks. The annual summit serves as a thermometer against which to efforts to retake tha north of the warmth of France's political in the country, held by Libyan-

THE THIRTEENTH FrancoAfrican summit is due to open french-speaking African states here today with the conflict in Chad once again high on the ties are defence and security already based at Nidamenda, agenda for representatives of agreements, and the African nearly 40 African states leaders see Chad as an important process of the conflict in the c former President Gonkount Oueddei appears to have disintegrated, and a substantial faction of the rebels led by Acheikh Iba Oumar have

Tension leader was wounded in a shootout in Tripoli and Mr Oueddel's
group appears to have been
aeeking a rapprochment with
the Ndjamena government.

the International moneiary
fund, the World Bank and
other lenders.
In addition to the Francophone group of companies the
summit will be attended by

Oueddei and Libya came to a cates for more generous loans head in October when the rebel and more flexible terms from the International Monetary

In addition to security, leaders from other African Africa's debt crisis is also likey countries. A total of 39 countries to feature prominently in dis-cussions. African leaders see lng, which ends tomorrow.

The second of the second of the second

Brown Boveri open up bright prospects for energy supplies

in the nineties with the BBC/HRB line of high-temperature reactors, to the benefit of many.

A sound development

In the power range from 100 to 600 MW, the high-temperature reactor HTR is a multi-purpose energy source for supplying both electricity and heat. It provides process steam up to about 550 °C and heat up to 950 °C, and so is able to serve the entire heat market.

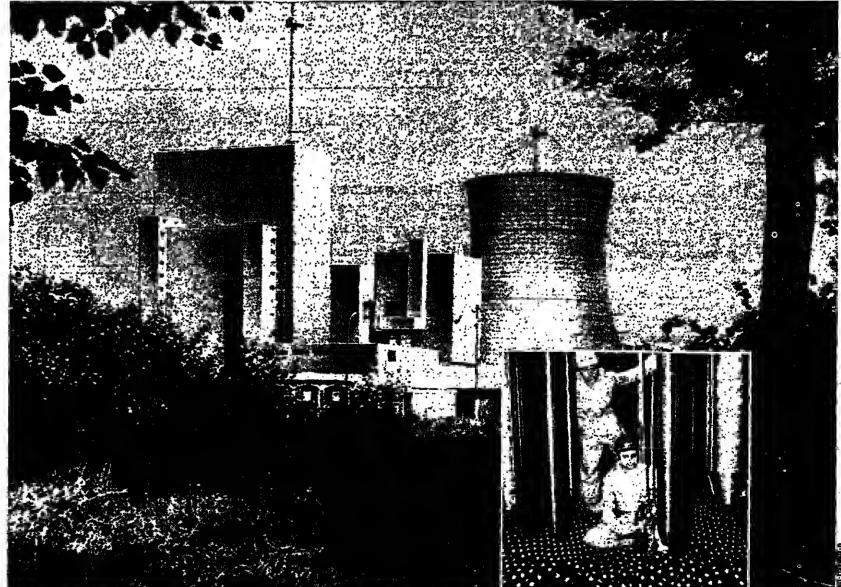
The HTR line stands on solid foundations: the 15 MW AVR pebble-bed reactor at Jülich in Germany, supplied by Brown Boveri-Hochtemperatur-Reaktorbau (HRB), has been successfully demonstrating its capabilities since 1967. And since November 1985 the THTR-300 demonstration and reference plant at Hamm-Uentrop, also in Germany, has been supplying energy to the public network. With this plant BBC/HRB has established an able team of suppliers, manufacturers and operators.

Simple control, high efficiency and hence the possibility of dry cooling, its high inherent safety and the secure containment of fissile material make the BBC/ HRB concept ideal for sites close to industry and in dry regions. Therefore the HTR is also an attractive prospect for countries turning to nuclear energy for the first time.

The BBC/HRB high-temperature reactor requires no downtimes for refuelling. Due to the high utilization of the fuel reprocessing facilities are not

Main picture: THTR 300 MW nuclear power plant in Hamm-Uentrop, FRG.

Small picture: The reactor core with control rods inserted, during initial loading of the spherical fuel ele-



Competent · Dependable · Worldwide

SOVER-WEIGHT OC. POSITION 169. - THAT YIETTING BETWEEN SEA BY 317. F-69212 Lyon CEDEX 03; Hally ins Que. 1981 182: France: SBC Srown Bovert France S.A., BP 317. F-69212 Lyon CEDEX 03; Hally in Elektrisk & Brown Boveri, Postboks 263-Skøyen, N-0212 060 2; Spette: BBC Brown Boveri S.A.,

EUROPEAN NEWS

leader of Strasbourg Andreotti at centre of storm over his Mafia trial evidence

BY ALAN FRIEDMAN IN MILAN

The second of the

Loth Wah

be next.

MR GIULIO ANDREOTII, it is have been making significant veteran politician. Was yesterdey at the centre of a storm over testimony he gave this week before the judge and jury of the long running "maxi triat" in Palermo of 468 alleged Mafia bosses and killers.

The \$77,000,015 Minister and a progress in unravelling links between the Mafia and senior Italian politicians was increasingly isolated in the last days of his life by the ruling Christian Democrat establishment in Sicily.

The \$77,000,015 Minister and a progress in unravelling links between the Mafia and senior Italian politicians was increasingly isolated in the last days of his life by the ruling Christian Democrat establishment in Sicily.

The \$77,000,015 Minister and a progress in unravelling links between the Mafia and senior Italian politicians was increasingly isolated in the last days of his life by the ruling Christian Palermo of 468 alleged Mafia bosses and killers.

GIULIO ANDREOTTI, to have been making significant

trial" in Palermo of 468
alleged Mafia bosses and killers.

The 67-year-old Mr Andreotti was being questioned about a conversation he had in April 1982 with General Carlo Alberto Dalia Chiesa, the special anti-Mafia high commissioner who was murdered in Palermo in September 1982 along with his wite.

The assassination of Gen Dalia Chiesa who was widely seen as the most honest and effective prefect to challenge the power of the Mafia, traumatised Italy, caused e political crisis in Sicily and, according to the indictment, in the current trial, was ordered by Mr Michele Greco, one of the principal defendants.

Lawyers for the general's family have accused Mr Andreotti of lying under oath about his 1982 conversations and are demanding that he be indicated for perjury.

Gen Dalla Chiesa who is said than Democrat establishment in Sicily.

The family of Gen Dalla Chiesa which is participating in the Palermo trial as a friend of the court or "civil party" demanded last July that Mr Andreotti be called to testify. It also alleged in court that the general's murder "was the result of sinister co-operation between certain corrupt politicians and the Mafia."

General Dalla Chiesa wrote in his diary that during the meeting he had with Mr Andreotti in April, 1982, the latter discussed links between the very demanded last July that Mr aldreotti be called to testify. It also alleged in court that the general's murder "was the result of sinister co-operation between certain corrupt politicians and the Mafia."

General Dalla Chiesa wrote in his diary that during the meeting he had with Mr Andreotti in April, 1982, the latter discussed links between the world of politics and the world of politics

testified for two hours on Wednesday morning (the conrt having moved to Rome for the occasion) denied ever having for perjury.

Gen Dalla Chiesa who is said discussed these matters.

Film faces Germans with industry's aid to Nazis

BY DAVID MARSH IN BONN

AN EPIC film on West German
television tracing the history of
IG Ferben, the pre-war
chemicals giant, is exposing
for the first time for a mass
audience the story of how the
German chemicals industry
collsborated with Hitler.

The German-produced saga,
combining both fictional and
documentary form, is the most
serious and ambitious attempt
to date to bring the Germans
to terms with involvement of
industry in the Nazi war effort.

The SI hour film, being
Shown at peak viewing time on
the west German attention
The first episode, which
The first executives, to read the torthous First World
War involvement of German, 16 Germany is viesistinged this, in a sense, survived all
the war introvement of Germany is viesistinged this, in a sense, survived all
the torthous First World
War involvement of Germany is communited Germany is viesistinged this, in a sense, survived all
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themelals groups in manufacturing for the survivement of Germany viesisti

e tale of military and industrial extermination camp.

The film—Vacter und Soehne notorious rola was in setting (Fathers and Sons)—uses a up a firel plant using forced fair amount of dramatic licence labour under appalling conto add entertainment value to ditions from the Auschwitz

extermination camp.

A theme running through the film is that chemical factories, like other forms of technology, can be used for both good and evil purposes. One of the film's main characters, a fictional step—unique for such German film productions — of portray
first Hitler on the correct that the largest that the protection of the film's main characters, a fictional amalgam of two famous German film productions — of portray
first Hitler on the correct that the largest that his break. Haber, laments that his break-IG Farben although originally on strained terms with Ritler, proved crucial to the Flazi war effort by manufacturing synthetic oil and rubber. Its most

Pay demands likely as Swedish prices rise

BY KEVIN DONE, NORDIC CORRESPONDENT IN STOCKHOLM

The threshold in the national pay deals has been set at a year-on-year inflation rate of 3.2 per cent in December.

According to The threshold in the national creases from November to next July with a SKr 1bn (£100m) support package to the agriculture sector.

According to new figures
released by the Central Office
of Statistics (SCB) yesterday, already been reached et levels
consumer prices were still substantially higher than in SCB yesterday show

There is clear concern in the

Government that a new round of pay talks triggered by the inflation clause would only lead to a further erosion of Sweden's international competitiveness. Other figures released by the CB yesterday show that

CONSUMER PRICES in Sweden have risen by 3 per cent in the first 10 months of the year and are now perilously close to triggering the inflation clause in this year's national wage agreements. This will allow the trade unions in the private and public sectors to demand a renegotiation of the 1986 pay settlements.

The Government began to take administrative action this year's national wage agreements. The government estimates at a level only after several weeks of industrial production that the recent public sectors public sectors to demand a renegotiation of the 1986 pay settlements.

The Hyperhold in the national content of the private and public sectors to demand a renegotiation of the 1986 pay settlements.

The threshold in the national content in the per cent in October compared with a low point of 3.3 per cent inflation trading partners.

The government estimates that the recent public sector public sector fourth quarter of 1984.

The Government began to take administrative action this week to try to hold price rises under the trigger level, by post-point of the past two years, and is currently at a level only marginally higher than in the previous record fourth quarter of 1984.

Industrial production has trading partners.

The government estimates of the recent public sector findustrial at the recent public sector fourth quarter of 1984.

Industrial production has trading partners.

The government estimates of the recent public sector findustrial production in the past two years, and is currently at a level only marginally higher than in the previous recent fourth quarter of 1984.

Industrial production has a level only marginally higher than in the previous recent fourth quarter of 1986 was 1.4

The government estimates.

The government estimates of industrial at the recent public sector fourth quarter of 1984.

Industrial production in trading partners.

The government estimates.

The government estimates of industrial production in the past two years, and is currently was a level only marginally higher Industrial production in the third quarter of 1986 was 1.4 per cent higher than in the second quarter, and 1.7 per cent higher than in the corresponding quarter of 1985.

The Central Statistical Office said that industrial production for the first nine months had risen by only 1 per cent, a much slower rate of increase than that previously forecast by most institutions in Sweden.

Danish current account deficit tops DKr 26bn

DENMARK'S third quarter cur- 135.1bn. DENMARK'S third quarter current account deficit increased to DKr 7.3bn (£663m) from DKr 4.8bn in the same quarter last year, according to official figures. This took the deficit for the first nine months to DKr 28.2hn, compared with DKr 28.2hn in the whole of 1985.

Mr Anders Andersen, the Economy Minister, said the third quarter figures came as no surprise.

no surprise.

Exports in the first nine months fell from DKr 132.8bn to DKr 127.4bn and imports

The Government has forecast a current account deficit for the year of about DKr 33hn but expects a reduction next year as domestic demand slows

October new car registration October new car registration figures provided the first statistical evidence that a slowdown is on the way following Government measures last month to penalise borrowing for private Exports in the first nine consumption and to encourage months fell from DKr 132.86n savings. Registrations were 10 to DKr 137.45n and imports per cent down on last year's from DKr 136.86n to DKr October figure at 12,398.



Coal-blackened Chancellor Helmut Kehl removes his helmet after emerging from a visit down a mine in Haltern, West Germany, yesterday.

Italian fear over pay demands

By John Wyles in Rome

MR GIOVANNI GORIA, Italy's Treasury Minister, yesterday expressed alarm at the threat to the Government's economic strategy being posed by both trade unions and members of Parliament.

In an article in the news-paper La Repubblica, Mr Goria warned that union strikes for pay rises above the rate of inflation and parliamentary amendments to the Government's budget proposals would lead to a dangerous boost to internal demand. The result would be deteriorating balance of payments, higher inflation,

and a threat to the Govern-ment's joh creation efforts.

Hise appeal is an attempt to prevent the Government's economic strategy being economic strategy being unravelled by pre-election politicking across o wide spectrum. No elections are ducuntil 1988, but all the parties are hedging their hets against account election pert summer an early election next summer

The disease could be taking a firm hold in the lower house of the Parliament where defectors from the Government's five-party majority are exploiting the secret ballot to nail new spending programmes on to the spending programmes on to the 1967 budget proposals.

1987 budget proposals.

Their tally so far this week is L500bn (£246m) and rising. Though this remains only a small additional percentage to the Government's public sector deficit target of L100,000bn, Mr Goria is anxious to stop the rot. On the pay front, negotiations are under way on new three-year contracts for some 13m public and private sector workers. No pace setting group has yet settled and a strike rash is now appearing across rash is now appearing across the public sector which could be both politically damaging and economically dangerous if the Government cannot impose moderate settlements.

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Lappas quits over Neue Heimat

By Andrew Fisher in Frankfurt

MR ALFONS LAPPAS yesterday resigned as chairman of the West German trade union holding company, BGAG, after the débacle over the sale of the debt-ridden Neue Heimat housing company, which creditor banks have just forced it to buy

The resignation was expected in the wake of the surprise turn of events on Monday, when BGAG finally succumbed to the banks' wishes and agreed to take back Neue Heimat from Mr Horst Schlesser, the Berlin had sold it for a nominal

The secret and controverthe secret and controver-sial sale of Neue Heimat, which has total debts of DM 17bn (£6m), to Mr Schiesser severely damaged the standing of the union movement and has harmed next January's general elec-tion prospects of the opposi-tion Social Democratic Party

The union movement has also been forced to sell its bank, the Bank fuer Gemeinwirtschaft, to the Aachener and Mnenchener insurance company, because of the cost of running Neue Heimat. Tais sale of a majority 51 per cent stake for just under DM 2bn was confirmed

yesterday. centre of one of the most dramatic episodes in the Neue dramatic episodes in the tweethermat affair, when he was briefly imprisoned last month for refusing to testify to a parliamentary commission about the housing concern, whose heavy losses have been wave of

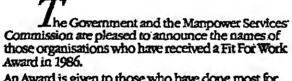
accompanied by a wave of scandals in recent years.

The BGAG's supervisory board, headed by Mr Ernst Breit, leader of the German Trade Union Federation (DGB), was last night con-sidering Mr Lappas's resigna-tion, and was expected to accept it.

His decision to step down follows strong criticism among the country's 17 unions of the way in which the deal was handled, leading to the humiliation of having to repurchase it after leading hanks refused to work with the unknown Mr Schiesser. A new company is now

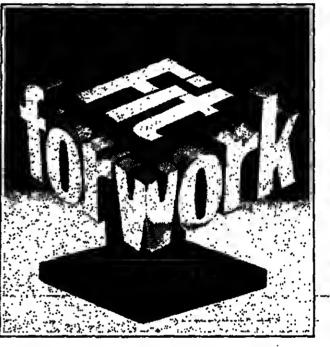
being set up to ran Neue Heimat, which has 199,000 homes, and gradually to sell off its assets.

Mr Schlesser himself was mr semesser numsen was granted a DM 25m line of credit by the unions after selling it back, having claimed that the controversy over the deal had not belped his other



An Award is given to those who have done most for disabled workers in the relevant twelve months by implementing constructive employment policies.

Assessment is on an evaluation of the organisation's record and performance in accordance with the seven guidelines listed opposite. Employers with constructive employment policies and practices for disabled people are invited to enter next year's Fit For Work Scheme. Details can be obtained from the Manager, Central-Awards Unit, Manpower Services Commission, Room W1030, Moorfoot, Sheffield, S1 4PQ. (Tel: Sheffield (0742) 704511) or from your local Jobcentre.



Guidelines * A sound and effective policy on the employment of disabled people. * Retention in suitable employment of employees who become disabled. * Full and fair consideration for all disabled people, who apply for employment. * Smooth integration into work of disabled people, including provision of special aids or adaptation to the work environment. * Full development of the skills and potential of disabled employees, and training and promotion opportunities. * Involvement of trade union, employees' representative and/or employees in developing policies towards disabled workers. * Close co-operation with local jobcentre services and Disablement Advisory Service.

In addition, account will be taken of: provision of et ployment opportunities to disabled young people; use of provision of sheltered employment or employment rehabilitation facilities; other activities to promote the employment of disabled people.

Fit For Work Awards 1986

Chemicals Allied Insulators Ltd. Applied Security Design Limited APT Electronics Ltd ARA Services Ltd. Industrial Site Services Baxi Partnership Ltd. Domestic Heating Appliances Beaufort Engineering Co Ltd. B.E.W. (Auto-Products) Limited **Bowden Controls Limited** Car Cable Manufacture **Bowling Mills Combing Co Ltd** Wookombers and Dyers BP Petroleum Development Limited, Aberdeen British Gas, Eastern British Gas, North Thames Cables and Plastics Limited

Albright and Wilson Ltd,

Whitehaven Works

Channel Foods Limited Fish Processing Chilton Brothers Ltd. Copeland Borough Council Corgi Hosiery Limited Coventry Optical Co Ltd. Crompton Machine Co Ltd Amusement Machines Crown Eyeglass Limited

Cumbria Constabulary **Conninghame District Council** Daiwa Sports Ltd Delta Accessories and Domestic Switchgear Ltd **Dumbarton District Council** City of Dundee District Council **Essington District Council**

East Staffordsbire District Council Edgar's Dairies Limited Ess-Team Engineering-Mynda

Esso Research Centre, Abingdon **Famous Names Limited**

G Farwell Ltd Plant Hire Ferodo Ltd Friction Plates Firsteel Metal Products L.Fischer Ltd.

Bedroom Furniture Fluorocarbon Company Limited Plastic Surface Coating B Forster and Co Ltd. Ladies' Clothing Fox's Biscuits Limited Francis Packaging Limited JR Freeman and Son Ltd.

Port Talbot Cigacs Furness Brick and Tile Co Ltd. **Forness Footwear Limited** Gateshead Metropolitan Borough

Conneil GEC Avionics Ltd. Rochester GEC Telecommunications Ltd.

Kirkcaldy Gemini Farniture Ltd. The George-THF Hotels, Crawley City of Glasgow District Council

William Grant and Sons Ltd.

Distillers CE Heinke and Co Ltd Rubber Products Highland Regional Council-Social Work Committee

The Holt-Jackson Book Co Ltd Library Booksellers Ilford Laundry Limited International Twist Drill **Engineering Cutting Tools** Jaguar Cars Limited

Kavli Ltd Cheese Manufacture Robert Kellie & Son Limited Artificial Limbs **Laboratory Thermal Equipment**

Lambert Howarth Group pic Footwear Leeds City Conncil Littlewoods Pools The London Borough of Brent The London Borough of Hackney

The London Fancy Box Company Ltd, Locas NSF Limited. Keighley Electronic Switches **Luneside Engineering Co**

(Halton) Ltd Aero Engine Parts SH MacKinnon & Co Ltd Knitwear J & D McGeorge Ltd Hosiery

Manchester City Council-Cleansing Department James N Miller & Sons Limited Boxt Builders **Motherwell District Council**

NEI Mining Equipment Ltd DAC The Nodor Company Ltd Dan Board Manufacture



Onlyway Products Ltd. T I Parkray Ltd Solid Fuel Heating Appliances Pendelfin Studios Ltd Ponery Pepperl & Fuchs GB Ltd. Electronic Controls Piessey Naval Systems Ltd., Weybridge Post Office, Bolton. Roxburgh District Council Rust Craft Greeting Cards (UK) Ltd. Schofield Bros (L'pool) Ltd Mineral Water Siebe Services Ltd Printing **Sileby Engineering** Tom Smith & Clarke Ltd. Lifting Equipment Squirrel Horn plc Confectionery Station Hotel, Steirad Group Ltd Engineering Swizzels Marlow Ltd. Confectionery TBS (South Wales) Ltd. Metal Furniture EW Thomson & Sons Ltd. Hosiery Tudor Systems Ltd.

Automotive Accessories **Turnberry Hotel and Golf Courses** Vale Royal District Council Robert Victor Ltd **Furniture**

Wardown Engineering Limited Weich Margetson Shirt and Tie Manufacturer Woods of Colchester Limited Air Moving Equipment

Manpower Services Commission

Manila murder mars Aquino's Tokyo success

PRESIDENT Corazon Aquino of the Philippines yesterday flew home with Japanese pledges of strong support for her Govern-ment, including the promise of about Y100bn (£430m) in aid, only to contend with the murder

of a key political supporter.

The body of Mr Rolando
Olalia, chairman of the militant
labour union KMU, was discovered yesterday at an under-takets' in a Manila suburb a day after he threatend to call a general strike if any attempt was made to destabilise Mrs Aquino's Government.

Aquino's Government.
Rumours of s plot to seize
power by disgruntled soldlers
identified with Defence Minister Juan Ponce Enrile swept
Manila during Mrs Aquino's
four-day visit to Japan. Both
Mr Enrils and Gen Fidel
Ramos, armed forces Chief of
Staff, denied the existence of
spech a plot, although Gen Ramos such a plot, although Gen Ramos warned his men publicly against "military adventur-

ism."
Mr Olalia and his driver disappeared on Wednesday night after a meeting with leaders of his union, whose 500,000 membership make it the nation's

aid pledged was considerably less than the Y260bn her Government had been seeking to be a pleasure of the pointing out any irregularities."

Japan has pleasured to be a pleasure of the pointing out any irregularities. ernment had been seeking, and Mrs Aquino said in her arrival statement that she would dismiss a senior member of the country's special commission attempting to track down the weslth of Mr Ferdinand Marcos, the desposed President she



Mrs Aquino: supporters' death that leading Japanese companies paid bribes to Mr Marcos to obtain contracts in Manila This caused Mrs Aquino some emharrassment in Tokyo as she emharrasment in Tokyo as she appealed for more investment from Japanese companies, in-cluding several which had been linked to the investigation.

There have also been persis-tent allegations in Japan and elsewhere that aid under the Marcos regime failed to reach

bership make it is intended useful in Mrs Aquino was at pains in Mrs Aquino said on her arrival in Manila, "will be our dependable allies in our efforts to rebuild our economy efforts to rebuild our economy in Metro Manila alone will he are quick in pointing out any

about Y100bn in low-interest grants and loans in the current fiscal year, including up to Y40.4bn for construction of s coal-fired thermal power plant and a Y33bn commodity loan. Mrs Aquino, noting that this was more than granted during the Marcos Government in 1985-The commission had revived 86, said Japan was sending "a an investigation into allegations very clear message" of support.

Australia experiences worst-ever trade deficit

By Chris Sherwell In Sydney AUSTRALIA YESTERDAY reported its worst-ever monthly current account deficit, leading to renewed opposition accusations of Government economic mis

management.
But the financial markets took the bad news in their stride, as they did last month, and the Labor Party Government easily defeated a censure motion from the Liberal opposition in the Camberra Parliament.

Yesterday's preliminary estimate of A\$1.735hn (£789m) for the October current account deficit exceeded the previous record of A\$1.65bn reported exactly of A\$1.65bn reported exactly one year earlier. The revised September figure was A\$1.467bn.

A\$1.467ho.

There was little significant reaction on the foreign exchange markets, where the Australian dallar has been holding well above 64 US cents for the past month.

Mr Bob Hawke, the Prime Minister, acknowledged that the monthly deficit figure the monthly deficit figure
"could remain high for a
while yet," and again forecast a significant improvement in the first half of next

year.
Mr John Howard, the opposition leader, accused Mr Hawke and his Government of mismanagement.

Yesterday's figures showed seasonally adjusted exports down 8 per cent to A\$2.9hn and imports 12 per cent lower at A\$3.15hn.

 An influential advisory group said Australia's unemplayment rate may be as high as 15 per cent, almost double official estimates, Reuter writes from Sydney. The Committee for Economic De-velopment of the Strategic Issues Forum said its study shows that rapid technologi-cal development raises skill levels, leaving many Australians unemployable.

Andrew Whitley looks at the Likud backroom boys who have taken over power

'Shamir gang' inherits key to political door

upset. It had just learnt that Mr Shimon Peres, its new boss, was planning to bring s team of 17 personal aides with him to the Ministry.

The "Peres boys" a smart, articulate set of mainly US-educated men who created a sensation when they moved into the Prime Minister's office two years earlier with their well-groomed sppearance and keen nose for public relations, were on the move.

Moving their belongings into the vacated offices are a very different hunch. Taking their cue from their hoss, Mr Yitzhak Shamir—the new Likud head of government—they scorn ties and fackets. Nor are they likely to be seen at the health clubs springing up all over

town.
The "Shamir gang" mixes members of the young guard from Herut, the right-wing Likud bloc's largest component, and its driving force, with a sprinking of career civil servants holding the right political sympathies. Several key aides are still in their 20s or early 30s, fresh from the turnliss of student politics.

They are the new generation of Likudniks, coming of age politically in Mr Shamir's econd saministration. Many, like Benny Begin, are the children of famous parents, notably former Jewish underground fighters against the British during the Palestine

mandste. Typical of the breed is Mr Tzachi Haneghl, head of the Prime Minister's private office. The son of Mrs Geula Cohen, a prominent member of the extreme right Tehiya Party, be was once described by former Prime Minister Menachem Begin as being "like my son." With the shadow of the reclusive Mr Begin still hanging over Likud, there could be no greater commendation.

As keeper of the door leading

THE FORFIGN Ministry works behind the scenes role over the committee, the Israeli diplocoming years. Much the same mats' trades union, was most function was performed until coming years. Much the same function was performed until this week's handover by Mr Uri Savir, nominally the media adviser to Mr Peres.

> A triumvirate of experienced officials will head the Prime Minister's office. The most senior politically is Mr Moshe Arens, the former Defence Minister, who is taking on a roving tob as Minister without Portfolio, and will handle sensitive issues such as Soviet Jewry and Arab affairs,

Called back from Israel's Washington embassy. Mr Elia-kim Rubinstein, a well-regarded career diplomat, becomes Cabinet Secretary in the Shamir Administration, Alongside him. in the key post of Director-General, Mr Shamir has placed his closest political adviser for the past six years, Mr Yossi

By their own admission.
neither Mr Shamir nor Mr
Moshe Nissim, the Finance
Minister, know anything about
economics, so a special hurden will fall on Mr Amos Rubin, who has asked to become the Prime Minister's economic

A professional economist from the Bank of Israel, Mr Rubin is best known for his startling assertion that the best way in which Israel could cut its beavy defence expenditure — st the heart of all the country's economic woes—is to slash the size of its armed forces and go public on its reputed nuclear

capability. Then there is the handpicked cluster of bright, young sides Mr Shamir is bringing with him from the ranks of Herut. Not all the jobs have been settled yet but it is generally expected that among those in the offices physically closest to that of the Prime Minister will be a former journalist, Mr Arye Mekel and another close aide, Mr Yossi

The young image that Likud is giving itself with the new to Mr Shamir, the young team is no socident, as Mr Hanegbi will play an important Ehud Olmert, at 41, a highly



Prime Minister Vitshek Shamir (right) with Mr Moshe Arens who takes on a roving job as Minister without Perifelio.

may have just turned 71, but in contrast to the ageing, familiar faces on the Labour

benches in the Knesset. a Arabs that we will be in the much greater proportion of West Bank and Gaza forever, Likud parliamentarians are that we are there to stay." the Likud parliamentarians are still under 45.

Behind the scenes this informal group of mainly young policy makers in and out of the Knesset is likely to have s decisive influence on the Shamir-led coalition's approach to the two interlinked, funda-mental questions of the region: the future of the occupied territories and the next staps in the stalled peace process.

Mr Ben-Aharon, the Prime Minister's eminence gris, makes one point absolutely clear: there can be no ques-

influential Knesset parliament tion whatsoever of Israel withmember, pointed ont. Mr Shamir drawing from the Araboccupied on the Araboccupied of th David agreements Israel signed with Egypt in 1978 may imply.

> Palestine-born official said in a recent interview. "This recognition by the Arabs that we will not be rolled back to the

Nor is the Likud unhappy at the prospect of stagnation in the peace process, in contrast to the often expressed concern of Western powers that this would lead inexorably to a fresh Middle East war. Mr Olmert, for one, talks of a de show to facto condominium administra-raters.

as a result of tacit understandings between Mr Shamir and King Husselp.

Surprisingly, considering the large numbers of apparatchils to be found on both parties parliamentary lists, it is in the Knesset that the party's chief political strategists can be found Prominent among the under 45 group on the edge of the Cabiner are Mr Olmert himself Mr Romi Milo, 36, a Deputy the Cabinet are in order and self, Mr Roni Milo, 36, a Deputy Minister, and Mr Dan Meridor, 39 Another trusted associate is Mr Uzi Landau, 43.

In a move to restore stability to the badly riven Herut Party. Mr Shamir last week offered the second position in the party to his principal rival for the leadership, Mr David Levy.

Recognition as the undis-puted deputy is likely to be enough for now for the former poor Moroccan immigrant, whose main power base remains outside the Knesset, within the party's rank and file member-ship. In Parliament his closest-ally among the Likud's "young princes" is the sharp Mr

Meridor. In a party riven by fac-tionalism, this informal clique of intelligent right-vingers— pragmatic on domestic issues, while ramaining unswerving on foreign affairs—have tied their colours firmly to the mast of the Shamir-Arens camp, against that of Mr Levy and Mr Ariel Sharon.

Israelis are much given to

complaining shout the paucity of good leaders. Mr Feres and Mr Shamir may be decent, hardworking men, their followers say, but they are not a patch on their respective mentors, Mr David Ben-Gurion—Israel's first Prime Minister—and Mr Begin.

What is perhaps overlooked is the increasing influence the new generation is bringing to bear on their masters. The 'Peres Boys,' Israel's puppies have now moved out of the limelight. But their Likud counterparts, just as ambitious and motivated, are aiming to about that they are no second. show that they are no secon

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S Africa economic outlook has improved considerably

BY ANTHONY ROBINSON IN JOHANNESBURG

PROSPECTS for the South African economy have "im-proved considerably" in recent months despits heavy capital repayments and trade and financial sanctions, Dr Gerhard de Kock, governor of the South-African Reserve Bank told businessmen yesterday.

Giving the keynote speech at the opening of the annual Financial Mail Investment conference Dr de Kock said that rising at an annual rate of about 3.5 per cent in the third ventory building, a 4.5 per cent rise in private consumption and a marginal increase in fixed

Mr Pik Botha, South Africa's Foreign Minister, yesterday denied Soviet claims that a powerful radio signal from South Africa has caused the: air crash which killed Mozam-bique's President Samora Machel last mouth, Agencies report. Speaking on Madeira during a visit dubbed private, Mr Botha charged Moscow with levelling the charge to cover inadequacies of the Soviet-built aireraft.

quarter which also showed a a disappointing first half. But "dramatic" 26 per cent rise growth will rise to 3 per cent in gross domestic expenditure. in 1987, provided that the gold This was due to a surge in in-price remains above \$400 an price remains shove \$400 an ounce. This should be compatible with another current account surplus of around investment. R5bn (£1.5bn) against this Despite the economy's in- year's expected R5bn to R6bn. creasing momentum over the second half however overall south Africa has repaid over growth for 1986 will be limited \$50n in foreign debt in the last to only 1 per cent, because of 22 months.

Malaysia lifts newspaper ban

By Wong Sulong in Kuala Lumpur

THE Malaysian Government yesterday lifted its three months ban on the Asian Wall Street Journal, and agreed to allow its two Knala Lumpur-based correspondents to return.

The decision was conveyed by the Home Ministry to the Kusla Lumpur high court just before the court was due to bear an application by the Journal to revoke the ban, imposed on Sep tember 27.

In expelling the psper's two correspondents thelsen and Mr Raphael Pura the Home Ministry said their presence was prejudicial to naional security. The two had written investigative reports about the declining Malaysian economy, as well as ebout con-troversial business deals by

some ministers. Lest week, Mr Berthelsen succeeded in getting a supreme court order overturning the expulsion order on grounds he was not given a chance to he heard.

SOUTH ASIAN SUMMIT OPENS THIS WEEKEND India gets tough before summit

lore this weekend. The Indian Government bas this month sent as many as 250,000 troops on unusually large and highly publicised manoeuvres in its north and western areas not far from the Pakistan border in an apparent sttempt to stop Pakistan giving alleged belp to Sikh extremists in the northern Indian stata of Punjab.

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location.

TENSION has increased sharply between India and Pakistan in the past few days in advance of the second annual summit of determination to be the beads of seven South Aslan and has significantly been leaders who meet in the southern Indian city of Banga-love this weekend.

The South Asian summit is important because it provides an opportunity for talks between the seven countries' between the seven countries' leaders who bad never met countries who meet in the southern Indian initiatives calculated to Association of Regional Coplease three other neighbour-ing countries which will be at last December. the summit—Sri Lanka, Bangla-But South

desh and Nepal. nadu. Tais will, it is hoped, increase the chances of moves on a possible solution for Sri Lanka's Tamil ethnic crisis at talks tomorrow hetween Mr Rajiv Gandhi, Indian Prime Minister, and Mr Junius Jayawardsne, Sri Lankan President. 160aolete

The troop movements in the border states of Punjah, Kash-mir and Rajasthan, accompanied by reports of wide spread cancellation of pas-senger trains in the ares, have started speculation in India

But a war is not likely, if only because it would curtail Mr Gandhi's programme of economic and industrial expansion. A more realistic interpretation is that Mr Gandhi is demonstrating publicly in advance of this weekend's summit where he will have falks with Mr Mohammad Khan Junejo. Pakistan's Prime Min-ister, that India's patience with alleged cross-border support for Sikh militants has run out. In this context it is significant that the Indian Government let police forces deal firmly last weekend with the

Tamil extremists It seems that Mr Gandhi feels he cannot pursue a policy of demanding that Pakistan stops sheltering Sikh extremists while India allows Tamil extremists free run jointly until the South Asian Association of Regional Co-operation (Saarc) was founded

But South Asian politics desh and Nepal.

Last weekend Indian police raided offices and bomes of Tamil extremists in the southern Indian state of Tamil caused most diplomatic connection. This will, it is hoped, sternation this week.

Indian officials say that Mr Jayswardene was merely trying to rest in s strongly guarded corridor. But India's tail was being tweaked because it does not approve of its small neighbours setting up their own liaisons.

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CPAI)

itseriand la

A KEY committee of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries is meeting in Quito today to tackle the seemingly intractable task of trying to reconcile Saudi trying to reconcile Saudi Arabia's demand for both a fixed oil price of \$18 per barrel nd e bigger market share for

Nevertheless, the three-man ministerial committee chaired by Sheikh Ali Khalifa al Sabah, Kuwaiti Minister of Oil, is expected to recommend an expected to recommend an increase to the level sought by King Fahd of Saudi Arabia in line with the general political consensus which has emerged

Kuwait's chief delegate, who was the main protagonist behind Opec's drive earlier this year to give priority to recovery of market share, is believed to be among those Opec leaders most scentical Opec leaders most sceptical about re-establishing a system of fixed prices centred on a reference \$18 per harrel (on the basis of a basket of important crude varieties) by the beginning of 1987.

Nearly all Opec experts, quite sport from other market

Nearly all Opec experts, quite epart from other market analysts, believe that the objective cannot for the time being be reconciled with the group's present agreed level of collective output of about 17m barrels per day and even more so the higher rate required if members' claims for bigger quotas are to be met at the quotas are to be met at the ministerial conference US optimistic at Vienna security talks

on Security and Co-operation in Europe (CSCE) yesterday gave a positive assessment of the

conference's first two weeks. "We have bad a good start to

US negotiators had detected

a degree of openness in rela-tions with their Soviet counter-

parts and this was "a good and hopeful sign." He was pleased

about the openness of Soviet

officials towards representatives

of human rights non-govern-

mental organisations.



Nazer: inscrutable

The four conservative Arab producers in the Gulf helonging to Opec—Saudi Arabia, Knwait, the United Arab Emirates and Qatar—maintained a show of somewhat inscrutable solidarity et a meeting of the Gulf Co-operation Council early in

differences All Khalifa and Mr Hisham Nazer who was appointed the kingdom's acting Oil Minister after the abrupt dis-missal of Sheikh Ahmed Zaki Yamani had not become public. It is at least clear that nona of the four are prepared to contemplate any cut in their production quotas to make possible fixing of prices in a \$17-19 range in the near future.

MR WARREN ZIMMERMANN, posal for bolding a buman sceptical about a Soviet prohead of the US delegation at rights conference in Moscow the Vienna review Conference as a "very interesting idea" the second phase of the Stockton Security and Co-operation in but said that the US would

have some questions to ask

prepared to bave the sama

openness as the Austrian Government bas had in

It would be necessary to know how the Soviet public

would be informed about the

results of such a conference and what would be the fate of

the 41 members of the Helsinki

monitoring group now detained

Vienna?" he said.

in Soviet jails,

Will (the Soviet Union) be

Saudi Arabia, meanwhile, is said by industry observers to have been maintaining a high rate of output this month with an average of nearly 5m b/d, not including its half entitle-ment from the neutral zone shared with Kuwait, compared with its current Opec quota of 4.353m b/d.

Other members of the pricing committee set up by Opec last month are Mr Fawzi Shakshuki of Libya and Sen Javier Espinosa Teran of Ecuador, the host of the meeting. Libya is aiming at a fixed price based on a \$20 reference.

Ecuador would like to see higher per barrel receipts and is wel aware of the difficuties facing any attempt to fix prices in the \$17-19 range if members nimal quota demands are to be accommodated.

The recommendations of the committee are to be passed on to a group of Opec experts who on November 21 will start talks on November 21 will start talks in Vienna on bow they might be implemented. The Issue will then be thrashed out at the next full ministerial con-

Mr Gholam Reza Aghazadeh Oil Minister of Iran, which is one of the leading price advocates of maximising the oil price, together with Libya and Alexand informed his Ectaprice, together with Libya and Algeria, informed his Ecuadorian colleagues on Wednesday that he would not after all be attending. But Mr Arturo Hernandez Grisanti, Venezuelan Minister of Energy, was still expected to take part.

bolm disarmament conference to enable it to deal with force

He reaffirmed the US com-

Reductions (MBFR) talks in Vienna and expressed doubts

about the appropriateness of

the CSCE forum to tackle force

reduction. The US bolds that

other aspects of the CSCE pro-

cess and especially human rights could be overwhelmed if

reductions across Europe

The catch, he said, would be controlled by limiting the num-ber of vessels licensed to fish, a simpler method than that employed in the North Sea, where the nations involved are given quotas. "Every licence-holder will

- where it is, what it is day — where it is, catching, when it entered the area — everything about what it is doing," he said.

Reuter adds from Buenes Aires: Two Argentine senators said yesterday Argentina would soon be ready to sign fishing accords with Poland, Japan and Spain similar to two previous accords which set off the Falkms reduction were added to lands fishing crisis.

Falklands trawlers 'must report catches'

A LEADING British fisberies official says every vessel granted a licence to exploit the new Falkland Islands fishing zone will have to report its catch daily, AP reports from Stanley, the Falkland Islands.

Mr Peter Denham, chief inspector of fisheries with the British Ministry of Agriculture, was interviewed on Falklands radio after spending a week in the South Atlantic archipelago to survey conditions for the fish

Britain's declaration of the fishing zone has raised tensions with Argentina, which claims sovereignty over the islands. Spain, which bas the thirdargest fishing fleet in the Falk-

lands area, has said it will defy the restrictions. "This is the last unregulated fishery in the world, and it is one of the biggest," Mr Denham

He said two ships and an air-He said two snips and an air-craft would patrol the 150-mile zone, and there would be supervision of vessels trans-shipping their catch in Falk-

lands harbours. There will be continual acientific assessment of fish

stocks "so we do not kill oc this golden goose," be said. Mr Denham said the most important species of squid in the fishing zone was definitely at risk. "If we let it go on, thera will not be anything there," be said.

be required to report in every Mr Denham refused mitment to conventional arms control and to the 13-year-old Mntual and Balanced Force

divulge what tactics would be employed if vessels decided to challenge British sovereignty

Robert Gibbens reports on a landslide victory in council elections

End of an era in Montreal politics

second-largest city are still rubbing their eyes in disbelief at the sudden and crushing defeat in election last weekend of Montreal's once-invincible Civic Party, the political machine that maintained Mayor Jean Drapeau in power for

nearly three decades.

The 70-year-old mayor, who international fame for his indefatigabla promotion of the 1967 World's Fair and the 1976 Olympic Games, did not himself contest the elections wing to ill-health.

But such was the power he as wielded over the city since the 1950s, that last weekend's dramatic collapse was quite nnexpected.

The opposition Montreal Citizens Movement, led by Mr Jean Dore, e 41-year-old isbour lawyer, won 55 of 58 city coun-cil seats, with only one going to the Civic Party and two to

The new Mayor faces the daunting task of getting Mon-treal's Francophones, the majority group in a multilingual city, to work with its Anglothe city to its once dominant role at the cantre of the country's economy.

Mr Dore, a former separatist



Mr Drapean . . . 30 years in

Levesque of the Parti Quebecois, and his coalition of profe sionals, social activists and union leaders have spent 12 years trying to defeat former Mayor Drapeeu and his power ful Civic Party machine, dominated by conservative small

He represents the complete opposite of the autocratic style of Mr Drapean and has suc-ceeded in gaining wide support

in the last few months of his other

to the heyday of big city politi-cal bosses. Often likened to the late Mayor Richard Daly of Chicago, the owl-faced mayor tion of suburban communities ran the city in a secretive, and police forces, the city was tight-fisted manner. Until tha 1970s, no one seeking office in the city of nearly 3m bad any doubt who was in control, or what party to join if victory was to be achieved.

A man of impeccable charm and finently bilingual, Mr Drapeau is remembered abroad the support he won for World's Fair and the Olympic Games, despite the fact that Montreal was becoming a centre of Quebec separatist discontent and its financial authority was flowing

His charm, ultimately, may have been his undoing. The gigantic cost overruns and con-struction industry corruption. Public criticism and inquiries over careless letting of contracts, particularly for the C\$1bn Olympic Stadium, set in opposite of the autocratic style of Mr Drapean and has succeeded in gaining wide support from the business community

campaign. For Montreal, it is marked the rise of the popus the end of an era.

Mr Drapeau was a throwback Quebecois. This won him he

support from the voters of the Despite a massive reorganisa

also unable to shed its reput tion as the country's centre of crime, generally run by Italian Mafia families. Last Augusct he handed over leadership of his party to Mr. Clauda Dupras, but too late to deflect the public's yearning for

major change. The idea of developing Montreal as an international centre a gateway from Europe yet within 400 miles of Nes York and Toronto seems to have

intrigued younger Montreal Mr Dore played on this theme and captured the hopes and ambitions of Montreal's Francephone middle class.

At the same time he has offered a better opportunity for Anglophones and more recent immigrants, as well as gather-ing blue-collar support by a promise of economic revival and better housing.

Whatever his future success however, it will take a long-time for Montreal to furget. Mayor Jean Drapeau.

Mexico approaches loan target

BY PETER MONTAGNON, EUROMARKETS CORRESPONDENT

MEXICO has received accept-ances worth \$4.5bn for the \$6bn need for many creditors to loan it is seeking from its inter-national bank creditors to help netional bank creditors to help it service its foreign debt this year and next.

The total puts it within striking distance of attaining the target of 90 per cent of accordances. acceptances required by the International Monetary Fund before it will formalise its own SDR 1.4bn credit to the gov-ernment of President Miguel de la Madrid.

Despite a slow start to the syndication process, bankers are now increasingly bopeful that they will be able to meet the IMF's target by the middle of next week when the de la Madrid Administration is due to present its 1987 budget to the Mexican Congress.

Originally subscriptions the loan were due to be in by formalises its loan agreement the end of October, but it is to Mexico. generally recognised that this

fore signalling their approval.

Several large banks, including some who contributed to a \$500m bridging loan agreement for Mexico in the summer, also deliberately beld back their confirmation for a while. This was so they could avoid appearing to have been steam-rollered into the agreement following pressure from the IMF and US Government which has actively promoted the deal.

The commercial bank bridging loan was part of a broader fecility totalling \$1.6bn to which the US and other governments and central banks also contributed. Drawings to date total \$850m and the balance will be-come available once the IMF

cent critical mass target on the commercial bank loan will thus provide Mexico with an immediate boost to its financial resources, but bankers also expect a tough uphill battle to complete the deal.

Resistance among smaller creditors to a fresh Mexican loan is very strong. Recurring complaints in the banking com-munity include objections to the choice of creditors expo-sure in 1982 as the base for calculating their subscription quotas as well as the additional contingency finance to which lending banks will be committed.

This totals \$1.7bn and is drawable depending on oil prices and Mexico's general economic performance, but the economic performance, but the formula under which Mexico's entitlement to draw on the money is unclear and many banks are reluctant to give the country carte blanche to seek

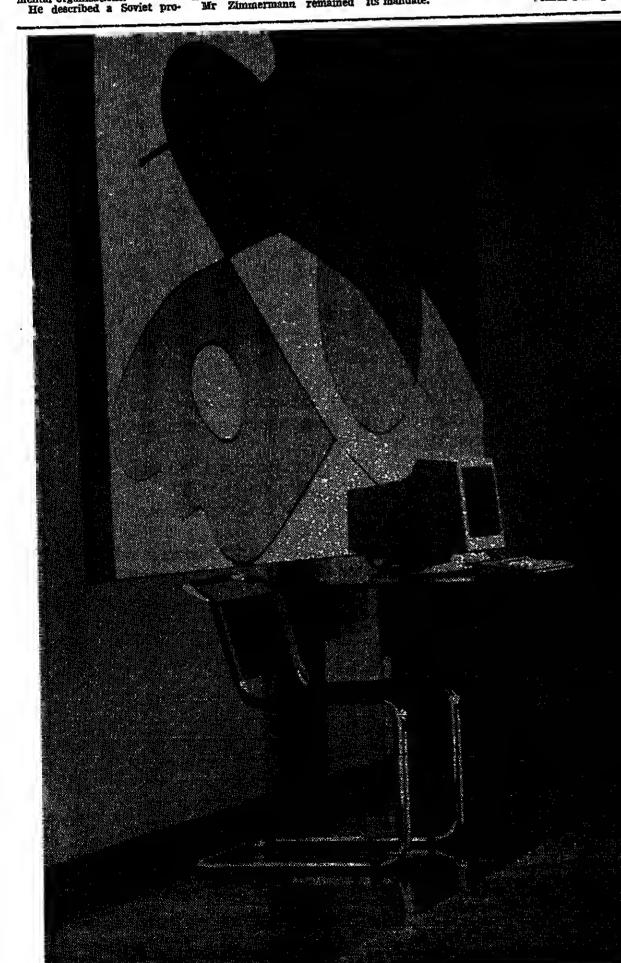
Haiti's ruling military council appeals for calm THE LEADER of Haiti's ruling

three man military council has called for calm after a third day of anti-Government, pro-tests, AP reports from Port an

Lt Gen Henri Namphy, who took power after dictator Jean-Claud Duvalier fied to exile, made a 15-minute nationwide broadcast. He said citizens should not allow themselves to be manipu-

lated by extremists trying to incite violence against the Government. On Wednesday, about 3,000 demonstrators marched through the streets of Gonzives, the nation's fourth-largest city. Schools, stores and banks in the city shut on Monday in protest at the military council's

use of soldiers last week to an anti-Government stop demonstration.



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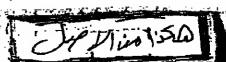
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Haiti's ruling

appeals for a

Australia offers **EEC** ceasefire in subsidies war

EUROPEAN COMMUNITY officials have accepted in principle an Australian proposal for a "cease-fire" in the subsidies war which has convulsed international trade in agricultural spods over the past agricultural goods over the past

year.
The proposal, precise details of which have yet to be worked out, will also be put to the US. The overall aim is to provide an easier environment for forthcoming international negotiations covering farm trada which will deal with the question of subsidies.

In recent months, the competitive battle to win export orders through heavier subsidies has been sharpest between the US and the EEC. Australia feels it is one of the countries caught most woundingly in the

The initiative came from Mr John Dawkins, Australia'e Trade Minister, during lengthy talks this week between the Capherra government and a European Community delegation led by Mr Willy de Clercq, European Commissioner for External Relations and Trade. Mr de Clercq told Australians yesterday they "can count on us to continue to do our nimost.

us to continue to do our ntmost, especially in our relationship with the US, to secure a cease-fire."

on Tariffs and Trade which are to cover services and intellectual property, as well as agriculture.

Tha EEC, he said, was willing to address the address that are to cover services and intellectual property.

first declaring that, "so long as other world partners fire the shots, we in the European Com-munity cannot but defend ourselves."

Mr Dawkins called tha Policy.
proposal a "ceasefire or a Quent
freeze" on the levels of subStrasber freeze" on the levels of sub-sidies affecting international agricultural trade, and said it had the backing of the "Cairns group" of more than a dozen "fair-trading" agricultural exporters.

would be fleshed out through discussions within the Cairns Group and with the US and Europe. Ha would be putting tha idea to Mr Clayton Yeutter, his US counterpart. The proposal "could be the beginning of the end of the subsidies war." he

To judge by the optimistic comments emerging from the discussions, the often tractious EEC-Australia. relationship to approve the scheme.

THE new US Congress will hold Japan and other trade partners to very tough standards and retaliate against any unfair barriers to American trade, the head of a Congressional delegation said yesterday, AP reports from Tokyo.

Reuresentative Dan Restern

foreign competition, and warned that the US "will not tolerate politically motivated barriers in countries with massive trade surpluses."

appears to have been put on to a fresh footing. In particular, the two sides signed an accord identifying several areas of scientific collaboration, notably telecom-munications, information tech-nology, agriculture, biotech-nology, materials and energy,

on the key trade issues. Mr de Clercq said the two sides had shared intarests concern-ing the new round of negotiations in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade which are Tha EEC, he said, was willing to address the agricultural

He qualified this, however, by question as part of a global first declaring that, "so long peckage—the issue "should not be dealt with separately on a fast track." The Community would also continue to reform Common Agricultural

Quentin Peel reports from Strasbourg. Members of the European Parliament yesterday voted by e large majority for a plan to dispose of surplus EEC Cairns group of more than dozen "fair-trading" agriculural exporters.

He edded that the ceasedire would result.

The idea which would have to be approved by tha 12 member-states required special pay-ments from their national bud-gets in addition to their normal EEC budget contributions.

The fund would subsidise sales of the Ecu 12bn cereal, butter, milk powder and beef stocks, on both internal and ex-

ternal markets Budget Ministers are unlikely

Representative Dan Restenowski, chaiman of the House Ways and Means Committee, said Japan has not done enough to open its markets to

That would take a significant

TRYING to dismantle a cartel 22 member countries, is the when its members feel threatened from all sides is not easy.

But that is the task facing EEC European Commission to defer
Industry Ministers who meet its plans to liberalise their
in Brussels next Tuesday to industry.

It is designed to supplant the
treat industry.

The summission's present proposals

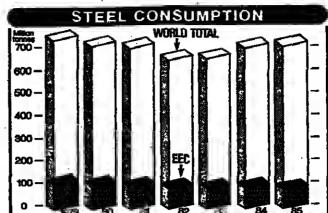
It is designed to supplant the Commission's present proposals to abandon quotas for four pro-Before them they will have a passionately argued plea by Eurofer, the integrated steelmakers' association, that the to 45 per cent the share of present system of price and production controls which for the past six years has belped the industry to stagger through its worst recession since the control of 1987.

ine industry to stagger through its worst recession since that war should be kept intact.

Eurofer's ideas, presented to the Commission on Monday, are at this stage only an artistic stage. In exchange, Eurofer says Tha group wants the present its members are prepared to cartel arrangements to con-close 11.9m tonnes of their own tinue unchanged until the In exchange, Eurofer says production capacity over the middle of next year and then three and a half years from to give way to an unspecified next July 1 to December 31, system of controls to last until 1990.

That would take a significant bite out of the EEC's present steelmaking capacity of around 140m tonnes (excluding Spain the creation of a social fund, and Portugal) and represents more than half of the 19.9m tonne production surplus which the association believes will have built np in the Community by the end of the decade.

The scheme, which has the unanimous support of Eurofer's debate will be fierce, for the It does not yet know how



William Dawkins reports on the future of an industry still struggling to rationalise

European steel producers plead for continued help

export competitiveness, growing US protectionism has hindered access to an important market, while the Community

Different elements of that argument are likely to find voluntary cuts look less sympathy in varying degrees from West Germany, France, Britain, Luxembourg and sion's own estimate of a 21.7m a fair and even basis." says Mr Britain, Luxembourg and tonne steel capacity surplus for Pol Boël, EISA's president. 1990, though Eurofer Itself does "That means that those who want to proceed only cautiously with liberalisation. Italy is

undecided, while the Nether-lands is keen to scrap quotas, a move that would be to tha advantage of the highly efficient Dutch producer, Hoogovens. A majority of states at the Dutch producer, Hoogovens.

A majority of states at the last Industry Ministers' meeting

A majority of states at the last Industry Ministers' meeting in October appeared to support the relaxation of quotas for one product, galvanised sheet, where the market is fairly mainly in hot rolled coil and where the market is fairly mainly in hot rolled coil and buoyant. But they postponed heavy plate production, areas ettempting a decision on the where its members are whole package until they look at Eurofer's forthcoming proposels.

The commission is not giving implies that any remaining reductions will fall on non-trivill next Tuesday's masting

its view on the producer's plan until next Tuesday's meeting until next Tuesday's meeting, but it is known to be sceptical over the industry's ability to agree cuts heavy enough to reduce capacity in line with sluggish demand.

A strong body within the Commission also feels that Eurofer is using the weekness of the dollar and Third World commertition as excuses for its Talkan steel producers, flexible

light and the protective controls introduced under the Devignon plan in 1980.

Eurofer argues that its members' trading prospects have got worse since the Commission drew up its liberalisation plans. The dollar's weakness has damaged European producers, from West Germany, France, export competitiveness, grow-

Eurofer members.

CONTRACT TO BE SIGNED NEXT YEAR

Taipei, Jakarta tie up gas deal

BY JOHN MURRAY BROWN IN JAKARTA

exporter of liquefied natural gas (LNG) has completed 33 Indonesia has already agreed to pricing levels in lina with world markets, where previously

Mr Abdul Rahman Ramly, president-director of Pertamina, the state run oil company, said yesterday the contract would be signed early next year, with first shipment in 1990.

Indonesia's only gas customer—
it signed a 20-year contract for
15m tonnes a year in 1973.

An agreement with Japan which relies on Indonesia for sale of LNG to Distrigas of

60 per cent of its LNG supplies, will determine the price levels used with Taiwan and South

INDONESIA, the world's largest contract signed in 1983 for 1.5m Total, the French oil com-

a government selected price (GSP) had been used. Dr Subroto, Indonesia's Energy Minister, has conceded that the current GSP at \$28 (£20) for Indonesian crude, was "unrealistic". Brent is selling

Pertamina is to resume price Indonesie's expanding market talks with Japan in Tokyo next for LNG is a welcome boost month. Japan was until this year when the Government is expect-

Boston, the US gas supplier, officials confirmed yesterday. This would be the first such sale this decade of LNG, norm-South Korea last week ally dealt on a long-term conreceived first shipment of a tract basis.

pany, ecting as Pertamina's go-between, hopes to tie up another sala this year with a further two-to-four for each of the next two years.

Pertamina yesterday signed a new agreement with Esso for exploration in Central Sumatra-This stipulates that Esso must spend at least \$64m in the first

It is only the third agreement this year compared with 11 in 1984 and five last year. The main problem has been the need to clarify the position on the new tax laws in place since January 1984.

Mr Frank Zybura, Esso's vice-president, however, also com-plained of "inflexibility" in Pertamina's policy with regard to high-risk areas, which still incur the 18/15 split of other

Airbus in talks with Irish leasing group

By Michael Donne, Aerospace Correspondent

AIRBUS Industrie, the European airliner manufacturing group, is discussing with GPA, the Shannon (Eire)-based financing organisation, future funding fer any, Airbus orders, especially involving the A-320 150-seat airliner. The aircraft is due to liner. The aircraft is due to make its maiden flight next

GPA has expanded considerably in the aircraft leasing market. Last week, it announced a joint venture with Fokker of Holland and Mitsubishi of Japan, to set up GPA Fokker 100, to buy up to 100 Fakker F-100 twin-jet airliners for leasing.

Airbus is known to be dis-cussing potential A-319 and A-320 sales with various major airlines world-wide, including several in the US.

Canada threatens to pull out of air agreement

BY BERNARD SIMON IN TORONTO

CANADA HAS fired another its rights by picking up the round in an air traffic dispute vast majority of its Far East with Britain by giving notice passengers in London at the that it plans to withdraw from that International Air Services airlines. Transit Agreement (IASTA), which regulates airlines' overflying rights and landing privileges.

The Canadian Government served tha required one year's notice of withdrawal in the wake of Britain's decision last month to take similar ection on a 1981 air services agreement between the two governments. The dispute follows the

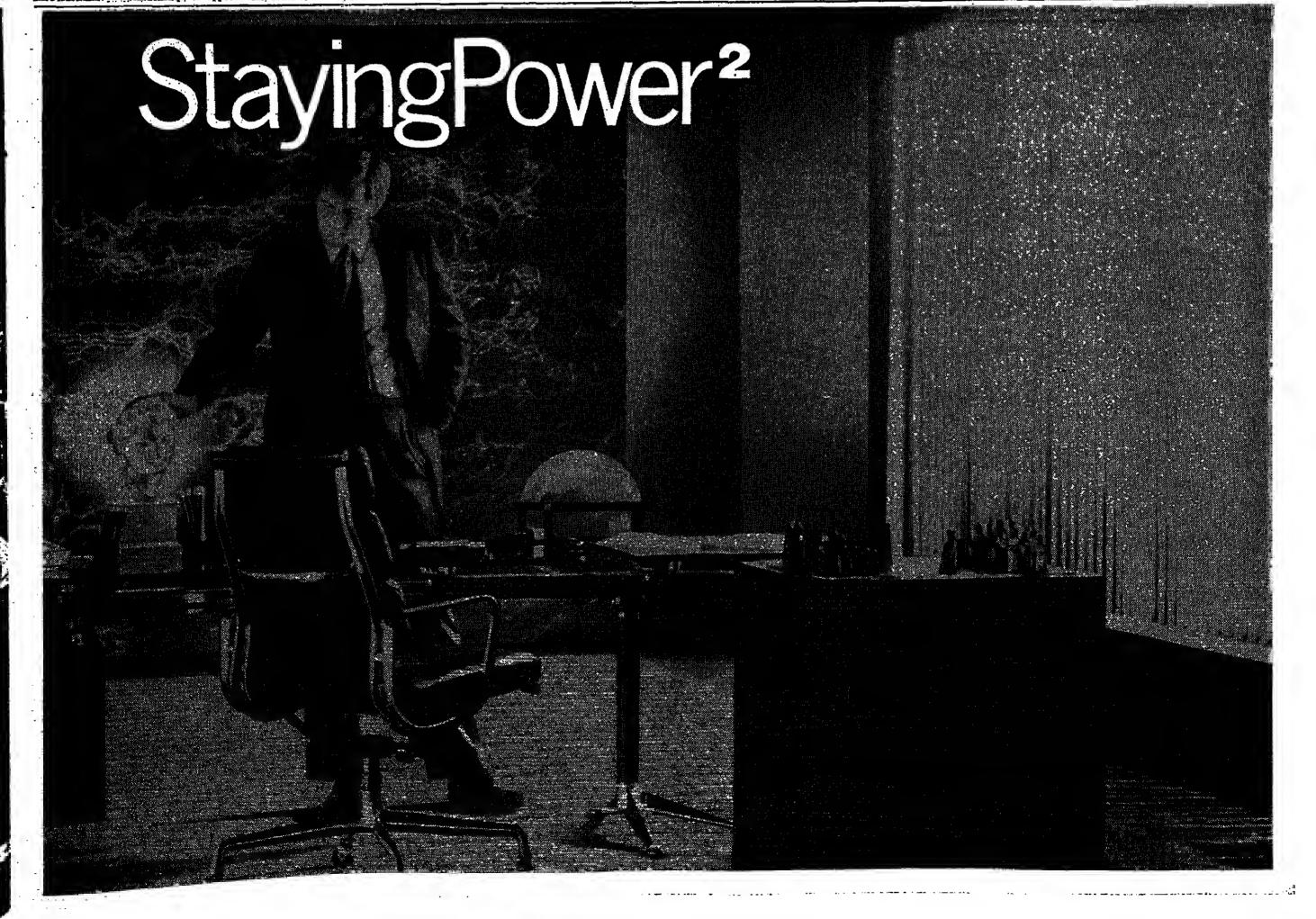
failure of the two sides to agree on terms for e renegotiation of the 1981 accord, which has enabled Air Canada to open a highly-successful route between Toronto, Bombay and Singapore

One indication of success of the new route is that Air Canada earlier this year doubled the frequency of its flights to four e week. The Canadians say that they eccount for less than 5 per cent of total traffic on the London-Bombay route and less than 2 per cent between Britain and

Singapore. If Canada withdraws from IASTA, all foreign airlines would lose their eutomatic over-flying rights and technical stop privileges in Canada.

Such rights would have to be vie London, in exchange for expanding British Airways' nontes to western Canada.

British Airways contends that the Canadian carrier is abusing but the Canadian carrier is abusing but the canadian carrier is abusing but the canadian carrier is abusing th



IN A FEW months' time a striking new bicycle will go on the market. Unlike most other "portable" bikes, it is clean to use, quick and easy to fold, and light around the second se light enough to carry, though it can also be wheeled along like a folded baby buggy. Its retail price is still secret, but it will be much cheaper than the tag of £200-plus which is carried by most competitive machines.

The bike is the brainchild of 28-year-old Mark Sanders. During the two years it took him to research, design and develop the project, Sanders left no stone unturned in his search for the ideal combination of consumer appeal, ease of production high reliability and duction, high reliability, and low cost. His has been a textbook exercise in all-round design which many a big busi-ness would do well to emulate. So it should be. For, as one

of the first graduates anywhere in the world to benefit from a breakthrough in design educa-tion, Sanders is a ploneering member of an exclusive new breed: the "industrial design

breed: the "industrial design engineer."

Championed in the Netherlands since the mid-1970s by Delit University of Technology, and in Britain since 1980 by London's Imperial College of Science and Technology in partnership with the Royal College of Art, "industrial design engineering" aims to plug a serious gap in the two countries' manufacturing armoury: the dearth of multi-disciplinary product designers and design managers. This shortage helps make most European companies less effective than their Japanese competitors at combining the functional and visual aspects of design into successful products.

ful products.

That the new discipline is already making an impact is shown by the fast-growing demand from employers for the handful of graduates from the Dutch and British courses in "industrial design engineering": 100 a year from Delft's under-graduate programme and just 16 from the IC/RCA's post-

In the Netherlands, Robert Blaich, managing director of industrial design at Philips, the electronics multinational, has stepped up his hiring of Delft graduates. "Some of my best people are from that school," he says. And in Britain, several companies now say that, having employed Mark Sanders's fellow alumni of the IC/RCA course, they would be loath to take on people without a similar educa-tional background.

Strong interest is also being shown by the educational anthorities in several competitor countries, notably France and Sweden. The Dutch and British but may not hold it for long.

Product development

Europe tries to heal its design schism

Christopher Lorenz examines the emergence of 'industrial design engineering'

The gap which Delft and the IC/RCA joint course are both trying to fill, to much better effect than previous educational initiatives, results from a long-standing schism between two key product design disciplines which, by rights, should be closely related, if not combined into one: industrial design and engineering design.

So similar are their names that outsiders often confuse them. Yet in most companies they operate separately, and are frequently involved in the sort of inter-departmental warring and inefficiency which bedevils the desperate attempts of western companies to keep pace with the resid rate of new Notes. with the rapid rate of new pro-duct development in Japan and the rest of the Far East. Even where they are members of multi-disciplinary project teams, they are often light years apart in mutual understanding.

The profession of industrial design has become increasingly fashionable over the past few

given added impetus by an unprecedented government cam-paign of publicity and subsidy, and by the floating of several design consultancies on the stock market. Suddenly, industrial design has been transformed into a widely acclaimed and increasingly well-paid pro-

In stark contrast, most British engineering designers continue to suffer from grey anonymity. Except for a few high-flying consultancies, and in spite of government efforts to elevate its image, engineering design is still generally seen as an activity characterised by relentless back-room grind, and rewarded

with low status and poor pay.

Yet the fashionable industrial designer arguably has at least as much in common with the downtrodden engineering designer as he (most are male)



book exercise in all-round design

development of mass-produced three-dimensional objects. The industrial designer focuses more on market factors and aesthetics than the engineer, and is usually better at drawing and communicating ideas, while the latter normally possesses much more technical ability. But, at least in theory, both must be equally versed in a wide range of common skills, such as human factors (ergon-omica), design-for-reliability, and design-for-production.

One of the main aims of the Delft and IC/RCA courses is to build on this common ground. and give engineers more of the visual and synthesising skills of the industrial designer.

What the industrial designer invariably does have in com-mon with graphics and the other newly glamourised off-

tecture college). Such colleges instil, above all, the notion that no problem has a single solu-

By contrast, most graduate engineering designers are the end product of an educational end product of an educational process, whether at university or polytechnic, which places a heavy academic emphasis on science, tertbook learning, and specialised analysis. In the Netherlands and most other parts of continental Europe, this academic bits is halanced by academic bias is balanced by extensive work on the practical side of engineering design. But in Britain graduate engineering

as an analytical science. "Because of this emphasis, engineering students find their experience of engineering to be that of numerical theory rather than practicality," complains Professor Frank Height of the RCA "Things like intuition and common sense don't come into it. There's always a correct answer at the back of the book."

education is classed, and taught,

His senior collaborator at Imperial College Dr Cyril Laming of the Department of Mechanical Engineering, is even more blunt: "This is a school of engineering, yet things are or engineering, yet things are hardly ever made—essentially it's paperwork." His remark betrays the fact that conserva-tive academics at IC are still sceptical of the virtues of the joint course with the RCA.

But many company managers, and a growing body of academics, agree with Height and Laming that UK engineer-ing has been far too unpractical ever since it assumed the mantle of "applied science" during the nineteenth century. Engineering courses actually teach students not to bother about design, claims Dr Charles McCaskie, technical director of Baker Perkins, one of Britain's leading engineering companies. They are trained in a way that is alien to the design process,"

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Unlike that trio, both the industrial designer and the
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Graham Lacy with his bio-fee year's RCA degree show

In the meantime.

designers will have to take one show, and several companies of the few postgraduate pro-are now interested in making it. grammes in engineering design, Like McCaskie, Lacy is in- or rely on their employers to tensely critical of the lack of teach them. Not surprisingly, are now interested in making it. Like McCaskie, Lacy is in-tensely critical of the lack of there are relatively few takers real engineering design courses in the UK, and of the way that at present, except for those lucky enough to be sponsored by a handful of enlightened companies, such as Baker Per-British engineering education suppresses creativity. "Over-analytical, over-mathematical, over-theoretical, and totally out of touch with reality," is kins and Rolls-Royce. bow he describes it.

Two years ago the Engineering Council, which validates graduate engineering courses. set about the task of changing a century of bad practice, by he argues.

McCaskie has just snapped up one of the brightest of this year's crop of IC/RCA gradustes, 23-year-old Graham Lacy, reinforced by the Science and whose first degree was in pro-

really makes a substantial shift towards the more balanced Continental pattern of theory combined with practice, the gulf between engineering design and industrial design will remain unless the ambitious Delft and IC/RCA models are adopted IC/RCA models are adopted widely by other colleges. None of the older educational attempts to narrow the gap (see right) goes far enough to do so, let alone actually to hridge it.

At Imperial College and the RCA, everyone involved with the joint course agrees that if

the joint course agrees that, if Britain is not to be overtaken, the programme must be emu-lated elsewhere — preferably with the sort of extra resources and commitment that IC's mechanical engineering depart-ment is now seeking for the course from other departments at the college.

Professor Height of the RCA sees the course as "just a be-ginning." In healing the tradi-tional schism between the two sides of product design, he advocates nothing less than a hreaking down of the Victorian

hreaking down of the Victorian legacy of separate university and art school systems.

Over at Imperial College, Cyril Laming warns that "so long as the split continues, art and design schools will go on being fashion houses, and universities will continue to behaves of science. louses of science. Because of the deeply entrenched positions of both

sides, Laming argues that the best prospect lies with neither art schools nor universities, but with the polytechnics "getting their act together and presenting courses that are truly re-designed for the engineer-artist in the modern world." Since by no means everyone in the design education estab-lishment agrees, he would settle instead for a new type of university degree in design engineering design protession is condemned to remain populated largely by an ageing settle instead for a new type group of people who were trained as "technician design and technology. But, to keep it signers," on college part-time out of the ciutches of the scientists, it would have to be clearly separate from engineeror sandwich courses, before university and polytechnic teaching exploded in the 1960s. Though their skills and experclearly separate from engineering. Whichever route is chosen teaching exploded in the 1960s. Ing. Whichever rouse is crossen, Though their skills and expertise may be considerable, this tion on a broad front is needed situation does not exactly provide a promising foundation for to get the chance to break out the npgrading, broadening and of what Paul Ewing, IC's tutor industrial design engineer.

Challenge of technology

MOST past attempts to marrow the schism between industrial design and engineering de-sign have concentrated on giving industrial design students some knowledge of engineering as part of theh first degree of (mucily) diploma. The imperial College/RCA course takes an lege/RCA course cakes an opposite and more thorough approach by turning qualified postgraduate engineers into industrial designers of a particularly high calibre; hence the term "industrial design engineer." Delft's programment attender or and it toucher. is different again; it teaches both subjects in parallel on an integrated four-year undergraduate course.

Of the conventional courses one of the best-known is offered by London's Central School; in common with Manchester Polytechnic, it even calls its programme industrial Design (Engineering).

Malcolm Johnston, principal lecturer at the Central, re-affirms his college's faith in affirms his college's faith in its tried and tested approach. The sim, he says, is to help give industrial and engineering designers a good awareness of each other, but not to combine them into a stagle discipline. "You can't produce someone who's good at both," he insists. In any case, he

he insists. In any case, he maintains, the two sides complement each other in project teams in industry, and this reduces the need for all-inone product designers.

Though the Central's type of approach may have seemed appropriate in the past, there is a growing body of independent opinion that the relentless increase in the comrelentless increase in the comretenties more as in the com-plexity of modern electronics and materials is reducing its effectiveness. Such courses are not long enough, nor their students sufficiently well-qualified in mathematics and other technical subjects, to provide more than a basic knowledge of the engineering-side of design and production. Robert Blaich, managing director of Philips' industrial design centre, argues that the traditional type of course is inadequate nowadays, even though his company does put industrial and engineering designers together as part of Infordisciplinary project

So the route charted by Delit and IC/RCA, of turning highly qualified young engineers (like Mark Sanders and Graham Lacy) into "Industrial design engineers," may now be the most effective.

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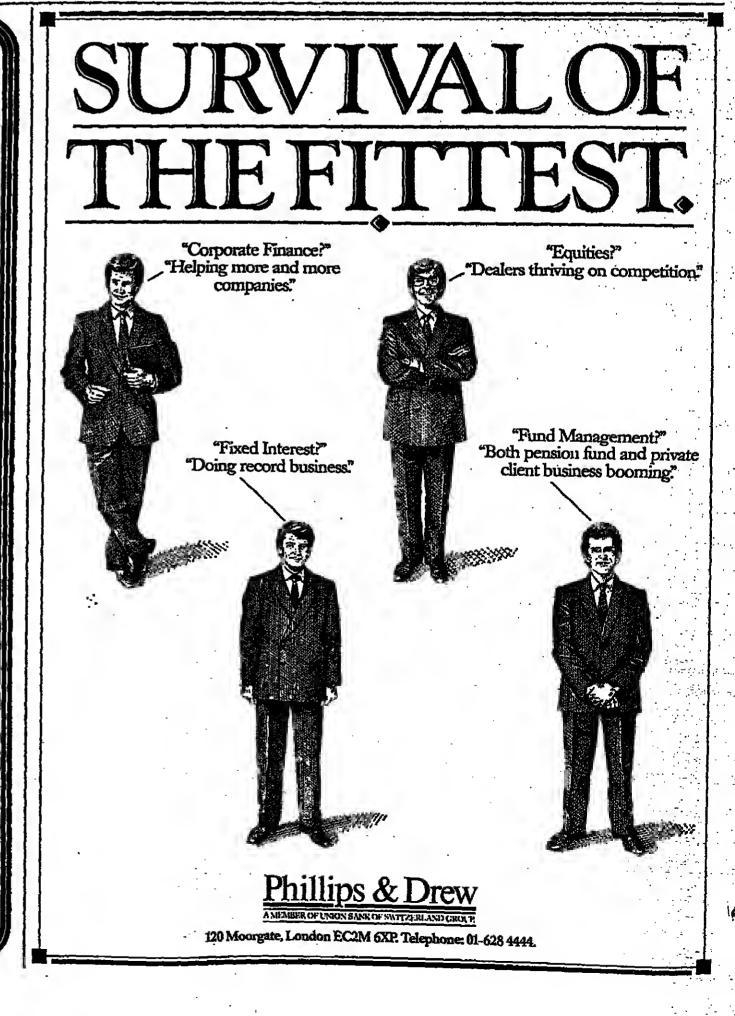
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October 1986



Challenge

technolog

For the Highlander, distilling whisky was as natural as breathing air. Generation after

generation inherited a passion for turning the woter of the glens into the 'water of life'.

Whisky wasn't just his traditional notional drink. It was his bread and butter. Distilling was virtually the only way he could turn his victuals into cash to pay rents, reward his workers and to feed and shelter his family

But by the middle of the 18th century, the government made this well nigh impossible.

Thirsting far revenue, it imposed prohibitive taxes on whisky making.

While some Highlanders were braught to their knees and paid up, many others took their stills and skills, and fled to the remate mountoin oreas ta produce their belaved whisky illicitly.

The Highlanders see red.

Almost immediately, excisemen, or gaugers, were despatched North, to stamp out the proctice and opprehend the offenders.

This angered the Highlanders. Ta them it was the gavernment and its red-coated lackeys who were the criminals, taking the very bread fram their mouths.

Robert Burns (who, ironically, became an exciseman later) expressed the notion's sentiments in venomous verse: "Thoe curst horse-leeches o' th' Excise, Who make the whisky stells their prize! Haud up thy han', Deil! ance, twice, thrice! There, seize the blinkers! An' bake them up in brunstane ples for poor damn'd drinkers."

Such was the Highlanders contempt for the law that it was not even considered a disgroce to go to prison for illicit distilling.

Indeed, in Dingwall Gaol convicted distillers were treated with privilege, being allowed aut on Sundays and special occasions.

One prisoner even approached the governor, with the remarkable propasition that they set up a still together in the gaol.

Such widespread defiance made curbing the autlaw whisky makers a hopeless task.

As ane illicit still was closed down, another began. And in 1747, ane particular still began, which was to became the most famous distillery af them all. THE GLENLIVET Distillery.

The Name Dropper. The founder of THE GLENLIVET

Distillery was one Jahn Gow, alias Smith.

. He was a veteran of Culloden, having faught ond lost on the side of the ill-fated Bonnie Prince Chorlie, and was forced to flee his ald haunts near Broemor far fear af his life.

He toak his fomily Narth, hid in a remote valley and dropped his goelic name Gow in favaur af Smith, to baffle the English saldiers.

THE GLENLIVET — MUCH SOUGHT AFTER

vas distillec

much convicti

(Which explains why such a Sassenach nome oppears on aur

label.) There he settled down for a quiet, ononymous life af forming ond. of caurse, illicit distilling.

The Well of Fortune.

As luck would have it, John Smith had mode his new home in the precise spot where the water ond the peat were the best in Scatland for making malt whisky

He had discovered Josie's Well. It is the pure Highlond woter thot springs from Josie's Well that makes THE GLENLIVET so special.

We can't explain it. It just does. And there is no other well that performs the same magic.THE GLENLIVET made with ony other water would nat be THE GLENLIVET.

By the time John Smith's grandson Gearge, inherited the still in 1817, the fame of the illicit GLENLIVET had spread far and wide.

"It is worth all the wines of France" opined the Doctor in Sir Walter Scott's St. Ronan's Well, "and more cordial besides."

Praise indeed for THE GLENLIVET's "cunning chemists," as Scott called George Smith and his workers.

Christopher Narth, who in 1827, wrote a famous series of sketches in Blockwood's Mogazine, quoted Jomes Hogg, the Ettrick Shepherd:

"Gie me the real Glenlivet, and I weel believe I could mak' drinking toddyoota'sea-water.The human mind never tires a'Glenlivet, any mair than a'caller air. If a body could just find oot the exac' proportion and quantity that ought to be drunk every day and keep to that, I verily traw that he might leeve far ever, withaut dying at a', and thot doctors ond kirkyards would go oot o'fashian."

Going straight. Such a celebrated whisky couldn't remain illegal for long.

(Althaugh outlowed, THE GLENLIVET was the toast of gentlemen,



lords and even kings. George IV of Englond was said to drink "nothing else.")

It was the Duke of Richmondand Gordon (George Smith's landlord) wha eventually put THE GLENLIVET on the strait and narrow.

He persuoded Parlioment to pass the Act of 1823 which mode legal distilling worthwhile.

The following year George Smith took out the very first licence. Making THE GLENLIVET Scatlond's first malt

> secretly far 77 years. Now it existed.Officially. The rest is history. THE GLENLIVET'S unique subtle taste and distinctive 'nose' has been appreciated ever since.

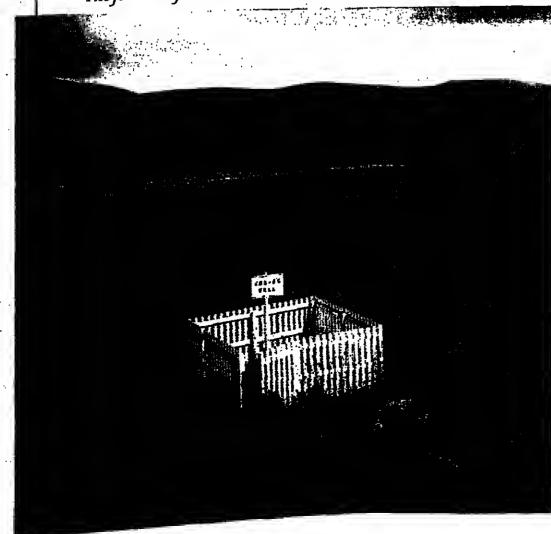
Peaple hod been enjaying it

Try a dram ond experience its mogicol properties yaurself.

These doys, you can't go to gool for what you're



Scotland's first malt whisky



US takes standards initiative in race for ISDN

A MOVE by a standards setting particular, because of expanded body in the US to set a key communications system known as the integrated services digital network, or ISDN, has aparked suggestions that the Americans could reverse Europe's heretofore lead in

this advanced technology.
Europe has not agreed to a
comparable standard.

"It is likely the US will surpass Europe on ISDN," claims Paul Bricher, product manager for Mitel Semiconductor in the UK. "We are aiready seeing signs of that by the number of people who are designing our components into their pro-

ducts," he adds.

Mitel Corp a Canadian company 51 per cent owned by British Telecom, had lobhied for the grandard because it has already developed products compatible with it. The company is one of the leading suppliers of semiconductor chips for ISDN functions.

for ISDN functions.

ISDN is a concept for using the existing telephone system to greater advantage: using it as the single carrier, or "digital bighway," for voice, data, still-frame video and eventually motion video and audio. It is expected to scales audio. It is expected to evolve gradually ovar the next decade.

It could be of considerable

communications capabilities at lower costs. For one, it promises to eliminate multiple networks, for telephones, com-puter communication, telex, facsimile and other equipment

But for this to work, stan-dards are required so that products made by different manufacturers will be com-potible. An international body called the Comite Consultatif International pour Telegraphie et Telephonie (CCITT) has already set world standards for certain parts of the network. Tha agreement in the US, however, is a step towards standardising a remaining key chunk of the network within the US, the world's largest single market for telecommunications equipment. Some executions

tives believe it gives suppliers
— particularly semi-conductor
manufocturers which design the
chips that make ISDN equipment possible - enough confidence to begin developing products thet conform to a specific format.

At the same time, the deregulated telephone operating companies in the US are anxious to have ISDN because it would expand the communications services they are able to offer customers. "The Bell companies have a vested It could be of considerable companies have a vested benefit to business users, in interest to sea ISDN develop

quickly," notes J. Francois Crepin, director, atrategic planning at LSI Logic Corporation in Milpitas, California.

Both factors could speed evolution of ISDN in the US, and give an edge to manufacturers there, executives say. The agreement "provides a adds that the basic format is

basis for the American semiconductor manufacturers" to design products for volume pro-duction, says Martin Ward, technical director at GEC Tele-communications of the UK. This communications of the UK. This will pare their costs and when they "want to sell in Europe, there will be o strong temptation for European equipment manufacturers to design in their chips."

That could lead to a "a de facto standard in Europe," he adds.

The segment of the network concerned in the US standard is that between local exchanges (called central office switches in the US) and customers' premises, where other protocols take over to govern links to various communications equip-ment such as telephones, computer terminals, facsimile and other machines.

In industry jargon, the premise to exchange segment is called the "U interface." (Standards-makers simply used the alphabet to name different locations in the network.)

The formal standard itself is standard. not expected to be finished and adopted until late next year, according to William Utlaut, chairman of the committee responsible, called TiD1, a unit accredited by the American National Standards Institute. He

process in tact. The agreement, among mem-bers which included representatives from around the world, is to develop o standard built upon a specific format for coding digital information sent over the public telephone net-work in the US. It was reached

expected to survive tha review

at the end of Angust.

The actual proposal which broke a continuing impasse in the deliberations came from British Telecom, occording to Utlant.

The development of a U inter-

face standard is necessary in the US because the telephone environment there, unlike most of Europe, is deregulated. US regulatory bodies have stipulated that equipment for this interface should be open to competition. In Europe, the telephone operating monopolies, known at PTTs, want control of that portion of the network to remain in their hands. They contend that each PTT will have its own proprietary designs, so there is no need to have a manager Europe for intel Semi-conductor, the Munich-based unit of Intel Corporation of California. Because of similarities among different standards, design modifications could add only 20 per cent to chip costs, the says. Geyer expects some

Siemens, the West German electronics giant, in Munich, for instance, has already developed such o proprietary integrated circuit for the West German PTT, the Bundespost.

According to committee chairman Utlaut, Slemens executives were among those fighting to have the coding format they bave already developed, adopted as the standard. "Every manufacturer that had proceeded (with its own design) was trying to get their code adopted," be says. Siemens executives point out

that a standard in Europe for the U interface is difficult to set in any case hecause of diffrences in telephone net-works such as cable thicknesses and lengths that affect design of transmission systems. Not everyone agrees that a

lack of standards in Europe, or elsewhere, will be harmful. "Chip makers, depending on what market they are in, will have to develop different chips for different interfaces," says Hans G. Geyer, marketing manager Europe for Intel Semi-conductor, the Munich-based unit of Intel Corporation of

" few dozen different standards worldwide now" to be reduced to under a half dozen. Some companies stand to

benefit directly. Siemens, for instance, could retain lucrative sales in its protected home market. Costs may not be affected since PTT's pricing policies do not necessarily reflect their costs.

In any case, any European supplier desiring US sales would have to design for the standard there. Ward of GEC concedes that although his company is already trying out its own U interface chip, "in the next iteration, we will have to adapt" to the "slightly different coding" chosen for the US.

The CCITT committee that set worldwide standards for other parts of the ISDN network says it does not intend to set one for the U niterface in Europe or anywhere else.

"In the four years we developed basic standards for ISDN, it was not possible to agree on all details, including the U interface," says Theodore Irmer, director of CCITT. "We will never go into such detail." To Ray Gleason, world marketing manager, PUlessey Semiconductors, which has developed one ISDN chip, that underscores "the problem with Europe. There are too many many vested interests."

Surge in computer use by UK engineering

By David Thomas

USE OF computers in the UK engineering industry has grown rapidly since 1983, according to a new survey carried out by Beachmark Research for Enginering Computers magazine.

Last year, the UK engineering industry spent \$560m on computer hardware, boosting the value of the installed base to £2.5bn, up from £750m in 1983, according to the survey which was of 655 companies. The survey found that there had been substantial growth in all three hardware areas —

all three hardware areas—
micro, mini and mainframe.
But Engineering Computers,
which summarises the survey's
main points, warns: "the mini
market is beginning to suffer
from sales stolen by high-performance micros and workstations now available at a
fraction of thair old price." Some 6 per cent of the

machines in use are main-frames; 28 per cent are minis; and 66 per cent are micros, according to the survey.

About 65 per cent of plants use computers for manufacturing management purposes. Much of the growth in this

monitor pipelines with Husky Find out while on Coventry (0203) (6608)

British Gas

area is now on the replacement side: relatively few new users are turning to computers for stock control, costing and sales order processing. However, growth rates among new users are high for shopfloor data coi-

lection and maintenance. Computers ore used for mechanical design in 40 per cent of plants; for production engineering in 20 per cent; and engineering in 20 per cent, and for electronic design in 12 per cent, according to the survey. The survey says that the leading supplier of nucros to manufacturing by a long way is IBM with about 7,500 installed.

machines. Next comes Apricot with 2,700, followed by Hewlett Packard with 1,500.

DEC is the leading mini-supplier, with 3,100 installed, compared with IBM's 1,000 and Data General's 790. Hewlett Packard comes next, followed by ICI and Hengagan.

by ICL and Honeywell.
IBM is the dominant main-

IBM is the dominant main-frame supplier with 583 machines installed, followed by ICL (199), Burroughs (173) and Honeywell (168). Computers in Engineering. Benchmark Research, Franks, Hall, Horton Kirby, Darfford, Kent DAA 91.L. £3,506.

Software is torn off a strip

DATA DISTRIBUTION of low cost is the claim for a new system developed in the US

called Softstrip. Instead of recording programs and data on magnetic disc or cassette tape, the material is encoded as tiny black and white rectangular areas down a strip of paper, or as several "strips" on a single sheet of office paper. An immediate advantage is that the information can be duplicated at high speed and low cost on an office copier.

The recipient is armed with a Softstrip reader (about £200) which plugs directly into most computers. The reader optically scans a full length strip in about 30

The data strips can be created on dot matrix printers but the company says that "other products will follow." Softstrip is talking to a number of companies about using the technology in their computer systems. More London on 631 3775.

WORTH WATCHING

Edited by Gooff Charlish

VOICE-DRIVEN computeraided design is offered by Manufacturing and Consult-ing Services of Andover, Hampshire, UK (0264 50022), Instead of using either a keyboard or a "mouse" (touch-screen device), the esigner is able to literally tell the company's Anvil-100MD CAD system what to draw. The system has been developed in conjunction with Kurtzwell Applied Intelligence of Waltham, Massa-

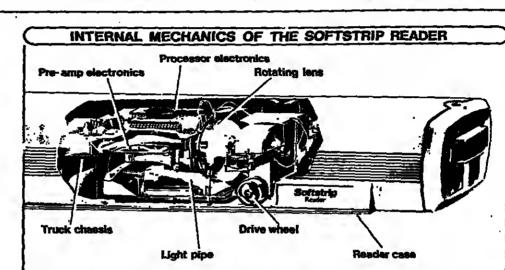
chusetts, in the US. Anvil-100MD runs on the IBM PC AT, XT or compatible models and all its abilities driven version. The company believes that difficulties in the man/machine interface using keyboards and mice are effectively overcome by using

HOLOGRAPHIC TECH-NIQUES for optical pattern recognition have been develrecognition have been developed at the US Government's Sandia Laborataries in Albequerque, Nex Mexico, US (505) 844 4207.

The holograms are not like the visible variety which give three dimensional illusions of objects. Instead, invests from

objects. Instead, images from the object to be identified are stored in such n way that the information is always adequate to identify it by computer, regardless of scale, perspective, distortion or even partial obscuration.

ELECTRONICS SALES in Western Europe will expand by 7.5 per cent in 1987 according to the 1987 Year-



book of West European Elec-tronics Data newly published by Benn Electronics of Luton,

The market research company expects the total market for electronic equipment and components to reach \$113bn next year, compared with \$105bn in 1986 and \$97bn in 1985 (at constant 1985 (at constant 1985

Growth during the remainder of the 1980s is expected to be slightly lower at about 6 per cent, the yearly figure reaching \$135hn by

1990. The electronic data processing segment will do best, with a projected average annual growth over tha 1985-1990 period of 11.2 per cent. More about the yearbook, which costs \$550, from Beun Electronics Publications 0582 421981.

How French can define strength of character

RECOGNITION systems based on software originally developed by CIT-Alcatel are being made by another French company, Al Vision Systemes of Neully.

Called Stirca, tha equipment uses a CCD (charge coupled device) camera to capture images of characters which it tries to match with templates from commonly used type faces. If it fails, its computer quickly analyses the character in terms of its loops, curves, straight lines and intersections. A reading speed of 150 characters a second is claimed. More from pany in France on 1 4624 2592.

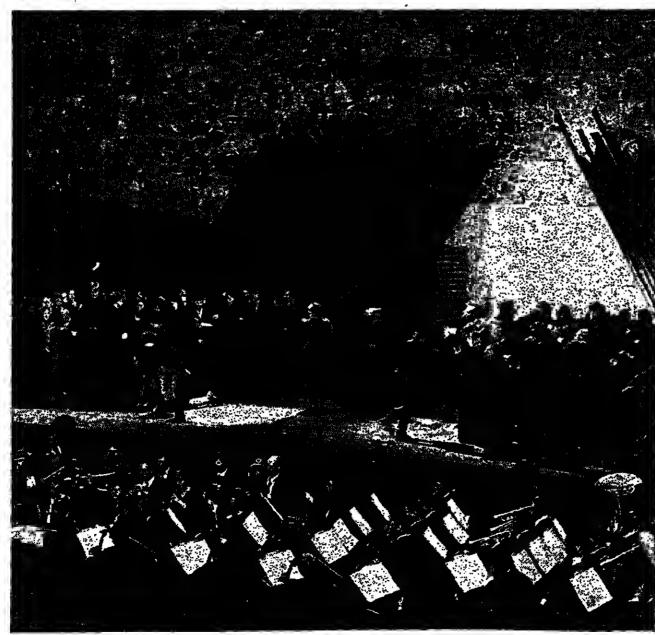
DIAMOND-LIKE coatings and the applications and markets m are to be studied in a multi-client programme at

Battelle Memorial Institute. Columbus, Ohlo, US.

Thin films of these carbon coatings can have properties: similar to those of natural-diamonds. Deposited under suitable conditions, they are suitable conditions, they are wear-resistant, relatively inert and transparent. They also have high electrical resistance and will conduct heat easily. As a result, the coatings have potential applications in electronics and optics as well as machine and optics as well as mechanical engineering.

Battelle says that although extensive research is being conducted in the US, Europe and Japan, the results are fragmented and it will therefore try to pull all the in-formation together. The company participation fee in the 12-month programme is \$8,400. Battelle is in Columbus on (614) 424 7984 or in London on 493 0184.

CULTURAL BORDERS.



In spring 1983 two Finnish operas were performed at the Metropolitan, Joanes Kakkoven's "The Last Temptations" and Aulis Sallinen's "The Red Line". The photograph shows a some from the Savonlinna Opera Festival's production of "The Red Line". Photo: Matti Kalho.

Curtain. Silence. Ovation.

When Finnish opera was performed at the Metropolitan quality was the order of the day. For the performers. The setting. The audience.

The Finns sang themselves into the hearts of the world's most demanding audience. But before the curtain went up a great deal of hard work had been put in. All the artists had to feel complete confidence in themselves. Had to surpass themselves. To give a performance that came up to expectations.

Art to be proud of.

Finland is a country to be proud of. Finnish enterprise a quality to be admired. For its versatility. Its freedom. Its knowhow. Its profitability.

As the Finnish capital market and Finnish business become increasingly international, the Finns are discovering the world and the world Finland. To the benefit of both.

Finland is a business challenge. Let Union Bank of Finland, Finland's leading international bank, help you take it up.

UNION BANK OF FINLAND The power behind Finnish enterprise.



Please send me The presenting the Fin	ne Finnish Business Chall land of today.	enge – a review
Name:	Position:	THE FINNISH
Company:	·	BUSINESS CHALLENGE
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Address:		
	Tel:	
Postal address: Union Bank	of Finland, Corporate Marketing, P.O.Bo	x 53, SF-02631 Espec, Finland.

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ninvestment Danking the question asked is: "What have you done lately?"

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The real proof of a bank's strength lies in its performance. And as you see, over the past few months we've put together some pretty impressive deals – from a major acquisition financing for International Paper Company to a Deutsche Mark bond underwriting, in Germany, for Cathay Pacific Airways.

Fact is, our performance places us among the best in the world of investment banking.

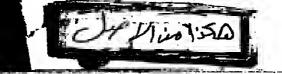
What gives us our edge?

It's a combination of characteristics no other bank has.

For starters, there's our sheer size and strength – a total capital base of over \$8.5 billion. And an unsurpassed customer base worldwide.

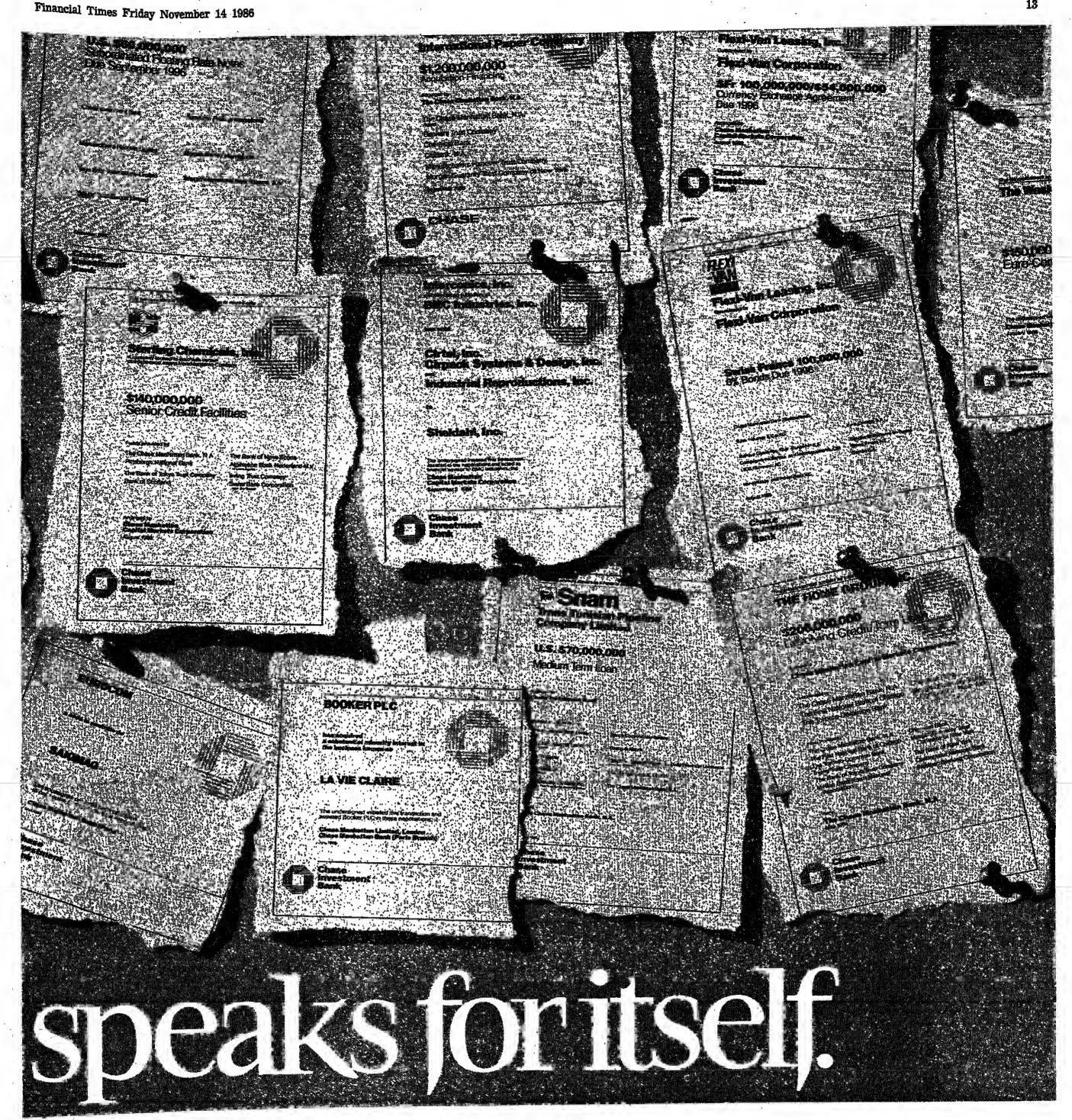
Add to that our fully integrated global network. This is especially important with today's increasingly complex deals involving more and more multi-national participants.

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D., L.

100 July 1996



And then, of course, there are the Chase people.

People with expertise in all fields, from mergers and acquisitions, to swaps, foreign exchange, options, futures, securities trading, trade finance and electronic banking.

People capable of working in partnership, with their clients and with one another.

A network of bankers able to work quickly to meet customer needs.

This total global banking capability that integrates size, international network, specialized industry knowledge and the broadest range of investment banking products is what sets Chase apart from other financial institutions around the world.

But, without execution, all of that would just be talk. The real proof is the deals we've put together.

They speak for themselves.



TALK TRANSACTIONS TO CHASE IN

ARGENTINA · AUSTRALIA AUSTRIA · THE BAHAMAS BAHRAIN-BELGIUM-BOSTON BRAZIL·CAMEROON·CANADA CAYMAN ISLANDS · CHANNEL ISLANDS · CHICAGO · CHILE CHINA · COLOMBIA · DEN-MARK-DOMINICAN REPUBLIC **ECUADOR·EGYPT·FINLAND** FRANCE-GERMANY-GREECE GUADELOUPE · GUAM · HONG KONG · HOUSTON · INDIA INDONESIA · ITALY · IVORY COAST-JAPAN-KOREA-LEB-ANON-LIBERIA-LOS ANGELES LUXEMBOURG · MALAYSIA MARTINIQUE · MEXICO MIAMI · MONACO · NETHER-LANDS · NEW YORK · NIGERIA NORWAY-PAKISTAN-PANAMA PARAGUAY · PERU · PHILA-**DELPHIA** • THE PHILIPPINES PORTUGAL · PUERTO RICO REPUBLIC OF IRELAND · ST MAARTEN · SAN FRANCISCO SAUDI ARABIA · SINGAPORE SPAIN · SWEDEN · SWITZER-LAND · TAIWAN · THAILAND TURKEY · U.K. · URUGUAY US AND BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS · USSR · VENEZUELA



CHASE

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BANKING

Trinidad thins out finance houses

THE CENTRAL bank of Trinidad and Tobago has moved to contain a threat to the country's financial sector by closing five

on the bank for liquidity support and the grip of a recession following the oil price cession following the oil price collapse. Mr George Chambers, contain e threat to the country's financial sector by closing five troubled finance houses whose operations it had suspended in

The finance houses, part of Trinidad and Tobago's once-booming network of non-bank financial institutions, had been unable to meet the demands of investors who had deposite totaling TT\$33.7m (U\$\$109.36m). The central bank ordered them closed after it had put up the equivalent of U\$\$40.8m in an affort to been them safety to be them them safety to be them to the total to the total total to the total total to the total to effort to keep them solvent.

The finance houses were born out of the boom spawned by high prices for petroleum, which accounts for 80 per cent of Trinidad and Tobago's export earnings. They borrowed at in-terest rates above those offered by commercial banks, and lent at an average of three points higher, mainly for the purchase of consumer durables and real

"A range of services is offered by these institutions—trust ser-vices, trade confirming, leasing, factoring and merchant bank-ing," explained Dr Euric Bobb, governor of the central bank. "The non-banks also serviced the faster receives the faster growing areas of activity in the booming economy activity in the bootsing economy related services, real estate and property development and certain areas of manufacturing."

The deposits beld by the five which are being closed repre-sented just over half of those held by all finance houses, and one-sixth of deposits held by non-bank financial institutions.

The central bank said it was a classic error in banking," ex-forced to take the action " as a plained Mr Len Hackshaw, The central bank said it was

By canute james, recently in Port of Spain, Trinidad

houses presented a threat to the country's other non-bank instituthe Prime Minister and Finance

houses presented a threat to the country's other non-bank institutions, and to the commercial banking sector, and come hard on the heels of increasing problems for two of Trinidad and Tobago's largest conglomerates. The problems, bankers and affected companies have been economists agree, are part of the fall-out from the steady deterioration in the economy.

Trinidad and Tobago's once booming network of non-bank financial institutions has been badly affected by the economic recession in the islands, which depend on petroleum for 80 per cent of their export earnings

"The situation has been con-tained by the action which the bank has taken," said Dr Trevor Farrell, director of research at the central bank. "If there was to be a ripple effect, we would have seen it already.

"The failure of the finance The failure of the finance houses need not threaten the financial system," suggested Dr Compton Bourne of the social sciences faculty of the University of the West Indies. "Those which crashed were always likely to crash."

The collapse of the five houses, however, is likely to put pressure on the other nine in the country. The conditions which led to the problems of those which are being closed have not changed. have not changed.

"These companies committed result of continuing deteriora-tion of the financial conditions Tobago Chamber of Industry of the companies...as reflected and Commerce. "They lent long in their increasing dependence and borrowed short."

past year," Mr Hackshaw said. "The companies just cannot dispose of their assets and, consequently, have become insol-

Dr Bobb reported that deposits in finance companies, which had grown by 22 per cent in 1983, fell by 11.9 per cent in 1984 and by a further 7 per cent last year.

The central hank's action against the ailing finance houses was taken seven months after it introduced e deposit insurance scheme, similar to the FDIC of the US. Each depositor in the finance houses will be able to set able to get e maximum of

While the non-bank financial ing to the first.

The first ing to the first.

Although the company base of the five closed its vehicle assembly ompanies, manufacturers and plant, which accounted for most community studies the lessons from the collapse of the five companies, manufacturers and distributors are growing increas-ingly concerned at problems which have overtaken the two well-established conglomerates, and which sparked a takeover battle.

The companies, the Kippalani group, the country's largest merchandising empire, McEnearney / Alstons retail (McAl), included whose operations motor vehicle assembly, paint manufacturing and brewing, began recording beavy losses with the start of

the recession. "In the current economic climate, we have not been able to raise the necessary funding meet our commitments to our employees, our bankers, our creditors and our customers," Mr Gul Kirpalani, chairman of the group. chairman of the explained recently.

The seven Kirpalani com-panies, which employ 3,500. were recently put into receiver ship following the breakdown of negotiations with bankers over the rescheduling of debts of

McAl, whose assets were put at TT\$250m projected a TT\$30m loss this year, after losing TT\$42.9m last year, encouraging two other companies to try to huy 51 per cent of its shares.

An offer from Associated Brands, the snack food and confectionery manufacturer, to pay TT\$18.9m for the shares was soon withdrawn in the light of the counterbid by Angostura Holdings, rum distillers, of TT\$30.4m. The offer, which represents TT\$1.50 a share, was revised to TT\$1.25 a share—a proposal which the stock exchange rejected while agree-

of its losses, McAl shareholders, epparently fearing further damage from the deteriorating economy, are saying Angostura offer should

Fiat acquires stake in Credito Romagnolo BY ALAN FRIEDMAN IN MILAN

ITALY'S FIAT Group has and tractor operations in the stake to e joint venture agreed fellow shareholders. Stockacquired a key minority equity region, at Modena and Bologna. two months ago involving the previous
stake in Credito Romagnolo, Because shares in Credito bank and Fiat in e plan to form emilty between the Olivetti
one of Italy's richest private Romagnolo are widely beld, a a company to restructure small chief and Fiat has been transbanks. Fiat is understood to have paid around L40bn (US\$28.6m) for 2 per cent of the Bologna-based bank. It is not known from whom Fiat pur-

chased the shares.

The shareholding, although nominally small, gives Fist e major foothold in a private bank active in one of Italy's most prosperous and industrialised regions, Emilia Romagna. Fist itself has important car components, factory automation

Romagnolo are widely beld, a 2 company to restructure small chief and Fiat has been transported by larger incomed in the board. The participants Fiat's Fidis financial subsidiary holding 26 per cent with his Sabaudia and Sasib subsidiaries.

Mr Cesare Romiti, Fiat's manifered fine and Mr De candard fine and Mr De cent with his Sabaudia and Sasib subsidiaries.

Mr Cesare Romiti, Fiat's manifered fine and Mr De cent, Romagnolo 20 per cent both have been to expand the maling interests but their banking interests but their banking interests but their banking interests but the company to restructure small chief and Fiat has been transported into an understanding that the two groups can occasionally co-operate.

Both Fiat and Mr De Benedetti are keen to expand the arrival of Fiat in Credito Romagnolo, which has 186 bank of Italy that they cannot expect to be allowed to branches and total deposits of acc-2re the Bank of America's Italian subsidiary, which is deal and the Olivetti chief had finance because it is a rare currently on the suction block deal and the Olivetti chief had finance because it is a rare currently on the auction block expressed his "satisfaction." case of Flat and Mr De and which both have expressed Mr Romiti linked the Flat Benedetti grouped together as an interest in acquiring.

Svenska Handelsbanken

US\$ 100,000,000 123/8% Notes 1989

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to Condition 4(b) of the Notes, US\$ 1,800,000 principal amount of the Notes has been drawn for redemption on 15th December 1986, at the redemption price of 101% of the principal amount, together with accrued interest to 15th December 1986. The serial numbers of the Notes drawn for redemption are as follows-

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	73	īīii	1826	2694	3933	5093	6441	7682	8690	9550	10393	11515	12701	13705	14795	16079	17137	18348	19144	
	77	1121	1827	2731	4060	5222	6457	7715	8746							16108		18439	19181	
	228	1146	1828	2850	4155	5331	6627	7724	8750	9620		11608		13807			17170	18446	19217	
	246	1210	1860	2898	4256	5352	6724	7829	8888	9770		11613							19288	
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	848	1725	2511	3833	4993	6146	7423	8527	9311	10288	11339	12438	12370	14013	12820	16804	18331	18958		

On the 15th December 1986, the said redemption price will become due and payable upon each Note to be redeemed, together with accrued interest from 20th February 1986 to 15th December 1986 amounting to US\$ 507.03 per US\$ 5,000 Note. On and after that date, interest on the said drawn Notes will cease to accrue. Payment of the Notes to be redeemed will be made on or after 15th December 1986 upon presentation and surrender of the said Notes, with all coupons appertaining thereto, at the office of any of the Paying Agents mentioned thereon.

Bankers Trust Company, London 14th November 1986

Agent Bank

NOTICE OF EARLY REDEMPTION U.S. \$100,000,000

Tovo Trust Asia Limited

Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes due 1999



TRUST Guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by

The Toyo Trust and Banking Company, Limited

Notice is bereby given that in accordance with Clause 5(b) of the Terms and Conditions of the Notes, the Company will redeem all of the outstanding Notes et their principal amount on 16th December, 1986, when interest

on the Notes will cease to accrue. Repayment of principal will be made upon presentation of the Notes with all unmatured Coupons ettached, et the Offices of any one of the Peying Agents mentioned

Accrued interest due 16th December, 1986 will be paid in the normal manner against presentation of Coupon No. 5 on 16th December, 1986.

Company, London

14th November, 1986

Agent Bank

Preliminary results for the year ended 31st July, 1986

★ Pre-Tax Profits £1,670,999

★ Dividend increased by 16²/₃% to 3.5p per

* The current year has started in a most encouraging manner with profits running well ahead of last year."

Anthony J. Wade, Chairman

Copies of the Report and Accounts, will be available on 5th December from:- The Company Secretary,

WADE POTTERIES P.L.C. · STOKE-ON-TRENT Greenhead Street, Burslem, Stoke-on-Trent ST6 4AA

urs of a wide range of Technical and Ornamental Caramics

Notice is hereby given to shareholders of an

Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting

to be held on Tuesday, November 18, 1986 at 11.00 A.M. at the Head Office of BANQUE PARIBAS (SUISSE) S.A. 2 Place de Hollande, Geneva (Switzerland)

AGENDA:

- 1. Report of the Board of Directors on the activities of the Company for the period beginning 1.1.1986 and its future development and investment prospects.
- 2. Increase of capital from SF 1,149,500,000 to SF 1,193,500,000 by:
- a) issue of 40,000 new registered shares of SF 100 each reserved to the registered shareholders in proportion to the number of shares held by same, at a price equivalent to 1/10 of the new bearer shares' subscription price see to b).
- b) issue of 40,000 new bearer shares of SF 1,000 each without preferred right of subscription, these new shares to be offered for public subscription at a price close to the current stock exchange price. 3. Confirmation of subscriptions for the new shares and receipt by the Company of the
- proceeds of the capital increase.
- 4. Approval for the creation of participation certificates for an amount representing up to 40 % of the nominal value of the share capital.
- 5. Amendment of article 5 of the statutes regarding the share capital.
- 6. Amendment of article 10 and addition of new articles as well as amendment of articles 35, 39 and 41 of the statutes in connection with the creation of participation certificates.

Shareholders may obtain entry cards to the Shareholders' Meeting at the BANQUE PARIBAS (SUISSE) S.A., UNION DE BANQUES SUISSES, SOCIETE DE BANQUE SUISSE and CREDIT SUISSE, as of 7th November 1986 by depositing their shares with one of the above mentioned banks or upon presentation of proof of such deposit with

Proposed amendments to the statutes are available to the shareholders as of 7th November 1986, at the company's Head Office as well as the principal and branch offices of the aforementioned banks.

Geneva, 5th November 1986

For the Board of Directors

A. de Pfyffer Chairman

S. Tapernoux Secretary

FIRST UNION CORPORATION

US\$ 150,000,000 Floating Rate Notes Due 1996

The Rate of Interest per annum on First Union Corporation's US\$ 150,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 1996 for the Interest Period beginning 13th November, 1986 and ending 13th February, 1987 the next Interest Payment Date, will be 61/4%.

The amount of interest payable for such interest period on each \$10,000 principal amount of the Notes will be \$159.72

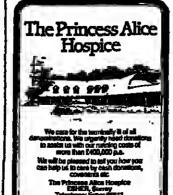
Bankers Trust
Company, London Agent Bank

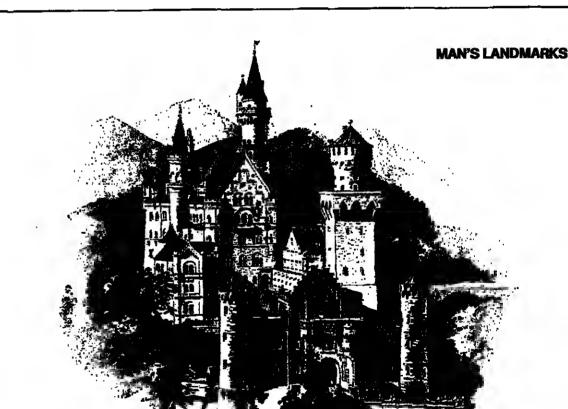
crédit foncier de france ECU 70.000 000 Notes of 1984/1994

Correction Notice

PIMA Savings and Loan Association US\$100,000,000 Collateralised
Floating Rate Notes due 1995

In accordance with the terms of the Indenture, notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest for the period Ist. November, 1986 to 1st February, 1987 has been fixed at 6.25 per cent per assum. The Interest Amount, as defined, of US\$15.97 will be payable on 2nd February, 1987. Barcleys de Zoste Wedd Limited Agent Bank





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Visa Travellers Cheques are welcomed just pleasure you need to be confident that your like cash around the world. If your cheques are card and travellers cheques will be warmly lost or stolen they can be replaced at over 60.000 locations worldwide, usually within 24

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VISA

All you need

Reg. No. 05/04580/06

DECLARATION OF ORDINARY AND PARTICIPATING PREFERENCE DIVIDENDS

Interim—year ending 30 June 1987 An interim dividend of 195 cents (1985: 120 cents) per share, payable to holders of ordinary and "A" ordinary

an interim dividend of 102.5 cents (1985: 65 cents) per share, payable in holders of participating preference

have been declared to sharebolders registered in the books have been declared to sharebolders registered in the books of the Company at the close of business on 5 December 1986. The dividends heve been declared in the currency of the Republic of South Africa and payments from London will be mede in United, Kingdom currency. The date for determining the rate of exchange at which the currency will be republic will be converted into United Kingdom currency will be 15 December 1986 or such other date as set out in the conditions subject to which the dividends are paid. These conditions can be inspected at the registered infice or office of the London Secretaries of the Company. Warrants in payment of the dividends will be posted on or chout 16 January 1987. The transfer hooks and registers of members of the Company in Johannesburg and London will be closed of the Company in Johannesburg and London will be closed from 6 to 12 December, 1986, both dates inclusive.

The participating preference dividend represents 5 cents in respect of the fixed rate of 5 per cent per annum for the half year ending 31 December 1986 and 97.5 cents being a 50% participation in the interim dividend of 195 cents declared on the ordinary and "A" ordinary shares.

The principal reasons underlying the substantial increase in the interim dividends are:

The improved performance from the industrial division based on e promising first quarter which was in line with budget and well ahead of last year. Income from mining investments is bigher than for the corresponding period last year, mainly se a result of higher rand prices for mineral products, especially gold. An adjustment has been made to reduce the historical imbalance between the quantum of the interim and final dividends. Shareholders must therefore bear in mind that the final dividends, to be declared in June 1987, will not increase by the same proportion.

London Secretaries Anglo-Transvazi Trustees Limited 295 Regent Street

By order of the board Secretary
Registered Office
Anglovaal House
56 Main Street 2001 Johannesburg

PROPOSED RIGHTS OFFER OF UNSECURED VARIABLE RATE SUBORDINATED

The Board of Directors of Anglovaal propose that the Company raise approximetely R200 million by way of a rights offer of unsecured variable rate subordinated loan stock ("loan stock"). The rights offer will be extended to holders of ordinary, "A" ordinary and 5% participating preference shares. The purpose of the offer is to raise finance which will be employed for general purposes as an integral part of the financing of the Anglovaal Group and which will be used, inter olio, for generating income in the normal course of Anglovaal's business, with particular emphasis on the mining It is intended that:-

(i) The interest paid on each unit of loan stock will be subject to an appropriate minimum and that the interest will be varied in direct proportion to any increase in the dividend paid on the Anglovaal ordinary and "A"

(ii) The right of the bolders of the loan stock be subordinated to the claims of the other creditors of Angloyaal.

(iii) The rights offer will open on or about 16 January and will close on or about 6 February 1987. A further announcement in connection with the salient terms of the rights offer and of the loan stock will be published

> UAL Merchant Bank Limited Reg. No. 55/03181/06

A member of the Nedhank Group
Anglovaal Limited and UAL Merchant Bank Limited are
incorporated in the Republic of South Africa.

13 November 1986

--- S&P Comp

of achievement.

400

The Berry Trust has an outstanding record

In the past year, total net assets have increased by 53.2%.

And as the graph shows, shareholders in The Berry Trust have been rewarded over the

past ten years with an increase of 930.5% in

increases of 725.1% in the Financial Times All

The directors of The Berry Trust, and its managers, GT Management PLC, are

The policy of The Berry Trust is to provide

Share Index, and 563.5% in the investment

dedicated to continuing the excellent

performance for shareholders they have

trust sector. (Source: A.I.T.C.)

achieved in the past.

the net asset value per share, compared to

Modest manufacturing recovery continues

BRITISH manufacturing output ago. Surging consumer demand, it chemical production between the picked up between the second and seems, is still largely being met by second and third quarters. The stathird quarters, continuing the modest recovery in recent months, but it still remains only marginally above the level recorded in the second quarter last year.

The overall increase in output was unevenly spread across the various sectors of manufacturing industry. Production of chemicals and man-made fibres increased by a healthy seasonally adjusted 3.1 per cent between the second and third quarters, but production of metals and other minerals declined sharply, according to figures published yesterday by the Central Statistical Office.

Output of consumer goods industries in the third quarter was only 1 per cent above the level recorded a year ago. The figures suggest that British industry is not producing demand which was 5 per cent high-er in the third quarter than a year

imported goods which bodes ill for Britain's balance of payments. The Central Statistical Office

said that in the three months to September manufacturing output rose 1 per cent above the previous three months while the overall output of Britain's production industries rose by 1.5 per cent.

Compared with the third quarter 1985, manufacturing output has risen by 1.0 per cent and overall production by 2.0 per cent.

Within total production - which gust. includes oil, gas and coal production and electricity generation - extraction of mineral oil and natural gas abnormal seasonal patterns and quarter totalled EA. Tonsaid there had been less impact this nance work in the North Sea.

tisticians noted that this sector appeared to move in e similar patter to overall manufacturing and could be a hopeful sign for a stronger allround performance by British in-

The CSO's index of manufacturing output stood at a provisional 105.6 (1980 - 100) in September compared with 1043 in the previous month. The industrial production index was at 111.3 (1980 = 100) in the latest month after 110.5 in Au-

Separate provisional figures pubhished yesterday by the Department of Trade and Industry show that rose sharply by 6.3 per cent be-tween the second and third quar-ters. The statisticians traced this to and financial industries in the third capital expenditure by the manu-This was virtually unchanged

nearly enough to satisfy consumer year than last because of mainte- from spending in the second quarter but almost 2 per cent lower than There was also a strong rise in in the third quarter of 1985.

TOTAL BRITISH PRODUCTION DOWN 7%

Austin Rover car output falls

Anatio Rover Range Rover

Group Total

MIME MONTHS CAR OUTPUT

Source: Society of Motor Manufacturers and

from 296,328 to 265,445 or by 18.4

The company's problems contin-

ned in the first 10 days of this

month and its share was down to

10,408 9,829

370,174 303,993

232,069 240,001

28,114 30,092 1,778 1,865

BY KENNETH GOODING, MOTOR INDUSTRY CORRESPONDENT

AUSTIN ROVER'S car output fell by 18.5 per cent to 293,585 in the first nine months of this year compared with the same period of 1985, reflecting the company's relatively poor showing in the UK new car

Both the other major UK-based manufacturers, Ford and General Motors, increased car output mareinally, but not enough to compen-sate for the Austin Rover shortfall. Consequently, total UK car production in the first nine months fell by 56,115 cars or 7 per cent to 741,161.
According to statistics to be pub-

lished shortly in the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders' Monthly Statistical Review, output was also adversely affected by a 5 from 206, per cent drop in the Pengeot Talbot per cent. total arising from problems with its Iran export contract. Austin Rover, part of the state-

owned Rover Group, has pushed up export sales so far this year but has suffered badly in the UK market from the uncertainties and unfavourable publicity generated by the major management shake up which included the appointment of Mr Graham Day as executive chairman

and managing director of Rover.

At the end of last month Austin. Rover's share of UK new car sales had fallen to 18 per cent compared with 18 per cent at the same time in 1985 and its unit sales had slipped

The Berry Trust: continuing to achieve outstanding growth.

Comparison of Total Return

(assuming dividends reinvested)

For a copy of the report and accounts of The Berry Trust PLC, contact Paul Freeman, GT Management PLC at 8th Floor, 8 Devonshire Square, London EC2M 4YJ. Telephone: 01-283 2575.

duction has been seriously affected 114,504 117,042 by the suspension of work on its Iran contract. This was once the British motor

industry's biggest single contract and in 1984 some 90,000 kits were shipped to Iran (for assembly into the Peykan, that country's best-selling car) worth £130m. But Iran no longer can find the

foreign currency to pay for the kits and none have left Britain since January when 7,800 were dispatched. Peugeot Talbot recently suspended work at the Stoke, Cov entry, factory, axing 150 jobs and

Both Ford and GM import from their European factories nearly half taking a stake in JRA, Rover's Ansthe cars they sell in the UK. They tralian subsidiary which is now the have been under pressure from the subject of a management buy-out. British Government to increase car The buy-out is Australia's biggest, output in the UK and the recent fall and when it is completed at the end in the value of the pound against of the year will result in up to 30 seother currencies makes this a mat- nior JRA executives and a group o ter of economic necessity.

Australian-based international investors holding 60 per cent of the

ber, Ford's car production had im- company.

proved by only 3.4 per cent to 240,001 while GM's output was up 2.2 per cent to 117,000 compared with the first nine months of 1985. Pengeot Talbot is now assemhing the Peugeot 309 from French kits for the UK market et its Ryton,

Coventry, factory but its total pro-

as underused and to ask him to use

the statutory procedures on more than 140 sites. 12.1 per cent compared with Forus laying off another 180.

28.11 per cent and GM's 17.5 per Chris Sherwell writes: Jaguar

Cars, the British huxury car mannfacturer, is to join Rover Group in

Planners reject City office plan

Financial Times Reported AN APPLICATION by MEPC, the property group, to re-develop a large part of London Wall on the edge of the City of London – a street of offices largely rebuilt in the 1960s

- has been rejected. Rejection will be seen as a setback to planning efforts to encourage development around the periphery of the City in order to preserve the historic centre

Sale of unused land to be enforced

By Josn Gray

THE GOVERNMENT intends to take new powers to force local authorities and nationalised indusries to sell 85,000 acres of unused land in their ownership.

Mr John Patten, Housing Minis ter, has told planners that he intends to legislate to speed up proce-dures for tackling the "scandal" of undernsed land owned by public

The proposed legislation will probably form part of e local gov-eroment bill being drafted for later in this session of parliament.

It will force owners to volunteer information about idle land for the Government's land register, and will streamline the procedures for directing them to sell unwanted

The Government has made a determined attack to get such land brought back into use, said Mr Patten. Since the registers of unused and neglected land were set up in 1981, over 40,000 of the 150,000 acres registered have been removed

because they have been brought into use by the owner or sold." The total area sold amounts to some 24,000 acres so far, but local authorities still own some 60,000 acres of underused land and nation-

alised industries about 25,000 acres. Mr Patten now wants all public sector landowners to speed up their programme of disposals voluntarily

sefore measures are taken to force them to sell. He is also encouraging pe draw attention to pieces of publicly owned land suitable for registration

his powers of directing them to sell Increasing numbers of such requests are being made," he said. "A substantial programme of forced disposal is underway, and as evidence of our determination to get land back into use we have initiated

However, the staintory procedures are elaborate, cumbersome and time consuming. We therefore propose new legislation to improve the database of idle land and to streamline the statutory proce-

Scottish demand for policy changes to halt industry drift

BY JAMES BUXTON, SCOTTISH CORRESPONDENT

of Glasgow College of Technology, said that where corporate mergers over the past decade. Since 1973 affecting regionally based companies were not amicably agreed they should be forbidden on regional tish economy relied heavily for emshould be forbidden on regional

Dr Buxton said that the Scottish economy was suffering heavily from the drift of decision-making to the south-east of Britain, as e result of takeovers and emergers. The

he said. Dr Burton was delivering the keynote address to the annual

URGENT CHANGES are needed in Council Development and Industry government competition policy to a two-day gathering at Gleneagles protect the interests of regions such Perthshire, of almost the whole of as Scotland and prevent control of Scotland's business political and important Scotlish companies drift- union leaderships.

ing away to the south east of Eng- His proposals on merger police ing away to the south east of eng-land, a conference in Scotland was were among a series of recommen-dations aimed at reversing what he told yesterday.

Dr Neil Buxton, deputy principal
of Glasgow College of Technology,

of Glasgow College of Technology,

or the vast decade. Since 1973 ployment on the North See oil in dustry and on new service indis-tries, neither of which was a very

secure base. He called for the devolution of power from Westminster to a Scottrend was accelerating since the tish Assembly as a long term mea-beginning of 1985 Scotland had lost sure aimed at reversing the drift of beginning of 1985 Scotland had so control of companies such as House of Fraser, the stores group, Arthur Bell, the whisky distillers, Coats Paton the textiles concern and Distillers the drinks group.

It often meant a departure from It often meant a departure from Scotland, It would put decision making into the hands of people who had first hand experience of the issues involved.

In the meantime, he said regional sid should be stepped up, and the

Scotland of skilled managers and final should be stepped up, and the nancial and legal specialists as well. Scotlish Development Agency as research and development work. (SDA), which worked for Scotland's economic regeneration, should in-tervene to help alling indigenous international forum of the Scottish Scottish companies

Thatcher gets Gorbachev letter on arms control

BY PETER RIDDELL, POLITICAL EDITOR

Margaret Thatcher, Prime Minister, on the eve of her departmenths and expert of European defence even if deep cuts are ter, on the eve of her departmenths agreed in US and Soviet strategic afternoon for talks in Washington this weekend with President Rea-

The Prime Minister saw Mr Leomd Zamyatin, the Soviet Ambassador, in London, for about 30 mithe Soviet Union.

British Government officials yes- . He said that in a pre-election at terday declined to comment on the content of the letter and denied that: US public to get a false impression Mrs Thatcher was acting in any way as an intermediary.

A PERSONAL message from Mr Mrs Thatcher has made plain Mikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet lead-that Britain should maintain its nu-

Ahead of the meeting, Dr David Owen leader of the Social Demo-cratic Party (SDP), sent a long let-ter to Mrs Thatcher asking her to emphasise to President Reaga javik summit between the US and ment to remove US nuclear bases from Britain

> mosphere it could be easy for the because of the use of the genera hised term opposition.

Gas shares 'will be under 150p'

finder prospectus, Mr Michael Richardson, of NM Rothschild, the merchant bankers, said yesterday.

The assurance came despite fresh evidence of the enormous interest created by the sale. The lat-est survey of public response, published yesterday, shows that one-m-three - or 15m - people in the UK are interested in buying British Gas shares, while 5m seem certain to buy them.

m e series of surveys which show that public awareness of the issue has now risen to 87 per cent of the

population.

Meanwhile, the number of inves tors registering their interest is still going up, with the latest figures showing nearly 8m inquiries. The lists for registering are due to close by this weekend, and Rothschild is not expecting any last-minute dash of callers.

Mr Richardson said that the The research, commissioned by Mr Richardson said that the Dewe Rogerson, the public relations group which has managed the private investors applying for large

BRITISH GAS shares are "almost marketing of the issue, is based on numbers of shares would be likely certain to be priced at less than the 2,000 responses from people to get a decent sized allocation, maximum 150p set out in the Paththroughout Britain. It is the latest If—as Rothschild expects—the sue is more than twice subscribed about two-thirds of the shares will go to the public. Unlike previous is sues, "people should be able to get a proper amount of shares this time. With 4.5m shares available to the public. I think there will be enough to go round," Mr Richardson said.

On the subject of multiple appli-cations, he said that the most sophisticated computer methods yet employed would be used to weed out investors putting in more than one application form.

Virgin flotation, Page 17

APPOINTMENTS

Chairman of Clarke Construction

Mr J. A. G. Clarke has been appointed chairman of CLARKE Edward Brocklebank, production CONSTRUCTION, building subsidiary of the Clarke Group. He manager. was appointed a non-executive director of Clarke Securities, the director of Clarke Securities, the parent company, earlier this year. Before joining the group, Mr Clarke was group chief executive of the Bath & Portland Group. Following its acquisition by Cousolidated Gold Fields in 1985 he became e consultant to ARC, the parent company of Consolidated Gold Field's nonmining interests. nining interests.

Mr Philip Davies has been appointed chairman and chief executive of BRITISH MAGAexecutive of BRITISH MAGA-ZINE PUBLISHING CORPORA-TION, publishers of Banking World and Sportsweek among other titles. He recently left the Ladhroke Group where he ran the Home and Law magazine division. Ms Della Sar becomes marketing director of Pergamon Journals on January 2. Bolb companies are in the BPCC group.

Mr A. C. Warren has been appointed senior intercational executive trade related services. with NATIONAL WEST-MINSTER BANK'S international -banking division, based in London. He was a senior vice president with the bank's execu-tive office North America, in New York.

After 14 years as managing director of PAPROPACK, Ruli, Mr Jeremy Simpson hecomes a non-executive director, to devote more time to his chairmanship of Gordon Russell, in which he has a major shareholding. Tak-ing over many of bis responsi-

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ERNST & WHINNEY has admitted as a partner Mr Ivan Carruthers, who will be based in Belfast. He will become head of the firm's Northern Ireland tax practice, and was formerly district inspector of tax with the loland Revenue and senior tax strategy.

EMI RECORDS (UK) has appointed Mr David Munus as director of artists and repertoire and Mr Andrew Pryer as director—pop marketing, from December 1. Mr Munus was director artists development, and Mr Pryor was general manager, EMI label division.

Mr H. A. Fane has been appointed executive chairman of CENTRAL TRAILER RENTAL, Bromley, a member of the Tipbook group. He was managing director, and is succeeded by Mr E. A. Clemson, previously sales director.

Mr Ralph Jessop, managing director of Crowcon Instruments,

Dr Raffaele Lombardini, general manager, Europe, has been appointed en international director et MIDLAND BANK INTERNATIONAL from January 1. He will also advise the chief executive international, on in-vestment and private banking Mr Christopher Wates has been appointed for e further

been appointed for a further three years as chairman of ENGLISH ESTATES. He is chairman and chief executive of Wates Building Group. Mr. J. C. Macferlane, vice president for UK operations of Cumming Engine Co Inc, has been reappointed to the hoard of English Estates for a similar period.

TECHNICAL COMPONENT INDUSTRIES, Chesterfield, has appointed Mr. Denis A. Rebson, a senior partner at Cooper Lancaster, as deputy chairman. Also joining the board is Mr. Michael J. Wells, managing director of Ancon Stainless Steel Fixings, which was acquired by TCI last July.

To market **UK** airport expertise

The group services division of BAA, based et Gatwick Airport, is to appoint its first director of marketing. From early 1937 Mr Michael Halper will spearhead the drive to sell BAA's expertise to potential users at home and abroad. BAA bas also taken over the consultancy operations of its associated company, British Air-ports International, leaving that company free to concentrate on airport management. Mr Haiper transfers from BAI where he is currently managing director.

Mr Harry Hemens has been appointed to the newly created post of managing director, com-mercial operations, at SODA-STREAM. He was managing director, UK divisim. He joined as marketing director in 1979.

Appointed directors of HESEL-TINE, MOSS & CO., a member of the Brown Shipley Group, as: Mr Philip Michael Dyson (Read-in); Mr Denis McSweeney and Mr David Harold Ings (London); and Mr Jeremy John Mudford (Chichester).

2 DAY CONFERENCE 25th and 26th November 1986

PENSIONS

After the Legislation For details please attach your business card to this advertisement and send to:—

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nutes when he gave her Mr Gorba- that the Alliance parties do not chev's letter. This contains "some share in any way the Labour Par-ideas for consideration" on arms ty's unilaterialist approach to Brit-control following last month's Reyk-iah nuclear weapons or its commit-

Girl Monday.

UK NEWS

for AE with higher offer

TURNER & NEWALL (T&N), the TURNER & NEWALL (T&N), the mining, automotive and engineer it already holds 29.9 per cent of AE ing company yesterday renewed and increased its hitterly contested bid for engineering group AE and narrows topped the agreed offer made earlier in the month by Mr Robert Maxwell's Hollis Group.

T&N narrowly failed to win control of AE in September and in nor-mal circumstances would not have been allowed by the Takeover Pan-el to re-bid for another 12 months.

After last month's Penel inquiry into the failure by AE's advisers to disclose indemnity agreements those advisers were consured and T&N was freed to bid again at any time and in any form.

The new offer, which is final and closes on December 5, is 11 T&N shares plus £3 in cash for every 10 AE shares which values each AE share at about 271p and the whole company at £271m about 6 per cent above its last offer. The Hollis offer

bought before the last offer lapsed in September. The company said yesterday that holders of a further 14 per cent of AE had stated that "it is their present intention" to accept the new T&N offer.

Sir Francis Tombs, chairman of T&N, said the offer had been renewed because we still believe in the powerful industrial logic of com-bining the two companies." He added that the Hollis offer had no industrial logic and that the AE management had destroyed their credibility by agreeing it.

Hollis is a small publicly-quoted timber merchant and furnitme

manufacturer which is controlled by Mr Maxwell's Pergamon Press and made pre-tax profit of £770,000 on turnover of £52m in 1985. It has recently become a vehicle for Mr Maxwell'a interest in engineering and has just acquired two struggling companies with engineering

No further money for teachers, Baker says

BY PETER RIDDELL AND DAVID BRINDLE

NO MORE government money will within the next week or two. It may be made available to finance a teachers' pay deal, Mr Kenneth Baker, the Education Secretary, said in the House of Commons yes-

He underlined the Government's tough line of appealing over the head of the teachers, arguing that any further disruption would not be lightly forgiven by parents and the

Mr Baker declined to comment on the negotiations between the from parents. employers and the unions. The Government would judge any outcome of the negotiations against the background of the conditions and teachers' duties and responsibilities

already specified.

machinery.
Mr Baker said that it was up to the local education authorities to enforce such contracts and it is like-ly that the bill will tighten the legal requirements for authorities to en-

force contracts against teachers, or otherwise face possible legal action His statement came as the local authority employers and teaching unions were edging towards majori-ty agreement at the London head-

quarters of the conciliation service, Acas, on the sixth day of talks be-tween the two sides. A final docu-A bill, probably with reserve powers to impose a settlement on the ment is due to be considered for apteachers if necessary, is expected proval today.

Key Issues to be discussed:

prospects for closer European collaboration?

Speakers taking part include:

Mr Geoffrey Pattie, MP Minister of State for Industry

Mr Morris Tanenbaum

United Telecommunications Inc

Mr Robert J Eckenrode

Date and Venue:

1st and 2nd December, 1986

Telecommunications

Hotel Inter.Continental, London

and Information Technology

Mr Paul Henson

Nynex Corporation

Turner returns | Virgin share flotation attracts 50,000 tender applications

BY TERRY POVEY

plications for shares, a jubilant Mr Richard Branson, the entertainment company's founder, said yes-terday morning shortly after the of-fer for sale by tender closed.

In the two final hours before the In the two final hours before the 10am deadline, more than 5,000 people queued outside Lloyds Bank in Blahopagate, City of London. At one stage the ribbon of application holders stretched virtually all the way round the block. Sober-suited City gents, new issue veterans and an unusually high number of younger people rubbed shoulders in good-

Share price

computers

fail again

THE London Stock Exchange's

troubled computerised price in-formation service was again sus-

and market makers and broker/ dealers were forced to trade "altind" over the telephone inter-

hone for part of the day beca

Morgan Guaranty.

A FINANCIAL TIMES CONFERENCE

World

Telecommunications

challenges unleashed by policy changes in the US and Britain, and what are the

What are the prospects for equipment manufacturers in increasingly competitive

How can business users get the most out of the new opportunities available to them?

Sir George Jefferson, CBE

Compagnia Generale d'Electricita (CGE)

British Telecommunications PLC

Netherlands Postal & Telecommunications Services

 How have the recent upheavals in the US market altered the pattern of competition, and what are the likely future trends in American policy?

How are continental European countries responding to the competitive

What new types of telecommunications-based services are being planned internationally, and who will provide them?

Mr Masashi Kojima Nippon Telegraph and

Telephone Corporation

Mr Pierre Suard

By Alan Cane

THE FLOTATION of Virgin Group humoured fashion as they jostled to has attracted more than 50,000 spect through the doors.

Bank staff in Bishopsgate, vete has attracted more than 50,000 spect through the doors.

Through the offer of up to 50m shares at a minimum price of 120p, Virgin and its existing shareholders will raise £60m. Morgan Grenfell, the merchant bank advising Virgin on the flotation, expects to be able to set a striking price on the shares today - although deliberations over the desired mix of shareholders could prove to be lengthy.

At another Lloyds Bank branch, 90 staff have begun the counting and sorting of the more than 100 sacks of share application forms that have been received.

ans of many a flotation, were intrigued and amused to have Mr Bran son, sporting his usual pullover and a well photographed odd pair of shoes, moving among would-be in-vestors autographing prospectuses. However now Virgin and its ad-visers – Morgan Grenfell and stock-brokers Rowe & Pitman – face diffi-

cult decisions. Mr Branson told well-wishers that he was very keen that the striking price should be set low enough so as to allow all sharebolders to make some money and stressed that he wanted as many shares as possible to go to small in

Brierley raises stake in Ocean Transport

BY NEKKI TAIT

MR RON BRIERLEY, the New Zealand entrepreneur whose £306m bid momentum going.
for Ocean Transport & Trading closes next week, yesterday announced that he had snapped up a mediately. "Every share we buyfurther 13.6 per cent stake in his target - taking his total stake to
23.6 per cent.

Meanwhile, Australian businessman, Mr John Spalvins, disto its stake in OT&T, purchasing closed a 6.2 per cent stake in Bine another 200,000 shares at an aver-

"hind" ever the telephone intermittently through the day.

The Seaq (Stock exchange automated quetations) service was suspended for two separate periods, the first delaying the start of the mandatory quote period by 11 minutes, the second a half been been been. At least eight major market makers had to trade on the telephone for part of the day because they were unable to put in quotes or deals to Seag. They included: Country Securities, Merrill Lynch, Scringeour Vickers, Morgan Grenfell, R. A. McLean, Kleinwart Grieveson, Drenel and

Only 24 hours earlier, Mr Russell Goward, another Australian and former protege of Mr Brieriey's, de-clared an increased 14.96 per cent interest in motor vehicle distributor When the information service

When the information service is interrupted, market participants are obliged under new rules set early last meath, to trade to the "heat advantage" rather than the "best excention". The evidence is that dealers find the less of Seag information for short periods of time, which has characterised the service since like Rang, or deregolation. Mr. Brieriey's new holding was hought by IEP (UK), the subsidiary which is making the cash-only lid, at the hid price of 260p a share. Commenting on the purchases, Mr. Brieriey said they were "psycholog-" (OT & T Defence Document Page 31) March 31, since Big Bang, or deregulation, two weeks ago, an incovenience

closed a 6.2 per cent stake in Blue another 200,000 shares at an aver-Circle Industries - Britain's largest age price of 250p. That takes its to-cement manufacturer - bought via tal holding to 15.2m shares of 13.28 a subsidiary of Adelaida Steemship, per cent. The offer - already in-where ha is managing director. where he is managing director.

Adelaide Steamship is a diversifitiongh it could be extended another

ed investment group, whose interests range from food and wine to timber, retailing, optical goods and property. It already holds a 13 per stake in BCI has been rife recently. cent stake in one UK quoted compeThe 8.175m shares are thought to
ny. Coates Brothers, which makes
and distributes printing ink. It also
Grenfell Securities, though Morgan
Cement & Lime in Australia.

Coates are thought to
have been bought through Morgan
and distributes printing ink. It also
Grenfell Securities, though stockholds 10.6 per cent of Queensland
Cement & Lime in Australia.

Only 10 through the Broad

BCI, which has faced trading problems in the UK said that there had been no contact with Mr Spal-Lookers, purchased through all and gas group Charterhall which he now controls.

When the man is not deep what his future intentions were. In Angust BCI reported a £10m fall in first-half profits from a restated £52.5m. vins and it had no idea what his for

Wellcome to set up plant for Aids drug

By Tony Jackson

WELLCOME, the UK drug company, is to spend up to £20m on new manufacturing plant in the UK and US to make exidothymidine (AZT), for the treatment of Aids.

The group said it would spend £9.5m on new capacity at Dartiord, near London, and the remainder at its US plant in Greenville, North

Wellcome denied press reports that restricted supply of the drug was due to lack of manufacturing

was due to lack of manufacturing capacity. Patients were being supplied with AZT, the group said, only if they satisfied certain criteria.

Dr Ronald Cresswell, the group's research director, said "we are dealing with a drug which is efficacious but which is not a cure, and has considerable toxicity." Stressing that the drug was still in the early stages of development, he said "it is necessary to make sure it goes to the right patients, that is the very sick."

Wellcome applies various criteria in deciding whether Aids sufferers should be supplied with the drug. the main one being that patients should have already had one bout of a condition known as pareumocystitis carinii pneumonia. In general, Wellcome said, the drug was being given to those who would otherwise have only six months to a year to

were up to 6,000 patients fitting that criteria in the US, and up to 500 in

Short Brothers under review By Michael Donne

A REVIEW of the strategic plans of Short Brothers, the state-owned Belfast-based aircraft maker is being undertaken by the Governm

The aim is to see how its overall performance can be improved. The Government has also authorised a new external funding limit of £36m for the company in 1988-87

Gestetner sale may further jolt copier market in Europe

By Terry Dodgworth

photocopier market may be on the verge of taking a new step forward following the news that Gestetner, the grand old name of the UK duplicator industry, may be up for sale.

For years, European companies have beer falling like ninepins in the face of the analought of more aggressive US and Japanese competitors. Gestetner, which suspended its shares earlier this week, have been been expedients a minimum. has long been considered a prime candidate for takeover.

Gestetner's attraction, which more lay in its product line, is now centred on its distribution network. Abound 9,000 of its employees work in marketing against only 2,000 in manufacturing, which was severely pruned during the recession in the early 1980s. Moreover, this sales organisation is very widely flung across the world.

In the year to November, only 13 er cent of the group's turnover was n the UK. The EEC accounted for 36 per cent, the rest of Europe for 5 per cent, the Americas for 29 per nt and Africa, Asia and Australa-

Analysis argue that the current Analysis argue that the current market price of Gesteiner, at around £86m, would be steep for a company with sales last year of only £388m, and profits which are again under pressure this year. Some also argue that its sales organization of the company of the c nisation is poorly adapted to selling the high speed, high resolution cop-lers which are taking over the rerographics industry.

Yet the Gestetner move comes at reparty reshuffled in the industry.

Only three months ago, the European market received a severe jolt from the imposition of a severe jolt. from the imposition of average anti-dumping import duties of 15.8 per cent on Japanese copier machines.

This step by the EEC was expect-ed to be followed by more moves by Japanese copier companies to man-ulacture in Europe. Indeed, Minolta, the Japanese consumer products company, took a 75 per cent stake in Develop, a West German group, only this summer.

Ironically, Develop was one of the companies participating in the camropean copier market, and support-ed by Oce of the Netherlands - a

THE SHAKE-OUT in the European similar but more successful compa-photocopier market may be on the verge of taking a new step forward France and Olivetti of Italy.

All of these European-based companies have been under acute pres-sure from the Japanese drive into the market According to the European Commission, about a dozen Japanese producers today supply around 85 per cent of the \$1hm worth of copiers sold in the EEC.

They have established a virtual stranglehold on the bottom end of the market for cheaper machines (indeed, Fuji Xerox, the Japanese affiliate of Xerox of the US, the ultimate owner of Rank Xerox, supplies the UK-based company with its low-end machines) and are now moving fast into the sector for more sophisticated products.

Gestetner itself has linked un Gesustier men has insket up with a Japanese company, Mita, to supply its own range of copiers, which it has added to its traditional duplicator line and a newer desktop publishing venture.

The two companies are roughly of the same size, and work closely together. Mr David Gesteiner, one of the joint chairmen, said recently that he had known the Mita family since 1970.

Mita, however, was later into Europe than most of its Japanese rivals. Canon the leading Japanese
copier group in the EEC already
has well-established plants in
France and West Germany, and is
currently expanding its West Germany operation. Ricch has a UK
plant and is now adding an addiplant, and is now adding an addi-tional line to it, while Sharp has

The new duties have put increas-ing pressure on all of these companies to produce more of their prod ucts in Europe. In addition, they are facing the problem of a rapidly ap-preciating yen over the last two years, which has pared their profit margins appreciably.

The development of Japanese copier manufacturing in Europe may be slower than the Japanese companies themselves would like, because the complexity of the mapaign to bring a dumping action chines makes it more difficult for against the Japanese – a process that was led by Rank Xerox, which claims to have 14 per cent of the European contag market and numerate such as typewriters. But no one such as typewriters. But no one doubts that Japanese manufacturing is coming to the EEC to stay.



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WORLD STOCK MARKET

CHECK EVERY DAY IN THE FT

Costs of electronics 'a threat to banks'

By Hugo Dixon

EUROPE'S banks are in danger of being landed with all the costs of operating new electronic payment systems. Intensified competition from other financial institutions and retailers, who are nibbling away at their market product by product, will put them under further pressure over the next 15

These are the main conclusions of a survey of 50 European bankers conducted by Retail Banker International. Not all of Europe's banks fective payments systems today are paradoxically likely to be the most inefficient tomorrow, the survey

Germany, Holland, Switzerland, Belgium, Austria and Sweden have the most efficient payments systems today, according to the survey. The UK, France, Spain and Italy have the least efficient. However, precisely because of this inefficiency, their banks have had every incentive to invest in new technology and this will cut their costs in the

The report divides banks into similar camps when assessing their ability to pass on the costs of running the payments system to those who use it. The "German" group is going to have a difficult time doing this because it relies so much on eurocheques and guarantee cards, which it does not charge retailers for cashing. When the electronic transfer of funds is introduced in these countries, it will be based on will be hard to charge the retailer. Bankers and Payments, £245, from Lafferty Publications, 2 Pear Tree Court, ECIR ODS

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CBI/FINANCIAL TIMES DISTRIBUTIVE TRADES SURVEY

Retail sales lower than expected

but are expected to pick up again in November, according to the Confederation of British Industry. Introducing the latest CBI and Fi-

nancial Times survey of retailers, wholesalers and motor traders, Mr John Salisse, chairman of the CBI survey panel, said retail sales last month were still higher than the relatively low levels seen in October last year but, contrary to expectations, were lower than the very tember level.

Sales so far in November remain booyant. Retail sales continue to be boosted by strong growth in real in-comes and the availability of credit. Earlier this week, the Department

and covers 610 firms.

ber and were the most positive about sales in November, The balance of retailers reporting

sales higher than a year ago fell from 66 per cent in September, which was the highest for over two years, to 51 per cent in October. For November, a balance of 55 per cent

RETAIL SALES in Britain were of Trade and Industry reported a rise as fast in October as had been a year ago rose to 46 per cent, the lower than anticipated in October sharp rise in advances of consumer expected in September. A balance highest since February and a bal-The survey was conducted be-tween October 17 and November 6

November.

The survey was conducted be-tween October 17 and November 6

November. credit in September to a total of of 34 per cent placed more orders ance of 56 per cent saw sales in-

The balance of retailers reporting Clothing shops and retailers of stocks which were too high in rela-household taxtiles and furniture re-tion to expected sales rose to 20 per tion to expected sales rose to 20 per ported the best sales growth in Oc-tober and were the most positive evident since April and reflecting the slower than expected sales growth in October.

In contrast to the retail sector, October faster than had been expected in September and further growth is expected in November. expects increased sales.

The balance of respondents to the Survey reporting sales higher than

For both October and November, the durable household goods and other goods sectors were the most positive about sales growth while wholesalers of industrial materials and farm machinery once again reported lower sales volumes than a year ago. Orders placed by whole salers in October were also above expectations

Taking all sectors together, the balance of respondents reporting higher sales in October compared with a year ago fell to 43 per cent from the relatively high 49 per cent reported in September

for TV

quotas

was told yesterday.

criticised

EUROPEAN Commission plans for

a minimum quota of EEC-made pro-

grammes on all Community televi-

sion channels could significantly effect the prospects of Britain's direct broadcasting by satellite (DBS) pro-ject, a House of Lords committee

Lord Thomson, chairman of the

ty, told the House of Lords Select

Committee on the European Com-

munities that such quotas would be

The draft directive which grev

Independent Broadcasting Authori

are equally vulnerable, though, and those which have the most cost edfective newments systems index are fective newments systems index are for oil-to-coal conversions

GOVERNMENT GRANTS for con- couraged cash-starved energy users coal are to be scrapped next year plant, boosting coal orders by some despite claims that they are vital if Im tonnes e year.

British Coal is to continue expandHowever, Mr Walker, who has ing its industrial market.

Mr Peter Walker, Energy Secretary, told MPs yesterday that the scheme, to which the Government has committed some £75m over the past four years, would end next

He broke the news to the House of Commons select committee for energy which had been told by British Coal last week that the scheme was "more vital than ever" to ensure further conversions of oil-fired boilers to solid fuel.

In the past four years, the Government has allocated £75m to cover grants of up to 25 per cent of converting heating equipment across a wide range of industry, commerce and agriculture. According to British Coal, the pendence on imported oil. availability of these grants has en-

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verting British factories from oil to to invest some £300m in new boiler

previously extended the deadline of the scheme, told the committee yesterday that it would be termina in June. Officials later added that there was no question of any un-spent grant money being available fter that date.

The switch to coal has been at a standstill for more than a year because of the collapse of the oil price.
Despite the recent hardaning of oil
prices, heavy fuel oil, which coal
seeks to displace, is still 40 per cent
cheaper than a year ago.

The grants were originally
launched against the beckground of
the second small oil price shock

the second world oil price shock and were regarded as part of the strategic decision of the European Economic Community to reduce de-However, Mr Walker insisted

Lloyds Bank builds business role

clear industry.

tround the UK.

The intention is to set up special but will be able to give more special bank's commercial service, ly trained teams to give immediate claimst advice.

sion, was crowned by his nine years

with the Nuclear Power Company. College, London.

Nuclear industry pioneer dies

DR Norman Franklin, who has died He was its first chairman and me-

aged 62, made a major contribution naging director, responsible for de-

to the development of the UK nu-clear industry.

His career, which mirrors the in- he continued as managing director,

dustry's steady growth and expan-sion, was crowned by his nine years of nuclear engineering at Imperial

yesterday that the prime justifica-tion for the grants in Britain had been to help to use up some of the large stocks of surplus coal As stocks had now been run down, this justification had ended. Anothe reason for scrapping the grants may be that it is seen as unfair to help coal at the expense of oil at a time when the number of jobs at risk in the UK oil supplies industry is rivalling that in the coalfields.

Paradoxically, though, the scheme's end has been amounced at the beight of British Coal's efforts to revive the movement back to coal. Mr David Hunt, coal minister, will to-day switch on a \$1.2m plant at GEC Coventry, which will burn some 10,000 tonnes of coal a

"a very real problem" for a project that could cost between £300m-It is one of nine major so which British Coal says will be out of the Community green paper (discussion document) Television opened by the end of 1987. They represent an investment of £85m and will in total burn almost 1m Without Frontiers is designed to create a common market in broad-

DAL NUCLEAR CORPORATION IN

One of its provisions is for a min mum quota of 30 per cent EECmade programmes rising to 60 per cent. The Community's public service broadcasters would have no difficulty meeting such quotes as LLOYDS Bank is building up its service to the middle range corporate now operating from six offices, the clients on a wide range of financing rate market in the UK by expanding its special units in key areas function by early 1988. their own programmes would be included but new projects could be ef-

Lord Thomson said that most of the five consortia applying for the three channel British DBS franchise were planning a film channe in some form.

An effective film channel would be very difficult with such quotes in place. It would mean "early Ealing comedies and some abstract German - with sub-titles" the IBA chairman said. Given the British on to go ahead with DBS, th IBA was determined to do it well.

the future of DBS, Lord Thomson, as opposed to the principle of the EEC trying to harmonise broadcast ing standards which involved issues of regional and national identity.

Apart from the possible effects on

Once the principle was accepted that these matters should be admin istered by the Commission, it would I think be an unnecessary added piece of bureaucracy."

Lord Thomson argued that the Council of Europe, which brought together all the nations of Europe, could provide a more appropriate framework than the EEC for coo ventions on trans-border television The BBC is tightening up its ap proach to guidelines on violence fol owing the work of a committee set up by Mr Alasdair Milne, the direc

Shorter, clearer guidelines have been produced and a video has been made for internal use giving exam-ples of decision-making in the main areas of concern - news, drama and purchased programmes.

AN ARBITRATION may be abandoned by silence and inactivity if careful scrutiny of the evidence shows that the claimant's conduct entitled the respondent to assume and he did assume (perhaps mistakenly) that there was an offer to abandon, or the delay was such that he would reasonably

have ceased to think about the arbitration at all. Mr Justice Staughton so held when giving judgment for the plaintiff charterers. Excomm Ltd. on their claim for a declaration that a cargo arbitration commenced against them in 1975 by ship owners. Guan Guan Shipping (Pte) Ltd.

THE GOLDEN BEAR

Two classes of dispute arose. One concerned shortage and damage to cargo. The other con-

cerned demurrage.
For a long time the two disputes proceeded along parallel lines. It was not until 1983 that any single person in the shipowners' organisation had knowledge of both disputes.

The cargo dispute was covered by the owners' liability insurance with a protection and indemnity (P and I) club. It was dealt with by the owners' claims department and by the club's managers. The demurrage dispute was the responsibility of the owners' chartering and liners department

There came about two arbi-trations between shipowners and charterers, the cargo arbi-tration and the demurrage arbitration.
In she cargo arbitration

In the cargo arbitration arbitrators were appointed in December 1975. The next occasion when the charterers or their agents heard of tha claim was in October 1983, nearly eight years later.

On Fahruary 27 1985 the charterers commenced the present action seeking a declaration that the arbitration had

tion that the arbitration had been abandoned or rescinded and was at an end.

The demurrage arbitration. was between the same parties made and satisfied.

and the same arbitrators were: That must be something to sppointed. They appointed an be taken into account, though unpite, and he awarded that no single person in the owners' the owne the owners' claim succeeded. All concerned closed their

for the owners, knew nothing of the demurrage dispute and did not close their cargo claim file. It was still active, but the charterers did not know that until October 1988.

No one at the charterers was said to have taken a decision consciously to treat the cargo claim as abandoned.

As to the practice of those concerned in arbitrations, the evidence was that the majority of arbitrations started were never followed up.

It was now nearly six years since Lord Diplock said in Bremer Vulkan [1981] AC 909, 988: "Both parties... are under a mutual obligation to join in applying to the arbitrator... to put an end to the delay."

Referenced since the loss se Before and since the law as thus stated had been generally

if not universally disregarded, for what might be thought to be sound commercial reasons. Nevertheless, Lord Diplock's principle was the law. It had been reassirmed since in Hannah

Blumenthal [1983] AC 854.
The issue in the present case
was, inter alia, whether the cargo arbitration had

Queen's Bench Division (Com-

Arbitration abandoned by

in The Leonidas D [1985] 1 WLR 925 was binding. It mercial Court): Mr Justice decided that the test for agree-Staughton: November 5 1986 ment to abandon was to be found in Lord Brightman's speech in Hannah Blumenthal. and that silence and inactivity were not, in the case before it, sufficient to amount to offer

and acceptance.

What gave rise to difficulty was whether, since that decision, silence and inactivity could ever amount to offer or acceptance, even if lasting for 20 or 30 years.

In Leonidas D Lord Justice Robert Gost observed at page 937 that in the ordinary way silence and inaction would be no basis for the inference of an offer to make a contract, or of an acceptance. He considered the facts of Leonidas D—which was a case of five years' delay and nothing else—and con-cluded that neither offer nor acceptance would be inferred.

very carefully before drawing the inference that they did. A contract to abandon an arbitration could be made in that

tration could be made in that manner, although the evidence required careful scrutiny.

The first question Leonidas D required the court to answer was, did the owners appear to be offering to agree that the reference should be abandoned? Evidence that the owners did not in fact have any intention of abandoning was accepted. But what had to be considered was whether their conduct entitled the charterers to assume they were offering to

There had been total silence, so far as the charterers were aware, for nearly eight years. That, on any view, was a very

But it was also part of the background that a great many arbitrations in this field - the majority according to the evidence — were started but not continued; and that express abandonment was the exception rather than the rule.

Furthermore, for part of the eight years the same parties were actively engaged in arbitrating another dispute arising out of the same contract before the same arbitrators, until eventually an award was

organisation or acting on their behalf knew the full facts, and files on the demurrage claim. those acting on behalf of the The P & I club's managers, who charterers who knew the full were handling the cargo claim facts might not have had them

FROM:

silence and inactivity agreement between the parties, the facts about the demurrage.

The Court of Appeal decision arbitration. The decision was based on silence and inactivity It alone.

Of course, there must always be a possibility that the in-ference drawn would later prove mistaken. The law did not require absolute clarity. It was sufficient that the fair inference to be drawn was that

The second question was, did the charterers in fact assume the owners were offering to

It could scarcely be said that the charterers did in fact-assume that the owners were offering to abandon; the char-terers or their agents had for-gotten all about the case and did not assume anything.

There was no reason why if should, in practice, make any difference whether the respon-dent in fact assumed the claimant was offering to abandon, or would have made that assumption if he had thought about the case at all.

. The older a case was, the less likely it was that the re-apondent would give it con-sideration from time to time. When it was so old that he had ceased to consider it at all, a fortiori, the doctrine of abandonment, should apply.

Lord Brightman and Lord Justice Robert Geff were con-cerned to exclude the case where, although the claiment appeared to be offering to abandon, the respondent knew or believed that in fact he was not. They did not intend to exclude the case where the re-spondent reasonably did not think about the claim at all but if he had done so would have assumed the claimant was

offering to abandon. That was the present case. The second question should be answered in favour of the

Third, it must be shown that the charterers, by their con-duct, accepted the owners offer. Given that silence and inactivity could constinte acceptance, it was found that they did.

It followed that the refere the arbitration agreement and by agreement between the parties.

For the charterers: David Grace QC (Middleton Potts &

For the shipowners: Richard Aihens QC (Ince & Co).

By Rachel Davies Barristes

THESE REPORTS are pubactively in mind.

The conclusion was that the owners' conduct entitled the charterers to assume they were charterers to assume they were to abandon.

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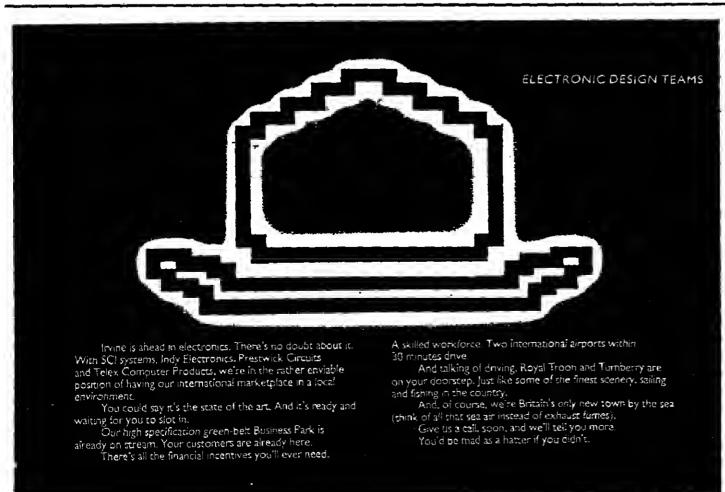
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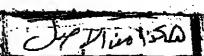


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Financial Times Friday November 14 1986

Secretary of the second

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e'd like to tell you about a new personal computer.

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November 14, 1986

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Finance N.V. that, pursuant to the provisions of the Fiscal and Paying Agency Agreement dated as of December 10, 1980 and the Notes, Beneficial Overseas Finance N.V. intends to redeem on December 10, 1986 all of its outstanding Notes, at a redemption price equal to 101% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

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thall cease to accrue.

BENEFICIAL OVERSEAS FINANCE N.V.

By: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company OF NEW YORK, Fiscal and Paying Agent

Dated: November 6, 1986

THE ARTS

Opera and Ballet

LONDON

Boyal Opera, Covent Garden: The new production of Jenufa – conducted by Bernard Haitink, produced by Yury Lyubimov (London opera debut) – is

Lyubimov (Loudon opera debut) – is one of the most keenly awaited events on the 1986 operatic calendar. Ashley Putnam, another London debutante, takes the title role, and the cast also includes Eva Randova, Philip Langridge and Neil Rosenschein. Last performances of the Traviata revival with Reins Cotrobas taking over from the indisposed Lucia Aliberti. (240 1060)
Soglish National Opera, Coliseum: The new production of Cavalleria Rusticans and I Pagliacci (the two done as one) has many incongruities, and one or two serious weaknesses of casting, but is all the same a bright, effective show. Jane Eaglen steals the honours as Santuzza, and Nicholas Folwell is an impressive Tonio. Further performances of the interestingly sober Eno Rape of Lucretia, with Jean Rigby, Russell Smythe, Anthony Rolfe Johnson, and Kathryn Harries; and of the Verenter and Carendaria Smythe, Antiony Rolle Johnson, and Kathryn Harries; and of the Jonathan Miller production of The Mileado, stripped of all Japanese as-sociations. (8383161) adler's Wells, Rosebery Avenue: Lon-don Contemporery Dance Theatre

opens its annual season with a triple bill on Tuesday. (278 8916).

PARIS

Offenbach's La Belle Hélèns with the title role sung by Eva Saurova/Val-érie Marestin and that of Paris sung by Pierre Catala/Roger Pujol. Thee-tre de Paris (4374 1075). ozzek conducted by Lother Zagro-sek in the production by Buth us. Paris Opera. (42665022)

ITALY

Trieste: Teatro Comunale Giuseppe Verdi: Verdi's Rigoletto conducted by Hubert Soudant and directed by Lamberto Puggelli (San Carlo di Na-poli production). Cast includes Susie Jo, Gioria Scalchi, John Rawnsley and Antonio Sevastano. (Fri]. Also Bellini's Norma, conducted by Rom-ano Gandolfi with Katia Ricciarelli, Elena Ziño, Carlo Cossutta and Rob-erto Scandiuzzi. (Tue) (631948). Turin, Teatro Regio: Wagner's L'Oro del Reno conducted by Zoltan Pasko and directed by Ganfranco de Bo-

and directed by Gianfrenco de Bo-sio, sung in the original language with one Italian soprano (Stella Di-az) and an otherwise entirely German cast (Fri, Son, Tue).

WEST GERMANY

Berlin, Deutsche Oper: Eugen Onegin is revived with Daphne Evangela-

Music

LONDON

Revel Choral Society and London Philnic Orchestra conducted Laszlo Heltay with Gillah Yaron, soprano. Bruckner and Mendels-sohn (Mon). Royal Festival Hall (9283191). Williamonia Orchesira conducted by Balart Cohen,

hillarmonia Orchestra conducted by Mariss Yansons with Robert Cohen, cello. Prokofiev, Rachmaninov and Tchaikovsky. Royal Festival Hall (Tue). condon Cancert Choir and London

Bach Orchestra conducted by Don-aid Cashmore with soloits, Mozart Queen Elizabeth Hall (Tue). (326 3191).

John Lill, piano. Beethoven sonatas. Barbican Hall (Tue). (6388891). Boyal Philharmonic Orchestra conducted by Antal Dorati with Yehudi ducted by Antal Dorati with Yehndi Menuhin and Leland Chen, violin. Händel/Beecham, Haydn, Chamson, Bach and Delius. Royal Festival Hall (Wed). BBC Symphony Orchestra conducted by Gunter Wand, Beethoven and Brucknar. Royal Festival Hall (Thur).

(Thur).

Academy of St Martin-in-the-Fields directed by Iona Brown, violin with George Malcolm, harpsichord. Bach. Queen Elizabeth Hall (Thur). Lendon Symphony Orchestra conducted by Michael Tilson-Thomas with Pro Musica Chorus and soloists. Stravinsky and Beethoven. Barbican Hall (Thur).

Peter Dwurky, tenor, Ludovit Mar-cinger, piano: Smetana, Dvorak, Schneider, Trnavsky (Mon). Théfi-tre de L'Athenée (47426727) Tatiana Nikolaeva, piano: Bach, Mo-zart (Mon). Salle Geveen (45632030) Colonne Choir and orchestra conduct-ed by Michel Corbox: Brahms Ein Deutsches Requiem (Mon). La Tvi-Deutsches Requiem (Mon). La Tri-nite Church (42771889)

ensemble Intercontemporain conduct-ed by Peter Ectros: Peter Ectros, Paul-Heinz Dittrich, Gyorgy Kurtag (Mon). Theatre du Rond Point (42500880). (42586880). chestre du XVIIIe Siecle conducted

by Frans Brueggen: Haydn, Mozart, Schubert (Mon). Salle Playel (45610630). Idil Birst, piano: Beethoven, Liszt (Tne) Salle Gavesu (45632030). Orchestre de Paris conducted by Gun-ther Herbig, Jean-Pierre Rampal, flute: Mozart, Wagner, Beethoven (Wed, Taur). Salle Pievel (45610630).

ITALY

Milas: Testro Alla Scala: Riccardo Muti conducting Beethoven's 4th symphony, Varese's Arcana and Resymptomy, varesus Arcema and ne-apight's Pini di Roma (Fri, Sat). On Monday, a recital by the bass, Paata Burchuladze, accompanied by Lud-mila Ivanova (80.91.26).

Rome: Auditorium in Via Della Concilissions: Luciano Berio conducting the contraito Mira Zakai and the vi-olinist Aldo Bennic in Milhand's La. Morte d'un Tyran and Chents Populaires Hebreiques, and music by Brahms, Flerio and Mahler (Sun, Mon, Tues). Also Melos Quartet of Stuttgart playing Beethoven's A mi-nor Quartet and Schubert's Quartet in G major (Fri) (8541044).

tos, Pilar Lorengar and Lenus Carlson. Elektra brings Helga Darnesch, Janis Martin, Marita Napier and Hans Beirer together. Alle has fine interpretationer. In Hand has fine interpretations by Hona Tokody, Cristine Anghelakova and Giorgio Lamberti. Also in the repertury: Katya Kabanowa and Zar und Zim-

mermann.

Hamburg, Staatsoper: Adolf Dresen's controversial production Die verkeufte Brant with Linda Plech and Kurt Schreibmayer. Manon Lescaut with Mara Zampieri, Rachel Joselson and Lando Bartolini. Hänsel und Gretal rounds off the week.

Frankfurt Opera: Aida has Helena Doese making her debut in the title role. Die Entführung aus dem Serail features Faye Robinson, Susan Roberts, Hans Peter Blochwitz and Geroif Schede: There was much applause for the new Siegfried production by Ruth Berghaus at its peemier. The cast is led by Catarina Ligendza, Cornelia Berger and William Cochran. Also La Boheine, sung in Italian. in Italian.

in Islan.

diogne. Opera: Schönberg's varely
played Moses und Aeron will be offered with Siegfried Haertel and
Günter Neumann in the main parts. Günter Neumann in the main parts. This week's highlight is Tristan und Isolde with Spas Wenkoff and Gabriele Schnaut. Leonie Resick leads a strong cast in Die heimliche Ehe. Stattgart, württembergisches Staatstheater: Cheryl Studer is a splendid Doma Anna in Don Govenni, Der Rosenkavalier stars Karan Armstrong and Waltrant Meier. Also Madame Butterfly.

Madame Butterfly.

Munich, Bayerische Staatsoper: Tosca convinces thanks to Hildegard Behrens outstanding in the title role. Tannhäuser with Cheryl Studer, Ute Vinzing, Kurt Moll and Rene Kollo. Also Heinz Fricke conducting Der Fliegende Holländer in Herbert Wernicke's production with Lisbeth Balslev, Kurt Moll and Robert Hele. Palestrina with Angela Maria Blasi and Peter Schreier and Adriana Lecouvreur with Natalia Troitskay, Hauna Schwarz and Giacomo Aragall.

gan.
Frankfurt, Alte Oper: A Kenneth Riegel lieder recital accompanied by John Dawson. Zeminsky, Schreker, Finkham. Krenek, Copland and Burton (Fri). Festival Strings Lazera and violonist Viktoria Mullova, conducted by Rudolf Baumgartinet.
Händel Shestelesith, and Fineld. Händel, Shostakovitch and Vivaldi (Sat).

NETHERLANDS

Amsterdam, Muziektheater. The Na-tional Ballet with Giselle chorecgraphed by Petipa and revised by Peter Wright (Wed, 2 perfs). Premiere of the Netherlands Opera production of Der Kreidekreis by Alexander von Zemlinsky, directed by Herbert Wernicke. The Hagne Phil-harmonic conducted by Stefan Sol-tesz, with Stella Kleindienst, Hebe Dijkstra, Maarten Flipse and René Claassen (Thur). (255456).

insterdam, Carré. The Antonio Gades ballet company with its fla-menco version of Carmen (Tue to Thur). (225 225).

Scheveningen, Circus Theatre. Mod-ern American dance from Jennifer Muller & The Works (Tue, Wed). (558800). The American Bucket Dance Theatre

company on tour, Mon in Amsterdam, Carrè (235225), Toe in Apel doorn, Orphens (211899), Wed in

Den Rosch, Casino (125125), Thur in Groningen, Schouwbourg (125645). **MEW YORK**

Metropolitan Opera (Opera House): The week features the first seasonal The week features the first seasonal performance of I Puritani conducted by Richard Bonynge in Sandro Sequi's production with Joan Sutherland, Salvatore Fisichella, Sherrill Milnes and Sannel Ramey. It joins the repertoire of Romeo et Juliette conducted by Placido Domingo with Cecilia Gasdia; Der Rosenkavalier conducted by Jeffrey Tate in Natha-Cecilia Gasdia; Der Rosenkavalier conducted by Jeffrey Tate in Nathaniel Merrill's production with Anna Tomowa-Sintow, Brigitte Fassbaender, Taro Ichlhara and Gottfried Hornik; and Tosca conducted by Garcia Navarro in Franco Zeffirelli's production with Eva Marton, Placido Domingo and Italo Tajo. Lincoln Center (362 6000)

New York City Bailet (New York State Theater): The first fortnight of the company's 55th season consists of 13 repertory programmes including Ballanchine classics like Concerto Barocco and Thiganem, to be followed by five weeks of The Nuteracker. Lincoln Center (870 5710)



Placido Domingo, who sings at the Washington Opera House

WASHINGTON

Washington Opera (Opera House):
World premiere of Goya by Gian
Carlo Menotti is performed by Placido Domingo, for whom it was written. Using historical fact and romantic fantasy, it recounts the affair between the painter and the
Duchess of Alba, the model for the
Maja portraits, played by Victoria.
Vergara, with Karen Huffistodt as
her rival, Queen Maria Luisa. Rafael Frühbeck de Burgos conducts.
The season also includes four performances of Il Matrimonio Segreto
staged by Michael Hampe and the tormatics at it matriciping segretors staged by Michael Flampe and the Cologne Opera with Carlos Feller as Geronimo and Janice Hall as Elisabetta. Arnold Ossiman conducts. Kennedy Center (2543770)

Lynic Opera: Un Ballo in Maschera joins the repertoire conducted by Ginseppe Petans in Sonja Frisell's production with Maria Chiara and Inciano Pavarotti. Handel's Orlando in John Copley's production is conducted by Charles Mackerras with June Anderson, Marilyn Horn and Jeffrey Gall. Rdita Gruberova takes the title role and Neil Shicoff the Charles in diporter. Pater sings Edgardo in director Peter Reichenbach's production of Lucia di Lammermoor conducted by Charles Mackerras. (332 2244)

Yehudi Menuhin, who plays at the Royal Festival Hall. London

BRUSSELS

Paleis des Beaux Arts (5125045); Mosames des nesux Arts (3123043); Mos-cow State Symphony Orchestra con-ducted by Germadi Hozdestvensky with Viktoria Postnikova, piano – Tchaikovsky (Mon); Juilliard String Quartet – Mozart, Bartok, Beethoyen (Tue).

Missee instrumental (5113595): Jean Ferrard ~ Virginal, music from the 16/17 centuries (Wed).

NETHER! ANDS

Netherlands Philharmonic conduct-ed by Ken-Ichiro Kobayashi, with ed by Ken-Ichiro Kobayashi, with Susan Kessier, contrain: Weber, Mahler, Ravel, Stravinsky (Tue). David Zinman conducting the Concertgebouw Orchestra, with Krystian Zimmerman, piano: Mendelssohn, Brahms (Wed, Thur), Recital Hall. John Shirley-Quirk, barttone, accompanied by Martin Isepp: Purcell, Vaughan Williams, Pfitmer, Lisst, Ravel (Tue). The Juilliard String Quartet: Bach (Wed, Thur), (718345).

Utrecht, Vredenburg. Recital Hall;
Touring Music Ensemble led by
Christian Bor. Martinu, Dohnanyi,
Mozart (Mon). The Orlando Quartet,
with Maria Bon, piano: Mozart,
Mabler, Schubert (Tue). Theo
Bruins and Fred Oldenburg, pianos: Stravinsky (Thur). (314544).

The Hagne, Diligentia, Chamber en-semble of the Hagne Philharmonic: Triebensee, Haydn, Gonvy, Ponse, Janaock (Wed). (65 18 51).

Scheveningen, Circus Theatre, Paco Pena in concert (Thur). (558800). Graningea, Oosterpoort, Schönbe Ensemble: Copland, Rudhy: Adams (Tue). (131044).

Eindhoven, Globe Theatre, Touring Music Ensemble led by Christian Bor Martinu, Dohnanyi, Mozart (Tue). (111122)

NEW YORK

Now York Philharmonic (Avery Fisher Hall): Zubin Mehta conducting, Martha Argerich plano, Paul Neumic (Avery Fisher bauer violin, Leonard Davis viola. Bach, Beethoven, Hindemith (Thur). Lincoln Center (6742424)

The New Bel Canto (Federal Hall): David Garland, described as a combination of experimental rock and contemporary concert work performs as part of the lunchtime concert series for the Wall Street area. (Mon. 12.15) (Wall & Nassan Sts. 269 0320)

WASHINGTON

National Symphony (Concert Hall): John Mauceri conducting, R. Strauss, Mahler, Stravinsky, Scriab-in (Thur). Kennedy Center (254 3776)

Chicago Symphony (Orchestral Hall): Sir Charles Mackerras conducting, Michele Campanella piano, Men of the Chicago Symphony Chorus, Dvurak, Busoni (Thur). (4358111)

Tokyo Metropolitan Symphony Or-chestra, conducted by André Watts with Kazuhiro Koizumi, piano. Stra-vinsky, Liszt, Respighi. Tokyo Bun-ka Kaikan. (Mon) (822 0727). Smetana String Quartet, Janacek, Dvo-fák, Mendelssohn, Shinjuku Bunka Centre (Wed). (235 1661)

Micrologus Ensemble for Medieval and Renaissance Music, All French programme. Anyama Theatre (Thurs) (237 9999)

NHK Symphony Orchestra conducted by Vaclay Neumann. Marting, Tchailcowsky. NHK Hall (Wed, Thur) (4851780).

entory Hall, Akasaka, Isaac Stern

Jaime Laredo, violin; Yo-Yo Ma, cel-lo. Haydn, Vivaldi, Mozart. Orches-tra, Toho Gakuen, conducted by Kznyoshi Akdyama (Mon); Czechoe-lovak Broadcasting Symphony Or-chestra (Tue); Debut Concert Series: Kent Natano conduction the Mon Kent Nagano conducting the New Japan Philharmonic Orchastra with Naoko Ihara, alto and Ernst Haelliger, tenor. John Adams, Mahler. (Wed) (505 1010).

Theatre

LONDON

Les Lieisons Dangeresses (Ambass-dors): Christopher Hampton's mac-terly version of Lactor epistoliny novel is seny, with and wise, like a and de Sade. Howard Davies's sel-

and de Sade. Howard Davies's sell-out pre-Revolutionary production for the HSC has moved from the Pit with Alan Rickman and Lindsay. Duncan still battling and bitching over lovers and other riffinal (836 6111, CC 336 1171). Hisalliance (Barbican): Raraly seen Shaw, and a minch understand play-given the full BSC works by Julia Caird, a Polish new woman catalong into the surrey conservatory in her monoulance, Jane Lapotaire spurites. monoplane Jane Lapotaire sparkles alongside Brian Cux, Eduabeth Serious and newcomer Richard

monoplane: Jame Lapotaire sparkles alongside Brian Cux, Rischedt Spriggs and newcomer Richard McCabe (829 8795, CC 938 8891).

Lend Me a Tener (Globs): Ian Tulhot leads the new cast in Ken Ludwig's fizzing comedy about backstage iribulations in Cleveland, Ohio, during a documed 1932 tour of Verdis Otello. A blight at the opera. (437 1592, CC 378 6433).

The Phanton of the Opera (Her Majesty's): Speciacular but emollopsity mutritional new musical by Andreas Lloyd Webber emphasizing the nonmance in Leroun's 1911 novel. Happens in a wonderful Paris Opera ambience designed by Maria Bjosmannience designed by Maria Bjosmanience designed by Maria Bjosmanience designed by Maria Bjosmanience designed mariance by Michael Crassins in the living room of a contemporary dogsbody researcher, an insurance clark like his bero. Brawe, strange and funny play about hiography hinging, in part, on the enlarged marter of a small member. (130 1745/1857).

Wennan in Mind (Vaudeville): Also

larged matter of a small member. (130 1745/1857). Weman in Mind (Vaudeville): Alim Ayekbourn's new comedy has a Balliant performance by Julia McKenzie as a dissatisfied housewife visite of on her own garden lawn by an imaginary ideal family: Bleak but famy, halled in some quariers as vanguard feminist drama, he not put off by that (836 9887/5645). When We Are Married (Whitehell): Impeccable, joyous revival of in English comic war-horse now with a new cast, but Bill France returning new cast, but Bill Fraser returning as the tipsy Falstaffan photogra-pher. (996 7765, 639 4455, CC 379 6565/6433).

METHERLANDS

Ambeia, Schouwburg, The Bristol Old Vic in Vaciav Havel's Lergo Desols-to directed by Claude Watham (Man) (422741).

NEW YORK

Cats (Winter Garden): Still a sellout, Trever Num's production of T.S. Elhot's children's posity set to bendy music is, visually startling and choreographically leline, but classic only in the sense of a rather staid and overblown idea of theetificality, (239 6262).

(239 5282).

\$2.46 Street (Majestic): An immodest celebration of the heydry of Broadway in the 30s incorporates game from the original film like Spaffle Off To Buffalo with the appropriately brash and leggy hoofing by a large chorus line, (977 9026).

Chorne Line (Shubert): The longest ranning musical ever in America has not only supported Joseph Papp's Public Theater for eight th its backs which the songs are used as auditions rather than emotions

La Cage aux Felles (Palace): With some tuneful Jerry Rerman songs, Harvey Flerstein's adaptation of the French film manages, barely, to capture the feel of the sweet and hilarious original between high-kicking and gaudy chorus numbers. (1572626).

Fm Not Rappapert (Booth): The Tony's best play of 1986 was on the strength of its word-of-mouth popularity for the two oldsters on Central Park benches who bicker uproariously about life past, present and future, with a furnry plot to match. (239 6300) (239 6200).

The Mystery of Edwin Drood (Imperi-al): Rupert Holme's Tony-winning resurrection of the unfinished Dickens classic is an ingenious musical with music-hall tunes where the an-dience picks an ending, (239 6200).

CHICAGO

Pump Boys and Dinettes (Apollo Centern: Facetious look at country music and down-home country life with a good best and some memorable songs, especially one played on kitchen utensils has proved to be a durable Chicago hit. (935 6100).

WASHINGTON

The Marriage of Betty & Boe (Areas): Christopher Durang's latest swipe at domestic life and marriage has an autobiographical air as it dissects three generations of a contemporary American family James C. Nicola directs a cast headed by Casey Biggs, Donna Snow and Thomas Anthony Quinn, Ends Nov 23.

TOKYO

Takerazuka All-Girls' Bevue. This phenomenon, the antithesis of Kabuki where all the roles are played buki where all the roles are played by girls but with typical Jananese innoceance and carnestness and totally un-camp, is a must for visitors. Takarazuka perform elaborately staged and skilled musical adaptations of both Japanese and Western plays — also revues and standard musicals. Highly improbable, plots are more than compensated for by spectacular stagings and huge casts. Takarazuka provide another insight into the incompruous mosale of Jananese and standard into the incompruous mosale of Jananese and the standard into the incompruous mosale of Jananese and the standard into the incompruous mosale of Jananese and the standard into the incompruous mosale of Jananese and the standard into the incompruous mosale of Jananese and the standard into the incompruous mosale of Jananese and the standard into the incompruous mosale of Jananese and the standard into the incompruous mosale of Jananese and the standard into the incompruous mosale of Jananese and the standard into the standard int into the incongruous mosaic of Japanese culture. Detailed English summaries in the programme in case the original story is altered beyond recognition. Takarazuka Theatre, near Ginza and main hotels. Afternoon and summaries and ternoon and evening performances. (591 1711).

Dreamgiris: Michael Bennett's Broad-way Tony and Grammy Award win-ning musical. The story of 6 1960s female pop group, this is an original production brought to Tokyo by ise-tan Department Store and Asahi Television as part of Isetan's centen-nial celebrations. Kosei Nankin Hall, Shinjuku. (359 2200).

Continued on Page 21





A major achievement in a minor key

Smooth Talk, directed by Joyce Chopra
True Stories, directed by David

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The Same Language

ALK TER

Byrne Big Trouble in little China, directed by John Carpenter Extremities, directed by Robert

M. Young Saving Grace, directed by Robert M. Young

Seeing Goldcrest's plain but enthralling Smooth Talk, you suddenly realise what has been wrong with much of this ill-starred production company's output. Though handsome an output. Though handsome an image, ambitious in scope and ennobling in moral intention, their movies bare hardly ever been about recognisable human heings; they have been about Ged-inspired Olympic runners (Chariots Of Fire), Indian super-mystics (Gandhi), barnstorming actor-managers (The Dresser), time - warped teen archetypes (Absolute Beginners) or tragic Everymen tossed about by war or ideological struggle (The Külting Fields, Revelution, The Mission):

sion); Even in Geldcrest'a lowbudget ventures like The Ploughman's Lunch or Runners, the Important Theme (integrity of journalism, hor-

Les Miserables approaches the end of its first year at the Palace Theatre with all the

appurtenances of a block-buster international hit; offensive ticket touts on the

lts rousing music, its sense of panoramic scale. It is not,

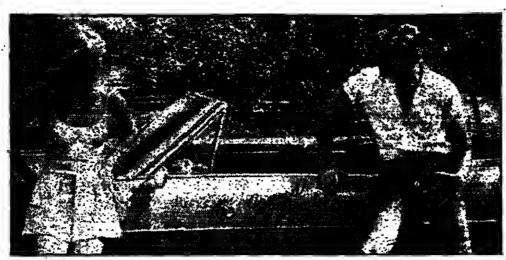
however, a patch on the Barbican original. John Napier's

of 15 whose summer hole are spent charging about the shopping mails with her two girlfriends, chatting up or eyeing up the young male populace: and pairing off for the edd innocent necking bout in back seat of ear or cinema. seat of car or cinema.

Her mother (Mary Kay Her mother (Mary Kay Place), a once pretty redhead with an air of satupon fatigue, patiently hears Conne's latenlight alibis and patiently disbelieves them. Her father (Levon Helm) opts out of the matter whenever possible — preferably by playing golf—and her sister (Elizabeth Berridge) stays just outside the firing-line between mother and firing-line between mother and daughter, keeping open her optiens for loyalty.

But it is Connie who in-creasingly claims our fascination. Is she a romantic, yearning for sexual fulfilment but afraid of it? Or is she a precocious tesse who deserves her comeuppance? One bot day she locks like getting it. A stranger (Treat Williams) who has been eyeing her in town, drives up in his Gold Pontiac to Connie's front door — the rest of the family are out at a harbecue and begins what looks like a long and sinister overture to seduction or rape.

Based on a short story by
Joyce Carol Oates, the film
preserves a spare obliquity of
narrative even as It feshes out



Laura Dern and Treat Williams in 'Smooth Talk'

s dolescence).

Even when the film culminates in what might have having kids, what with the end been an exasperating ambiguity of the werld coming up 'n' all."

—Dern goes off for an hour or David Byrne's True Stories two in Williams's car and we homes in 00 the mad, mad, mad are never told what happensthe mystery becomes a game we are asked to play and are willing to play. We can choose our own solution from the rich-

the ally transparent but just as production, when Robert the asymmetric scimitar-curve the strong vocally. Wilkinson's Hardy, Alan Badel and Maggie of the new thrust stage the upper register is an expressive Smith presided over a similar Mr Rickman prowls through hit; regret; Willetts merely shows the off another area of a very fine stands as a memoral to the last of a sated wolf still casing the

Miserables & Liaisons in the West End

ages and nationalities clogging the foyer queueing for returns, rich Americans and Europeans (ever seen a Frenchman at a musical?) in the stalls; cheers and a standing ovation at the control of the course of the

with its assault on the emotions. Its rousing music, its sense of panoramic scale. It is not, its sense of panoramic scale. It is not, its rousing music, its sense of panoramic scale. It is not, its rousing music, its sense of panoramic scale. It is not, its rousing music, its sense of panoramic scale. It is not, its rousing music, its sense of panoramic scale. It is not, its rousing music, its rousing music, its sense of panoramic scale. It is not, its rousing music its rous

weathered the move

truthfulness of Mum's long-schlevement in a deceptively with a talent for bursting into suffering scepticism. (She sees minor key.

in Connic a replay of ber own

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deceptively with a talent for bursting into song, a happily married couple who never talk to each ether

world of Virgil, Texas: a mythical Southern town where the actor-director (and lead singer of the rock group Talk-

this we look to Suzanne Burden, Crown Prince

newcomer to the cast, as the

There is, they say, nothing

like being thrown in at the deep end fer making you swim. This

thought may well have crossed Antony Dowson's mind during

the past week since, for his first majer role, he has been twice faced with the most challenging assignment in the Royal Ballet's male repertory: Rudolf in

Mayerling. The indisposition of Derek Deane, scheduled to per-form, has brought this confron-tation for Mr Dowson with the

ardours of MacMillan's beroie writing, and it is to his immense credit that he so successfully scaled its heights in his second appearance as the

the is at the mercy of a script which believes that piling one extravagance on top of another is a form of coherent narrative. It is not. The result seesews unessilv

The result seesaws uneasily hetween Thornton Wilder's Our Town and Russ Meyer's bloated film parody of the same, Be movie. Was afraid you bad entered those difficult years when an actress is "toe old to play Juliet." But you are still looking a treat. In Extremities, simmered among the chintz parlients and picket fences of middle America. In True Stories there are injections of effbeat humour from narrator Byrne and songs written by him. And there are quirky little frompe l'oeil gimmicks; Byrne introduces his tale by walking through a movie screen "into" the projected image of Virgil's main street. But the film has the terrible air ef going nowhere and secretly knewing it. Its smile of off-the-wall wit fin-Dear Farrah Fawcett, integrity of journalism, horform of dole-age Britain) has
been an all-shaping mould out
of which the main characters
have been delivered, readycontoured by the film's thesis.

In Joyce Chopra's Smooth
Talk, a rogue Goldcrest venture
into low-budget American, no
characters fit a mould. And if
there is a thesis, you the
audience have to find it. Connie
(Laura Dern) is a gawky blonde

Joyce Carol Oates, the film
preserves a spare obliquity of
our own solution from the richness of infermation and impliferent stories about "erdinary
ferent stories about "erdinary
form hardle America. In True
stories there are injections of
niddle America. In True
stories there are injections of
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stories there are injections of
niddle America. In True
stories about "erdinary
from narrator of the rock group Talking Heads) weavea several different stories about "erdinary
ferent stories about "erdinary
form heads our own solution from the richness of infermation and impliferent stories about "erdinary
ferent stories about "erdinary
form ham had here are quirky little
suddences by a good as you get.

The stories, though presuddences him and supporting
ferent stories about "erdinary
form narrator.

The stories there are injections of
niddle America. In True
stories about "erdinary
form narrator.

The stories about "erdinary
him And there are quirky little
suddences him had a proporting
the setting and supporting
the setting and s

Mayerling/Covent Garden

Clement Crisp

Tracy Brown's Elizabeth. She

is beautiful enough for the Empress, but there are depths of auguish which must be sug-gested if the relationship with

ether performance is new this season: that of Jonathan Burrows as a Bratisch of quickets

muscular reactions in his dances—he gives the solos a bright air ef grotesquerie—and a watchful loyalty right for the

Simon's "Brighton

Beach Memoirs" The Netional Theatre produc-tion of Neil Simon's Brighton Beach Memoirs is to transfer to

Beach Memoirs is to transfer to the Aldwych Theatre on November 27 with two new cast members — Dorothy Tutin and Susan Engel. Remaining are Belinda Buckley, Robert Glenister, Lisa Jecobs, Steven Mackintosh and Harry Towb.

As at the National, Michael Rudman directs, with settings by Carl Toms and costumes by Lindy Hemming.

amotional resonance.

ally gets to look like the panic grin of a storyteller who has forgotten quite why he started

to tell the story in the first

Big Trouble In Little China, fantasy thriller set in LA's

Chinatown, is directed by John Carpenter (of Halloween and Starman) and photographed by

surman, and photographed by adventure maestro Deen Cundey (of Romancing The Stone and Back Te The Future). With such credentials, what could go wrong? Not te detain you almost everything. As truck-driver Kurt Russell tumbles ahead first into a plot involving damsels in distress, undergramed passesses waisd man-

ground passages, weird mon-sters and secret Chinese armles, you seem to be watching "Indiana Jones And The Temple Of Hooey." Carpenter directs it with all his old skills. But

Country Dancing/Stratford

Michael Coveney

England" is given the alter ego to the promised land down of an anti-worker factory under, leaving Ted to scratch owner. This role is donated to either himself or his consolatory him in flashback by an old fiddle. violinist he ancounters in Somerset playing the "Indian Queen."

Sharp is played by Richard Easton as a pedantic, pipe-smoking, tweedy eavesdropper, notebook at the ready. The tune notehook at the ready. The tune he hears knocked out by the old violinist. Ted Rogers, he knows from researches in the British Museum. As they relive the song. Ted brings his community to life: himself as a young man; farm worker Sam Mowbray and his sister Annie; and the serving girl who causes a rift between Sam and young Ted. hearty lads of the soil.

Tha broader dimension suggested by Cecil's function as e capitalist baddie allows the author, through various sly and manipulative tricks of presenta-

manipulative tricks of presenta-tion, to endow Gerard Murphy's tion, to endow Gerard Murphy's energetic Sam with a role of Captain Swing surrogate whe rouses the rabble before being shipped to Tasmania as a convicted, but in truth innocent. petty thief.

As Ted says at the end, "a song's not just e song—it's who's singing it and where and why—and who's listening." Thus Mir Williams, in order to reveal the true weight of songs that went

true weight of songs that went into Cecil Sharp's notebook, has

As the folk music world dithers acrimoniously over the future of Cecil Sharp House, the RSC in The Other Place at Stratford-upon-Avon unveils a new play by Nigel Williams Land, the beantiful folk melody which turns an implicitly critical spotlight en the great man." But even Cecil is not country song collector. Here are no Percy Grainger-style grisly revelations, but Cecil whose aim it seems is "to bottle busics of the promised land down

Bill Alexander's production is decent and animated, but it never really catches fire in the face of all this dramatic schematism. There are enjoyable dance interludes and even, in the band, the potent presence of vocalist Martin Carthy whe, since his Steeleye Span days, has done almost as much for folk music in a contemporary culture as anyone since Cecil Sharp. It is possible that the RSC is attempting to update those early 1970s shows which applied folk song content to bistorical fiction: if so, Mr Alexander falls s little short of what are the statement of th Bill Bryden achieved at the Royal Court and subsequently at the Netional.

William Dudley, an associate on those Bryden adventures, has on those Bryden adventures, has designed a bare-boards basic set but makes partial amends by enthusiastically pressing his squeeze-box alongside Mr Carthy Christopher Ashley and Stuart Richman are both pleasingly adept violinists as young and old Ted. Niamh Cusack and Amenda Harris are the wife and Amanda Harris are the wife and sister: the spirited choreo-graphy is by Sue Harris who also plays the electric



Gerard Murphy

Gewandhaus/Festival Hall

Dominic Gill

As a measure of self-congratulation which applies some account of the Weber everture and a strong, clean-toned account of the Italian symphony. There was not a great deal mere Royal Philharmonic Society to characterise the performances likes to include in its pro-grammes (and mark appro-priately with an asterisk) ene and gave much passing famous works which had their pleasure.

famous works which had their premiere at an RPS concert. The Gewandhaus are a well-trained and Mendelssohn's Italian band rather than a particularly exciting one: but those are no small virtues—and a good pergiven by the Leipzig Gewandhaus or Schubert a under Kurt symphony by an authentically Masur on Wednesday. (The strength of Schubert Great C major symphony, should by rights who geve the symphony its first have been marked by a cross complete performance in 1839. sympheny, should by rights have been marked by a cross complete performance in 1839, their approval in 1839.)

The Gewandhaus are that the longest and airiest Schuger have grown over the last ancy in the first movement with the longest and airiest Schuger have grown over the last ancy in the rhythmic curve; and an unswerving sense of direction. The andant's simple sized symphony orthestration or full when they moved into their new Leipzig hall. Under Masur they breeze. Solidly enjoyable.

Arts Week Continued from Page 20 Exhibitions

PARIS

Betwee After important exhibitions in Germany, Switzerland and Scandin-avia, Paris in turn honours the ab-strect French artist born in 1904. street French artist born in 1898.
The retrospective consists of 116
paintings, 50 watercolours, nearly
as many drawings, some colleges
and tapestries and shows Esteve's
development. Influenced at first by
Cubism and tageinated by Cesanne, he continues obstinutely on his own solitary road until he achieves an equilibrium between a rigorous composition and an explosion of colours. Grand Palais, Closed Tue, Ends Jan 12 (4256 0924).

Francois Boucher: the 86 paintings and 25 drawings of his first major retrospective re-create the pastel coloured world he peopled with voluptuous goddesses and shepherds. Premier Peintre du Roi, a favourite and fideral of Madana de Dominadur. friend of Madame de Pompadour. Boucher personified the lightheart-ed charm and seduction of the Louis XVth Period. His pastoral and mythological scenes reproduced by engravings, tapestries and on Sevres porcelain spread the influence of French court art all over Europe.

Grand Manager Earth. 5th (4289 5410).

Les Prix de Rome: The exhibition consists of paintings which won the much covered stay in Rome for the laurests from 1797 to 1863. The uplifting subjects from mythology or the Bible, the noble sentiments, melodrematic gestures and perfect workmanship crowned in the prestigious yearly competition provide s unique penorama of French acad-

Barbican original. John Napler's Constitute of the Palace, desiry executed. The new Fan-tile, Jacké Marks, must throw a minimum the criminal plastic people heralding the plastic people heral

antic art. Ecole Nationale des Beaux Arts, 11 Quai Malaquais, closed Tue, ends Dec 14. (4230 3457). Paris Abstrett, 1945-1355; Magnelli's cut-out reminiscent of Braque, a powerful Hartung with his large black strokes against e beige back-ground, Esteve's colourful pur-zieend. Mathieux's ink-black colothes and smears are glorying splotches and smears are glorying in their abstraction. Except for de Stael, whose flowers in dense, dark colours are lit up by orange and manye. Galerie Natalie Seroussi, 34 rue de Seine. Ends Dec 15. (4256 0924).

WEST GERMANY

Minchen, Nene Pinakothek: King Ludwig l as e collector: A photogra-phic exhibition commemorating the 200th anniversary of his birth. Ends

Nov 23.
Hamburg, Kunstverein Ferdinandstor
I: Frank Auerbach. A series of paintings and drawings for which British artist Frank Auerbach won the
Golden Lion award at the Venice Biennale this year. Thirteen of Auerbach's earlier works will also be on show to give a view of the artist's development and tradition over 30 years. Ends Nov. 30.

BRUSSELS

ingres and Delacroix - Drawings and Watercolours - Palais des Beaux Arts. Ends Dec 21.
Chinese Percelain - the Transitional
Period. Musee Royale d'Art et His-Opelascence: glass from 1920-1930. BBL Place Royala, Ends Nov 29. toire. Ends Dec 14.

ITALY

Rome: Rome has excelled itself with frome: Home has excelled itself with four highly enjoyable and beautiful-by presented exhibitions. At the Gal-leria Nazionale d'Arte Moderna (Vi-ale delle Belle Arti), the rapt, pallid northern beauties of Edward Burne-

Jones are drawing surprisingly large crowds. At Palazzo Braschi (Plazza San Pantaleo) Paestum and the Doric Revival – paintings, drawings, engravings and scale models from the years immediately following the rediscovery of the Greek temples in 1750, and its effect on the architecture of such distant cities as Roston and Baltimore, as well as mi-Boston and Baltimore, as well as memorous European capitals. At the Braccin di Carlo Magno (Piazza San Pistro) exquisite Mossici Minuti made in Rome in the late 18th and early 19th centuries, and bought by travellers unable to afford e Canaletto, and at Villa la Farnesina (Via della Lungara 230) a delightful series of engravings on the works of Annihale Carracci mostly inspired by his freecoss in Palazzo Farnesse Boston and Baltimore, as well as mu his freecoes in Palazzo Faraese (now the French Embassy in Rome) which fascinated engrevers for two centuries after his death in 1809. (Burne-Jones and Paestum and the (Surne-Jones and Paestom and the Doric Revival run until Nov 23; Ro-man Mosaics and Carracci until Nov

Venice: Palazzo Durale: China In Venice: Chinese Civilisation from the Han Dynasty to Marco Polo (25-1279 AD): 150 objects, including silks, brocades, jewellery, terracotta figures, glass and porcelain lent by the Paking Museum. Many result from recent expavation, and most have never been out of China Tha have never been out of China. The exhibition covers the main period of Chinese art, and the objects found in tombs, buried with the owner nor his use in the hereafter, shed e fascinating light on life to the period. Ends March 1987.

Riorence: Palazzo Medici-Riccardi: Mastarpieces of German Expres-sionism (1995-1820): Works from pri-vate and public collections give e history of what has become e highly fashionable movement with works by Kandinsky, Kirchner, Schiele, Nolde, Klee, and the appalling vi-sions of Otto Dix, Ends Nov 30.

Home: Museo Nazionale delle Arti e Tradizioni Popolari (Piazza Marconi 3, eur): "Precious Ornaments." A large collection of Folk jewellery from all over Italy, dating from the turn of the century, illustrated with charming photographs of heavily belewelled countrywomen. Until Nov 30.

NETHERLANDS

Amsterdam Historical Museum. A col-lection of 19th-century French draw-ings and watercolours providing a cross-section of the styles and themes of the period, from the ven-eration of the Napoleonic legend to exotic Orientalism and the Italian picturesque. Ends Jan 4.

Laren, Singer Museum, Recent graphics by more than 100 Dutch artists. Ends Dec 14.

Emdhoven, Van Abbe Museum. Currently drawing a record number of visitors to the 50th anniversary 'Eye level exhibition of its entire collec-tion. The 1,500 works read like a roll-call of modern set, from Cha-gall, Kandinsky, Braque and Picas-so to Klein, LeWitt, Baselitz and Kiefer, Ends Nov 23.

Hearlem, Frans Hals Museum. In Search of the Golden Age comprises 70 paintings, watercolours and drawings from 1800-1850. Engis Nov

Amsterdam, Historical Museum. The Taste of the Elite focuses on Am-

sterdam's rich merchant class and

its influence on art and culture as part of the celebration of the 16th century currently taking place in seven Dutch museums. Ends Dec 7. Amsterdam, Van Gogh Museum, Monet in Holland documents the Impressionist's visits to the country at three different stages in his career with 24 canvases painted in Zaan-dam, Amsterdam and the bulb fields, with related work by French SPAIN

Madrid: Joko Gonzalez (1878-1943), Spanish cubist aculptur considered with Pleasao the top exponent of this movement, 50 aculptures and 70 drawings on loan by the Ivam, Valencia's modern art museum. Ends Dec 30. Also Miro sculptures and 140 drawings on loan by Mouna, Georges Pumpidou, Miro Foundation and private collections offer a vision of Miro's sculptures of 1930-1970 of which we know little in Spain. Ends Jan 20. Both at Cantro de Arte Reina Sofia, Santa Isabel 2. Open Tue to Sum 18.00-21.00. Closed Mondays.

VIENNA

Dian - a submerged kingdom of China: According to the organisers this is the first exhibition in the west of treasures from the Dian Kingdom, which existed more than 2,000 years ago in south-west China. Unusual and speciacular glided bronzes were discovered only 20 years ago in Dian burial grounds. Exhibits include dramatic groups of men and ani-mals, showing scenes of war, dance and celebration. Also on show are weapons, tools, musical instru-ments, agricultural and weaving equipment, bronze drums and jewel boxes from what must have been e vigorous culture. Museum of Man-kind, Neue Hofburg. Ends Nov 23.

NEW YORK

Bravo Carnegie Hall: While Carnegie Hall is being renovated, the exhibi-tion space at the Performing Arts the venerable venue with original architectural drawings and cutaway models along with a tribute to violinist Isaac Stern, president of Carnegie Hall, and memorabilia like the original programme of 1891 and other programme covers. and Dutch contemporaries. Fully il-lustrated English catalogue, Ends

Whitney Museum: A retrospective of 168 of John Singer Sargent's pain-tings, watercolours and drawings provides the first major overview of the artist's work in 80 years, with many of his famous full-length por-traits, and landscapes and informal drawings, Ends Jan 4.

WASHINGTON

National Gallery: Viennese Renaiss-ance sculpture from the Kunsthisto-risches Museum includes work by Bertoklo di Giovanni, Andres Rrios-co, and Alessandro Vittoria. Ends Nov 30.

New Su.

Netional Gallery: Henri Matisse: The
Early Years in Nice 1916-1930, includes 170 paintings from the artist's life in the south of France,
where the light made a permanent
difference to his sense of colour.

First Manch 20 Fods March 29.

Chicago Historical Society: Louis Sulfiven, a seminal figure in American architecture, is celebrated in an ex-hibit in the city he made architecturally famous with newly made mod-els of his buildings along with draw-ings, sketches and building frag-ments emphasising his use of orna-ment. Ends Dec 31.

TOKYO

El Greece: 50 oil paintings, part of the Matsukata collection. National Museum of Western Art, Ueno Park, one of Tokyo's few large parks. Several national museums and Tokyo's main concert hall (Tokyo Bun-ka Kaikan) are in the vicinity. A day's museum-hopping can be pleas-antly divided by refreshment at one of the park restaurants. Ends Dec 14. Closed Mons. Saleroom/Antony Thorncroft

Sizzling sum for Bacon

temporary art. In the same sale "Blang", by Roy Licbtenstein, originally the centre piece of a fine panel work entitled "Live ammo", was bought by a Swiss dealer for £546,206, a record for this "pop" artist. "Light, earth and blue" by Rothko made

The general sale of contemporary art which followed was boxes) sold for £27,500; a five more typical of the sector, total-ling £2,891,862 with 26 per cent unsold. "Summer 1" by Sam artist mada £25,300, and a Francis went for a record Tabako re in the form of a £568,965 while another Lichtenstein. "Still life with artists maker £13,750. A similar, from the same source realised £9,350.

At Christie's in London weighing 13.75 carats, exceeded yesterday continental furniture its estimate at £306,048.

A typically aggressive painting by Francis Bacon, "Seated figure", which depicts a squatting man holding a Lowl, covered by an unbrella, sold for £644,827 at Christie's in New York on Wednesday night, an anction record for a Bacon.

It was part of the collection of Ted Ashley whose ten pictures brought in £3,038,275, underlining the terrific demand this week in New York for contemporary art. In the same sale

century quadrupled its forecast at £14,300, and a Dutch walnut and marquetry display cabinet of the late 18th century was sold by the Duke of Buccleuch for £12,100.

Eskenazi, the London dealer, was a keen buyer at Sotheby's sale of Jspanese works of art, taking the four top lets in the morning session. A gold lacquer was also an euctien record for that current enjunt terrible Julian Schabel: his "Tower of E4,893,802. A diamond ring by Harry Winston, with a stone

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Groping for job recovery

cies, which as usual has been signalling a turn well ahead of the figure for benefit claimants, it would not be premature to talk of a break in the long, disheartening trend. Indeed, it may well be appropriete to mark this as the turn, as Mr Kenneth Clarke, the Paymaster General, did yesterday; but for two reasons it remains almost impossible to be sure what the figures mean in any real sense. It would require Henry James to do justice to all the ifs and buts and nuances involved.

The first difficulty, as Oppo-sition spokesmen have been quick to point out, is to know how far the figures are due to various special relief schemes, and how far to a change in the economic environment. A simple calculation shows that the fall in unemployment over the last aix months, unedjusted (not the seasonally adjusted fall in the last three months) almost exactly matches the rise in the number of edults involved in special employment schemes.

Major role

That may or may not mean that the apparent improvement has nothing to do with the underlying economic situation. The figures are also affected by the balance between men and women on the lebour force (the displacement of men by women tends to raise the number of claimants even if total whole-time employment is unchanged or rising), by demographics and by still unknown figures for self-employment. It is clear, though, thet special employment schemes have played a major

Government critics tend to treat these schemes as a kind of window-dressing, but this is extraordinarily misleading. A training post or even committee but premature. Ministers may nity work can be a large gain regard this tentative verdict as in human terms compared with ungenerous but they must get enforced idleness. Training is used to the fact that while the also a potential gain in economic terms — but it is a gain gualposts, the crowd will never which can only be realised if be quite sure when to cheer.

IN NORMAL circumstances a substantial fall in seasonally adjusted unemployment, for tha third month in succession, would be the occasion for a pretty uncomplicated celebration. Since the improvement in UK employment market is further confirmed by a continued rise in the number of registered vacancies, which as usual has been of the surple of the surp where they are largely impos-sible to find.

Control of the contro

Slower shrinkage

The seeker after inner meaning must therefore turn to economic rather than job statistics for guidance; but again the answers will not be altothe answers will not be alto-gether clear. The quite sharp recovery in manufacturing ont-put in the last three months, also announced yesterday, looks hopeful, and should increase the credibility of the Treasury'a economic forecasts last week. However, surveys of employers show that many who expect to raise output still plan to go on cutting jobs. Manufacturing employment may simply shrink ent may simply shrink more slowly.

Finally, the interpreter must decide on how far current trends are likely to prove sustainable; but it has recently become difficult to read govern-ment policy, whether fiscal or monetary, with any precision. As with the unemployment figures, it is first necessary to decide how far the changes are

real, and how far they are simply presentational. A current consensus view would probebly be that while the current consumer boom, and the epparent fiscal stimulus, are bound to fade, the gain in competitiveness within the EEC market should stimulate both output and employment.

A welcome for the figures is still, therefore, almost certainly in order. The special schemes which have been set up

are not only humane, but may well prove productive in the long run, and there are grounds for hoping that market conditions will enable that promise to be fulfilled. It would he pleasant to proclaim the good news much louder—

groundsmen keep moving the Mr Chirac's views, although not meant for such a public air-

THE WEST AND IRAN

An eye on the bigger bomb

By Roger Matthews, Middle East Editor

Islamic revolution in Iran. Islamic revolution in Iran.

There has long been broed agreement that Ayatollah Ruhaollah Rhomeini and his fellow clerics pose a serious threat to the established order of policy towards Iran. Some in the Middle East and there-

fore to most Western interests.
The Iranian euthorities would
not dissent from such an

But the very durability of the upper hand. the Tehran regime, its relent-less pursuit of the war with backs this yearless pursuit of the war with fraq and its newly-found assertiveness within the Organisation of Petroleum Expering Countries, are tempting both Western and Arab governments into edopting conflicting postures which can but work against their official policy aims

Mr Jacques Chirac, the French Prime Minister, summed up the underlying fear of many governments during e recent interview with the Washington Times. There is an extraordinary danger for all of us coming from Iran," he declared. "Our common objective should be to prevent the stampede of fundamentalism throughout the region. And that is far more important than covering reliations with Syria severing relations with Syria over some incident in London or some bomb that goes off down the street."

Britain, he said, was wrong to break with the Syrians "be-cause of some obscure bomb plot that misfired" and the Americans with their "farcical air raid on Libye merely re-tarded the destabilisation of Col Gadaffi's regime." These actions, eccording to Mr Chirac, stirred Moslem opinion against the West and provided more fertile ground for the revolutionary

In other words, the pre-occupation of some governments with international terrorism had caused them to lose sight of far greater and more pressing dangers. Worse than thet, the actions of countries such as Britain and the US were fostering the growth of funda-mentalism and creating additional threats to Arab friends such as President Mubarak of Egypt and King Hussein of

not meant for such a public auting, nonetheless bring into the open a private debate which has been raging for years. And it is a debate which has been sensitive to the unpopularity of the war with large sections of the war with large sections of than 50 per cent of the population. mitment never to negotiate the then infant revolution and the growth of radical Shi'ite with countries which support helped Ayatollah Khomeini to groups in Lehanon. Iranian terrorism, has been providing defeat his domestic rivals and Foreign Ministry officials say

EARLY EIGHT years military equipment to the consolidate his grip on power.

I ranian regime.

But after his grip on power.

But after six years of fighting, the brunt of which has been mations are more than ever in approval of covert arms sales by claiming that it was designed the unique phenomenon of the to encourage "moderate" enormous casualties. Offensives laterate the consolidate his grip on power.

But after six years of fighting, the brunt of which has been undertaken by irreguler infantry, Iran has suffered enormous casualties. Offensives to encourage "moderate" elements within the Khomeini

> view that the war with Iraq was unwinnable by either side, at least militarily, to the opinion that Iran hed gained Iraq has suffered two set-backs this year—on the Fao peninsula where Iran gained a foothold, despite beevy losses, and et Mehran where it paid the price for an ill-conceived attempt to seize a slice of Iranian territory to balance the Fao loss. But both Iraqi defeats appeared to be due more to incompetence, than to any increase in Iran's military capacity or a serious military capacity or a serious weakening in Iraq's very substantial border defences. Had Iran not shared that assessment, it would have launched its much-heralded "final offensive."

What has been holding Iran hack is the lack of conviction in Tehran that an all-out attack would achieve the decisive breakthrough. The pettern of

The Iranian revolution is more than ever hungry for success. It needs to expand to fulfil its God-given order

the war during the past four years shows that Iran does heve the ability to penetrate Iraq's defences, but it lecks the air cover and logistical support Most Western military experts helieve thet position has not

changed during the past year. They argue that it is likely to They argue that it is likely to objectives. Certainly, the continue for so long as Iran Iranian revolution is more than is denied the opportunity to huy the sophisticated weapons needs to expand so that it it requires, either as a consequence of what was thought to have been a US-led arms em wherever they may be found. bargo, or through lack of For the Iranian leadership this revenue due to the collapse in means initially fellow Shi ites.

on Wednesday that the US, for that the Iraqi invasion in Sep-all its arms embargo against tember 1980 initially provided Iran and often-declared com-mitment never to negotiate the then infant revolution and

have become fewer and more widely spaced. The Iranian leadership has

been forced by necessity to be come more pragmatic, a characinto the constitutional structure of the state. Ayatollah Khomeini, is the spiritual leader, the supreme jurist, the vice-regent of the Prophet. His interpretation of the Koran represents the highest authority in the Islamic state. While ba sets the objectives for Iran-ranging form the immediately practical, such as the overthrow of President Saddam Hussein of lrag, to the re-creation of an ideal society which allegedly existed more than 1,000 years ago — it is the more junior clerics who act as executives and compete to put forward policies which they believe will best achieve the Ayatollah's declared aims. Their capacity to initiate,

however, is circumscribed by the constitution, which has provided a range of competing institutions and official positions with no clearly established line of authority. Thus the Friday prayer leader in Tehran might wield as much effective power as the Prime Minister, who in turn competes with the President, who can be called to eccount by Parliament.

With Ayatollah Khomeini's physical powers waning and his nominated successor, Ayatollah Hosein-Ali Montazeri, in a constitutionally weak position, there is no lack of opportunity for individuals to undertake initiatives in the name of the revolution. There is a perpetual jockeying for power and influence in Tehran, but so far there has been little evidence that it seriously undermines the aims of the revolution of Khomeini's enthority.

However, according to Mr Chirac and others, no-one should be lulled into believing that there is any fundamental debate in Iran about nitimate fulfils its God-given order to

After the war with Irag, there is no more popular topic on Iranian television news than

Ayatollah Khomeini: skilfully exploiting competing

there is nothing they would like more than e Westrn-style democracy in that country, with each eduli getting the right to vote. The result would be a Shi'ite dominated Parliament and, it is hoped in Tehran, the creation of the world's second Islamic republic.

Iran's objective is totally at odds with Syria's insistence on remaining the dominant external force in Lebanon, but for the time being the two countries have buried the longer-term contradiction in the face of more immediate advantages. Not the least of these is the appre-cietion of the extent to which surrogetes in Lebanon can be used to powerful political effect. Although both countries deny involvement in terrorism or hostage-taking, their ability to brought impressive rewards.

President Reagan and Mr Chirac say that their respective supply of arms for Iran and the part-repayment of a \$1bn loan made to France by the Shah are not related to the release of hostages from Lebanon. It is doubtful whether such assertions enjoy much credibility in Damascus or Tehran. Iran and Syria must be delighted et the to create among members of the Western alliance who once again appear to have put national self-interest above any

other consideration. It is that eppreciation of

international in-

terests which Iran is so skilfully seeking to exploit. It has been willing to negotiate even with France, which through its supply of aircraft and Exceet missiles to Iraq has done more than any other Western nation to damage Iran's oil exports. It has been steadily improving relations with the Soviet Union (despite its powerful opposition to Moscow's occupation of Afghanistan), a development which was bound to send shudders of apprehension down the spine of the US Administration. It has been more than ready to receive emissaries from the conservative Arah monarchies of the Golf, against whom

In some Western eyes this could indicate that the revolution, like others before it, has matured and moderated; perhaps that Iran would agree to scale down the war with Iraq and contemplate a negotiated settlement, even that it might be willing to receive personal envoys from President Reagan, hitherto the "Great Satan."

chies of the Gulf, against whom Tehran radio has hroadcast virulent propaganda.

To some Moslem eyes, it might equally suggest that the Iransan revolution has grown most bitterly opposed it are heing forced to come to terms with this major new regional power. President Reagan, who a few months ago bombed Col Gadaffi is now giving weapons to Ayatollah Khomeini.

They might even draw the They might even draw the conclusion that unfettered Islamic fundamentalism could fill the political vacuum in the Middle East left by the new totally-discredited philosophy of Arab patignalism. Arab nationalism.

It has already gained a strong footbold in Sudan, it is the principal threat to President Mubarak in Egypt and it is trying to re-establish itself in

Further success in any of those countries, which are all struggling to adjust to the political impact of sharply lower revenues, could help to create the snowball momentum to which the Middle Fast has in the past shown itself vulnerable.

Western nations may well be powerless to stop the trend.
The only conclusion one can draw is that the West must manage this enormous crisis with a lat of prudence, said mr Chirac. The big bomb is not the one which explodes on the Rue de Rennes but the one which could explode all over the Arab world if Arab public. pinion is pushed against the

Whether or not Mr Chirac'a view is accepted, the West should carefully reflect on the track record of those two countries which in the past decade. have believed they knew best about what was happening in Iran—the US and Iraq. One was humiliated, the other is still struggling to survive.

Power politics in the Philippines

A MERE nine months after a to power and he does have both singularly glorious early spring, policies and a political will that which culminated in the deposition of former President Aquino's air of disengagement. ferdinand Marcos, the Philippines is again facing a winter that the Communist rebels can of discontent. A Communist be crushed militarily but he guerrilla insurgency rages un-abated, the economy is still in a shambles and corruption on e grand scale is resuming its potency in the life of the nation. But, most disturbing of all, the political stability and pervasive sense of goodwill that accom-panied the eccession to power of Mrs Corazon Aquino appear

to have collapsed. Her mission to Japan this week was itself a microcosm of Philippine troubles in two sense. First, she asked Japan for some \$1.6bn in emergency economic assistance, which happens to be more than five times Japan'e aid to the Philippines in the current financial year; she also exhorted Japanese banks to play a major part in the new \$10bn debt reschedulexercise. The sums alona indicative of the scale of the islands' needs and the extent to which the economy has continued to deteriorate since the ancien regime de-

Secondly, whan she left for Tokyo, the Philippine army was placed on full alert with the explicit purpose of nipping in the bud any attempt to install in her place Mr Juan Ponce Enrile, the Defence Minister. Manila has been alive with coup rumours for weeks now, to the point where it eppears that Mrs Aquino leaves the country at her peril. It often seems as though only the honest soldier, Gen Fidel Ramos, chief of the armed forces, stands between an ontright confrontation between Mrs Aquino and Mr

Sharp contrast

It is e little too easy, however, to beap all the blame for this sad state of affirs on Mr Enrile's shoulders. His overwhelming Philippine development pro-ambition to be president and jects, rather than to allow both the record for corruption he public and private aid to dis-acquired in the Marcos adminis-tration which he served do not the past, down the sinkbole of make him an ettractive charac- corruption. ter, by any international stan-

General Ramos, help engineer Mrs Aquino's peaceful accession

knew how to pull the levers of Philippina power better than Mrs Aquino in getting his view accepted over her preference for a negotiated settlement.

Mrs Aquino, justifiably popular though she may be as a person, seems to have neglected the practice of politics. It probably was a mistake on her part to have summarily dismissed earlier this year all the elected political officials of the Marcos period and it probably has been an error to have moved so slowly to implement a new constitution. In not establishing a political organisation of her own, she bas allowed other opportunists, not least Mr Enrile, to make political head-way in a void.

Active management

So long as General Ramos holds firm, Mrs Aquino has a shield. But the Philippines military is restive and elements of it are said to be drawn towards the Defence Minister, not least because of his pronounced willingness to meet the insur-gents with force of arms, not

words.

The United States, which played e role in removing Mr Marcos and whose vested interests in the Philippines hardly read westering can contribute need restating, can contribute to the restoration of political stability by constantly reaffirm-ing its confidence in Mrs Aquino and by discreetly bolstering the resolve of General Ramos. Japan, as the principal reg-

ional economic power, should also swallow some of its justifiable doubts and help the Philippines financially and commercially on a grander scale.
This might be the perfect opportunity for Japanese companies ectively to manage

Above all, it is incumbent on dards. There is reason to fear Mrs Aquino herself to deploy that an Enrile regime would the esteem in which she is held bear an uncomfortable resemmore effectivity. Govrning can blance to that which was rebe a trying and sometimes dirty placed earlier this year. placed earlier this year. business, for which her back-But Mr Enrile did, along with ground did not train her. But she remains her country's best

Free air starts

at Luton

Irishman Cathal Ryan, at 27 aireedy deputy chairman of an airline and e jumbo jet pilot, warms to his subject as he forecasts the future for civil avia tion in Europe.

The deregulation of Europe's

skies is gathering pace and will be unstuppable, he believes. And it will provide a once-only opportunity for new "second force" airlines.

Ryan belongs to Ireland's first family of aviation. Father Tony, aged 50, runs tha world's leading aircraft leasing firm, Guinness Peat Avietion. The family also owns most of the new airline, Ryanair, which wrested 16 per cent of the lucrative Ireland-England traffic from the major sirilines during last summer's peak months.

last summers peak months.

Now the Ryan family is putting £530,000 into the troubled
carrier London European Airways for 85 per cent of the
equity. Cathal Ryan is the newly-appointed chairman, and the
intention is to run LEA alongedde Ryangir as a separate opside Ryanair as a separate op-

eration.

LEA's assets amount to little more than licences for routes between Luton, and Rotterdam,

between Liton, and Rotestan,
Amsterdam, and Brussels.

"Marvellous." says Ryan.

"We are going to organise LEA
as an American-styla hub and
spoke aviation network, with
Luton as the hub. The services
will fit neatly alongside Ryanair's routes between Luton and
Ireland."

Aircraft are not likely to be e problem with a botline to GPA. Ryan says it could be a iet operation.

Ryanair has been delighed with Luton, on the M1 motorway north of London, as a UK centre for its operations. Ryan foresees a Luton-based LEA network performing equally well. And the fares? "Substantially below the levels now evailable on the established airlines," he

Odd shoe shuffle Was it to bring good fortune? Or was it just a touch of individ-

vality? Richard Branson was walking

Men and Matters

around the City yesterday, show that culture is not the watching the queues of would-be preserve of the elite. Virgin investors, wearing an odd pair of shoes—one black brogue-type and one plain dark blue. He confessed ba had not noticed, but explained: "I got a phene call at five o'clock this morning to tell me that one of our bands, Human League, was No 1 in the US. I just dived into the cupboard in the dark for a pair of shoes."

Branson suitably impressed by the queues hringing Virgin
"sacks of money" — soon got
over his embarrassment about his footwear. To later questions about his shoes, he quipped: "I've got another pair just like them et bome."

Culture city

Glasgow yesterday won un-accustomed status when EEC culture ministers, meeting in Brussels, nominated it European city of culture for 1990.

Sassenachs who might raise the odd unkind eyebrow at the choice should recall that Defoe describe dGlasgow in 1723 as "the beautifullest little city." Now, it will get the recognition it deserves thanks to an EEC decision in 1985 that member states sould take it in turns every year to produce a cultural capital for Europe.

Athens was the first last year. Florence is in the spotlight this year and Amsterdam, Berlin and Paris will take their turns be-

The decision to propose Glasgow was made by Richard Luce, Britain's Arts Minister, who says he selected the city from several regional com-petitors for the honour because of its large number of theatres

Luce was roundly applauded by his community colleagues. West German minister solemnly pointed out that Glasgow's big working class population made it e good choice because it only went to

Agnew's security It has not taken Jonathan Agnew, chief executive og International Securities Regula-

tory Organisation, long to find himself another job. On Wednes-day, the Stock Exchange decided to merge with ISRO; yesterday Agnew was appointed executive chairman of Kleinwort Benson

Agnew, who takes up his new post on January 1, says be never planned to be a regulator all his life and looks forward to "pulling together" the different bits of Kleinwort Benson Securities. of Rieinwort senson Securities.

There is a lot of pulling together to do. In an expansion drive over the past few years, Rieinwort has hought in a large number of outside institutions. Its securities arm now employs about 1,000 people on three continents and is still far from a homospenous group.

a homogenous group.

If consolidation is his too priority, Agney also ecknow-ledges that there "may be a few bits and pieces to add on" to the operation. In particular. he says, upgrading Kleinwort's Tokyo branch from a securities dealer to 2 member of the Tokyo stock exchange is not far

No second chance The maligned London stock exchange automated quotation system (SEAQ), which was out

down the track

of action for nearly an hour yesterday, has found a way to hit back. It is telling the City that it cannot, or will not, correct errors perpetrated by mere

Interest was aroused among the key-punching traders when a deal of 5m shares in Grand Metropolitan was reported on EAQ a sizeable transaction for a stock which usually trades

It was all a mistake, perpetrated by a careless treder who pressed the "millions" button instead of the one marked "thousands."

Once the figure went into SEAQ it was found there was no way of correcting it. So the

way of correcting it. So the figure was incorporeted into the running total of Grand Met

Subscribers were told on an errata page "5m should be subtracted from the volume

Happy days

Roger Laughton, head of BBC Roger Laughton, head of BBC Daytime programme is not opening the celebratory bottles of Sancerre yet but a lot of people seem to be switching on their TV sets during the day.

Laughton was given the task of putting on 1,000 extra hours of television a year with an £8m budget—not much more than the price of e very glossy new drama series. He estimated

new drama series. He estimated that during the course of the day, 25m people were available at least for part of the time. at least for part of the time.

In the first week of BBC
Daytime, Laughton believes
there was a "reach" of 23m—
the number of people thet
watched at least once. "We
knew the potential audience
was there but they are turning
on in greater numbers than we
thought likely" save Laughton thought likely," says Laughton, The new BBC lunchtime news

got between 3m-4.5m, and the Australian scap opera, Neigh-bours, was wetched by 3m on two showings. Even the ITV companies are

happy — they do not believe the BBC has taken much away from their eudience figures.

Pay in full

Sir Pat Lowry, chairman of the conciliation service, Acas, yes-terday cogently summed up the gargantuan teachers' pay talks which, after deys in a Notting-ham hotel, rested this week et his own head office.

Speaking at a lunch marking speaking at a lunch marking the 20th anniversary of the pay research company, Incomes Data Services, Lowry character-ised the multi-party talks as "the only negotiation where an octagonal table is not sufficient."

Observer

A CONFLICT OF INTEREST

Try telling him that. He's probably never heard of a pension fund manager, but he knows that someone looks after his monthly contributions. If he had to suffer because his interests hadn't been fully protected he just might find it hard to understand.

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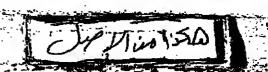
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The long march to realignment what history can

By Malcolm Rutherford

THE REALLY intriguing question about British politics nowadays is what happens to the process of political realignment if there is a third succession Conservative victory at the collection of the the

meant realignment of the Left
was a term introduced into
British politics by the now Lord British politics by the now Lord Grimond when he was leader of the Liberal Party in the late 1950s and early 1960s. The Liberals then were winning all sorts of by-elections and even in general elections their vote was steadily going up: from 2.7 per cent of the poll in the 1955 election, for example to 11.2 per cent of the poll in the 1955 election, for example, to 11.2 per cent in 1964 and, under Mr Jeremy Thorpe, to 19.3 per cent in February 1974.

Yet the idea that all good

Yet the idea that all good radicals could coalesce and oppose the Conservatives never quite took off. Labour and the Tories continued dominant, at least in terms of Parliamentary

seats,
There was a relaunch, however, in the early 1980s when part of the Labour Party broke away to found the Social Democratic Party, and then to form the Alliance with the Liberals. In December 1981 the Gallup Poll gave the Alliance 50 per cent of the vote, against 23 per cent each for Conservatives and Labour. Mr Roy Jenkins won the by-election in Glasgow, Hillhead, shortly afterwards; then head, shortly afterwards; then came the Falklands war.

As we now know, even that second attempt at realignment was a false dawn. The Labour Party had split, but not down the middle. Sufficient of it remained to sufficient of the remained to the second s mained to put up a plausible fight under the new, young leadership of Mr Neil Kinnock.

fought the Tories. The result the question is about the length of the period. After all, it took in makes that clear beyond doubt:

Conservatives 42.4 per cent of the vote, Labour 27.6 vent of the Alliented and the Alliented at the conservatives 42.4 per cent of the Alliented at the conservatives 42.4 per cent of the vote, Labour 27.6 vent of the Alliented at the conservatives 42.4 per cent of the vote, Labour 27.6 vent of the conservatives 42.4 per cent of the vote, Labour 27.6 vent of the vote vent of the vote, Labour 27.6 vent of the vote vent of vent of the vent Conservatives 42.4 per cent of in the franchise and a number the vote, Labour 27.6 per cent of coalition governments, for and the Alliance 25.4 per cent the Labour Party to come to There was an anti-Tory majority in the country, but in the House of Commons the Tories

House of Commons the Tories

nowadays is what happens to the process of political realignment if there is a third successive Conservative victory at the General Election.

There is a subsidiary, but related, question: should we not have been paying more attention to constitutional reform and, in particular, to the future of the House of Lords?

Realignment — effectively it meant realignment of the Left — was a term introduced into British politics by the now Lord

This is slightly allied to the Macmillan theory: namely, that because the Macmillan administration, after the Tories had been in office a long time, seemed to run out of steam and became caught up in a succession of sexual and financial scandals and Home Office maladratures: the same thing is

bome because there are some seats in the North and the inner cities the Labour can scarcely lose. The variant on this is the Hung Parliament theory, much loved by academics and journalists because it gives them an interesting subject? To talk "interesting subject" to talk

Somebody comes up with e better tune: either Labour or the Alliance. Not just one tune, like "The Tories are cutting the Health Service," but e tune that could hold up a symphony, win an electiou and be expected to play through a following. to play through e full-term Parliament.

None of these eventualities seems very likely. The Macmillan theory is the most beguing because it is related to the pendulum theory of politics, which is thet after a period fashions change. For example, a lot of people used to be against Victorian archi-



change, there must be some-thing at a general election to put in its place. Even the now Lord Wilson, who did try to change the fashion, won only barely in the General Election of 1964 when practically every-thing was in his favour. He is not now remembered for tunes and to cut taxes, even the the actual amounts involved not now remembered for tunes of glory, but more for lyrics that did not stand the test of

The Thatcher fashion actually began with Mr Edward Heath. It took a while to catch on, partly perhaps because Mr Heath ebandoned it in the middle of his Premiership. Mrs Thatcher only came to office in It was the same with the Mrs Thatcher wins, unemployintroduced then are still rumning. No party has begin
seriously to overtake them; if
anything, the Opposition is still
trying to catch up with the
Thatcher footsteps.

As evidence, one might cite
the reaction of the Opposition
parties to Chancellor Lawson's

summer, goes up in the polls, increases spending and bashes us over the head about defence policy."
There is very little hint on

At the same time, there are some quite solid reasons why the Tories should win in their own right, most of which were apparent before the summer. They include the following:

The size of the victory in the last general election. The Tories can afford to lose a lot of seats and still win.

The Opposition parties are still fighting against each other as much as against the Govern-

ment

Both Labour and the
Alliance have made a mess of
defence policy which Mrs
Thatcher is understandably

ware settlements as the tent tur-ning at close to 8 per cent against an inflation rate of around 3 per cent. The con-sumer boom is there for all to see, and for many to enjoy.

That may not be an ideal world, but it is the country as it is. It points to another Tory victory.

The question then arises of what happens next. What are the political and constitutional consequences of 13 (perhaps more) years of Mrs Thatcher? And might it not be better to he Labour debacle of 1931; start thinking about them now Nobody told us we could do rather than after the election?

One possibility, of course, is that it all goes swimmingly.

It was the same with the Mrs Thatcher wins, unemploy-

sition parties pendering: "Why bound to be another election has she done this to us? How in the near future, he might could she? The Tories were stay on. It would be like the supposed to be down and out. Tories almost overtaking Yet she comes back after the Labour in the General Election. of 1950, than doing it in 1951. But if Labour loses badly, the trouble in the party breaks out

After all, its present unity the side of the Opposition is based largely on the hope parties of "The fault, dear that Mr Kinnock can win. It is Brutas, lies not in our unlikely to stand up to the that Mr Kinnock can win. It is unlikely to stand up to the strain of defeat. Some of the unions will begin to distance themselves from party politics altogether. That seemed, incidentally, to be the implicit message of Mr Gavin Laird, the general secretary of the engineering union, in his speech to the conference of the Confederation of British Industry in Bournemouth this week: the in Bournemouth this week: the modern unions are more interested in business and in competing for members than in party politics.

The Alliance does badly on the whole, but within the Alliance the Liberals do better than their Social Democratic

grandees are now in the House of Lords: Lord Pym, Lord Prior, Lord Rippon, Lord Cariisle, Lord St John-Stevas, to name but a few. It would be very hard on past precedent for Mrs Thatcher to deny them (or at least all of them) their elevants. tion. And yet there they might sit with the House of Lords as the only effective parliamentary opposition to Mrs Thatcher'e Conservative Party. It would be an extreme irony if the Left in this country were to find more natural sympathy with the Lords than the Commons.

Lombard

teach managers

By Geoffrey Owen

industrial performance which rest on the decline of Victorian values or the prevalence of an anti-industrial culture have become tedious to the point of irritation. They are also unhelpreal people taking real decisions
— primarily managers of business enterprises — we may be able to learn how to make better decisions in the future.

Against to the arm, capital abour relations, marketing and technical innovation continued well into the 20th century long after they had ceased to be better decisions in the future. better decisions in the future.

Alliance bave made a mess of the whole, but within the defence policy which Mrs. Thatcher is understandably exploiting.

Neither of them has succeeded in concentrating its fire on areas where the Tories are most vulnerable: for instance, unemployment.

Even if unemployment is unacceptably high, there are still far more people in work than out of work and the level of wage settlements has been running at close to 8 per cent against an inflation rate of the Labour Party.

Thatcher is understandably than their Social Democratic partner. Mr David Steel, the David Steel, the industrial revolution is quite misplaced. The problem rather is that the habits and disciple of Lord Grimond, contemplates giving up, as indeed undue reverence for the practical man and a deep suspicion of science, bave persisted for self-red from the industrial revolution is quite misplaced. The problem rather is that the habits and disciple of Lord Grimond, contemplates giving up, as indeed undue reverence for the practical man and a deep suspicion of science, bave persisted for the valuee associated with the industrial revolution is quite misplaced. The problem rather is that the habits and disciple of Lord Grimond, contemplates giving up, as indeed undue reverence for the practical man and a deep suspicion of science, bave persisted for the industrial revolution is quite misplaced. The problem rather is that the habits and disciple of Lord Grimond, contemplates giving up, as indeed undue reverence for the practical man and a deep suspicion of science, bave persisted for the industrial revolution is quite misplaced. The problem rather is that the habits and disciple of Lord Grimond, contemplates giving up, as indeed undue reverence for the practical man and a deep suspicion of science, bave persisted for the industrial revolution is the industrial revolution is for the industrial Meanwhile there are problems in the Tory Party as well. Some of the old Tory wets and grandees are now in the House but by the dint of natural ingenuity and a turn for experiment has made such a discovery in the art of making tough iron as will undoubtedly give to this island a monopoly of that husiness."

Coleman remarks that the whole of the technical side of the industrial revolution is summed up in that comment. In the 1920s the economist J. A. Hohson referred to the comparative intellectual case complaints, from the 1880s to the 1990s, ebout the British

EXPLANATIONS OF Britain's research, the poverty

irritation. They are also undelpful; they imply that the country's weaknesses are so deepseated that nothing much can be done about them, except over a period of many decades. Thus it was refreshing this week to hear a leading business historian, Professor D. C. Coleman. argue against the conventional wisdom and suggest a more constructive way of looking at the past. His argument, in a lecture at the London School of Economics, is that by focusing on real people taking real decisions and suggests a more consumption of the surface of thought each think that by focusing on real people taking real decisions and the continued well into the 20th century long well into the 20th century long

The title of Coleman's lecture was "The uses and ebuses of business history," and one of his concerns was to steer into useful directions the growing interest on the part of British companies in commissioning histories about themselves. Some excellent books of this kind have been written in recent years, but business historians have been reluctant to draw conclusions from their work. Coleman suggests more re-search, commissioned by com-panies, into issues that are relevant to today's problems. He wants managers to see business history "as poten-tially useful in the sense of revealing something about a company's past decisions which can have value in influencing present and future decisions."

Why have Britain's pharmacentical companies performed rather well in the post-war period and the machine tool makers heve not? A sharper historical focus on the people who ran these companies (and ran some of them into the with which the fabric of of more than ecademic interest. British capitalism has been Making business history relebuilt up. The correctness of vant in this way will put greater that view, Coleman says, is demands on those who commissupported by the numerous sion and write it. But the reinteresting than hlaming Britain's industrial ills on Dr business community's inade- Arnold and the public school quate ettention to scientific system.

A liberalised market

From Joan Pearce

Sir.-Ohvier Pastre's article (November 5) about liberalisation of the European Community's internal market in financial services smacks of the Europrotectionism for manufactured goods that was so vigorously promoted in some parts of the EEC e few years ago.

Then it was argued that the advantages of a liberalised internal market might accrue to US and Japanese companies rather than to European companies, which were not competitive. Hence European companies should be afforded external protection to ensure that, while they were catching np, their competitors did not reap the benefits of a newly opened internal market. Olivier Pastre similarly suggests that "Community preference" should be modernised and adapted to the financial services sector. "European operators should be fevoured," though he does not explain how. Presumably the freedom to provide services would be confined to institutions from EEC member states.

Europrotectionism for manu-Europrotectionism for manufactured goods was particularly advocated in those countries with a relatively high level of protection. They feared that opening up the internal market would expose them to competition from imports that entered the Community through other member states whose external trade policies were more other member states whose ex-ternal trade policies were more open. Olivier Pastra echoes open. Order Paste these fears in his reference to the "risk" that American and Japanese banks, by setting up in the least regulated member in the least regulated mem state, would have access to the entire market. This implies that the price of internal liberalisation will be increased regulation of non-EC banks in those member states where regulation is at present least

The article might be interpreted as applying infant-industry arguments to financial Even on infantindustry grounds the case for Europrotectionism in manufactured goods is extremely weak. Without infant-industry arguments, there is still less reason to expect that a protectionist wall around the Community would make European companies more competitive.

In the context of financial services, the case against Euro-protectionism is all the stronger, since, et least in the UK, Europe has institutions which are well placed to compete at the world level. While energetically supporting the liberal-isation of the internal market we should beware of arguments that msguidedly seek to protect some national markets, to the

Letters to the Editor

detriment of the rest of Europe, and the UK in particular. Joan Pearce, 27 Archery Steps, St George's Fields, W2.

Supplementary benefits

From the Minister of State for Social Security and the Disabled Sir.—Robin Pauley's article on poverty (November 5) con-tains a number of misconceptions that cannot remain unchallenged. Let me take the most glaring example.

It is wholly misleading to talk of an "official poverty line."

That is because the higher the real level of supplementary benefit, the greater the number of people who are entitled to it and the greater the number of people who have incomes within 140 per cent of it. Since 1979 supplementary benefit rates have risen around 6 per cent ahead of prices. This slone is responsible for a third of the increase. in the total numbers of families either entitled to supplementary benefit or with incomes up to 40 per cent above supplementary benefit. But it explains almost all of the increase in those with incomes below supplementary benefit, and around half of the increase in the numbers either on supplementary benefit or with incomes below. This kind of odd statistical effect - the more you do to raise the incomes of the poor, the more apparent "poverty" exists

The article ignores major improvements which the reform of social security will bring from 1988. The new structure will target henefits much ware accurately on where they are needed, particularly on familles with children. Around twice as many families with children will get Family Credit as get the present Family Income Supple-ment Unemployed families with children will benefit from the Family Premium which will be paid with Income Support. And the unemployment and poverty traps, where people can actually be worse off in work than out of it or hy increasing their earn-

illustrates well the pit-falls in

this complex area.

will be substantially The social security budget will be heading towards £50bn at the end of this decade. The Government is ecting now to ensure that the money goes to the people who need it most. The article depends on other inaccuracies for its argument Food prices bave not risen faster than the RPL

They have risen only two-thirds as fast since 1979. Neither has the Pensioner's Price Index risen faster than the RPI. It has gone up about 7 per cent less in the same period. The article does acknowledge that the state retirement pression. the state retirement pension has gone up more than prices. But it totally ignores the expansion in other pensions. As income from these has grown, fewer pensioners have needed to rely on Supplemen-tary Pensions. The introduction of personal pensions, e central part of the Governreform of social is fundamental to the strategy of improving pension provision and combatting

poverty in retirement. All these are important matters that require mature and accurate consideration in any analysis of relative poverty. John Major

lexander Fleming House, Elephant and Castle, SE1.

Defining poverty

From the Director, Child Poverty Action Group

Sir.—Peul Ashton (November 11) eccuses Rohin Pauley of doing e "disservice to the genuinely poor by repeating uncritically the poverty lobby's propagands and by turning a blind eye to some of its more ridiculous claims." On the contraction of the some contraction of the some contraction of the some contractions of the s trary, it is Mr Ashton that does a disservice to the poor and also to his own case hy deliberately distorting the case made by organisations such as CPAG and the Low Pay Unit.

Mr Ashton's main complaint is that, using the "arbitrary" yardstick of 140 per cent of the supplementary benefit level, we claim that e third of the nation is in "poverty." We do no such thing and Mr Ashton knows it. We use the 140 per cent yardstick to refer to those living "in poverty or on its margins." Nor, is it some arbitrary figure plucked out of the air hy the poverty lobby. It was originally adopted by researchers two decades ago to take eccount of the fact that some people on supplementary benefit have an income higher than the basic supplementary benefit level hecause of disregarded asrnings and edditions to their benefit.

More recently, research into living standards has suggested that a threshold of deprivation role of the exchange which it can be identified somewhere sought to abuse. between 133 per cent and 150 Bruce Leeming.

DBSS itself uses the 140 per cent measure to count the num-bers living on a "low income." The example quoted by Mr. Ashton of the couple with a 225,000 mortgage is hardly typical of those who fall within the low income net. If we ignore ng costs (which are to variable to generalise about sensibly) the 140 per cent of SB level yardstick for a couple with two young children is cur-rently 299.40 e week. Mr Ashton also takes Robin Pauley to task for misattribut-

economy last week and to the Queen's Speech on Wednesday. They eppeared etuned that the Chancellor could promise both

to increase public expenditure

and to cut taxes, even though

the actual amounts involved are quite small and the public

sector borrowing requirement

may still decline as a percentage of the gross domestic product.

Margaret Bondfield, said after the Labour debacle of 1931;

As a former Labour Minister,

ing the research of the Policy Studies Institute and for exaggerating its results. In doing so, he fails to notice that the figures quoted by Mr Pauley referred only to couples with children and were entirely accurate. Indeed, without realis-ing it Mr Ashton is reinforc-ing the case that CPAG has been making for years that among those on supplementary benefit it is families with children who are suffering the greatest hard-

Ruth Lister, I. Macklin Street, WC2.

The position on tin

From Mr B. Leeming.

Sir,—Is nobody going to put the record straight about the London Metal Exchange's actions in 1982 in connection with the notorious tin squeeze? New insinuations of bad faith eman-ating yet again from the Malay-sian Government (November 12) are inaccurate. Dr Mahethir Mohamad, the Prime Minister, had only to read the LME's uncomplicated

rule book to know full well that market corners are specifically proscribed. The regulations em-power the board and committee to act in any way necessary, for the long term good of the ex-change, to limit squeeze penal-ties and to restore physical liquidity to the market. Malaysians must have known that these provisions bad already been invoked in the case of other metals on more than one occasion since the war. If the Malaysians were misled into believing they could defy the laws of gravity, that is global tin output could be steadily forced higher as well as tin prices, then they have only themselves to hlame for the inevitable severe losses they

Malaysian Government of any involvement in the tin squeeze, now belatedly reversed only under extreme opposition pressure, never mind its more recent disgraceful behaviour in the 1985 tin crisis, has surely discredited it as a legitimate

per cent of the supplementary Solars, benefit level. Moreover, the Chiddingfold, Surrey.

incurred.



FINANCIAL TIMES

Friday November 14 1986



David Housego analyses the apparent invincibility of the French Prime Minister

Chirac holds head high under fire

the wall might have had difficulty in riding out the humiliations and contortions of policy to which the conservative administration of Mr Jacques Chirac has been subjected

over the past week.
But the brazenness with which the French Prime Minister has held his head high is a testimony to the extraordinary grip he has established over his political opponents and French public opinion in his eight

months in power. Over the last few days Mr Chirac has secured the release of two French hostages held in Lebanon at the price of according French public blessing to a Syrian regime caught red-handed in its support of international terrorism: he has defied other European governments over senctions notwithstanding his advocacy of greater European co-operation: he has been revealed as having lied about what he said in an off-the-record interview to the Washington Times newspaper: and on Wednesday he treated the French parliament with carefree disdain in denying what he had af-firmed only a few days earlier.

Mr Chirac said then that he had evidently never suspected that the state of Israel was in any way connected with any type of terrorist ac-tion in Europe and that he had told

the Israeli embassador as much. To the Washington Times only a week earlier he had said that he largely shared the belief of West German leaders (as he reported them) that the planned attack on in an interview he staked out his the El Al airliner in London had supremacy over the Prime Minister been a provocative action by Mos-

sad, the Israeli Secret Service. Some French newspapers have raised their voice against Mr Chiracter ac's approach. Le Monde said in a and decentralisation. front page editorial: "It is difficult

European

short-list

for £50m

A GOVERNMENT with its back to for a Frenchman not to feel pro foundly humiliated (by the circumstances in which the hostages were released) particularly when one re-members the toughness of so many official statements." Liberation spoke of a "succession of denials that have naturally denied what

> But otherwise Mr Chirac has escaped lightly, with no major attacks from the Socialist Party. Mr Claude Cheysson, the former Socialist for-eign minister, even approved his description of French Middle East policy - and an embarassed silence is all that has come from his coaltion partners, the UDF.

In part this virtual absence of criopinion, as Mr Chirac knows, wants an end to kidnapping and terrorist attacks. People are thus ready for Mr Chirac's hlend of tough talking on the one hand and negotiations under the table on the other. Some commentators speak of a "spirit of Munich" in the air. The conservative daily Le Figaro said the hos-tages had been released under blackmail but that the government did not have the means to act other

The only real resistance to Mr Chirac's steamroller - though not as yet to his recent declarations - has come from President François Mitterrand. On Wednesday he sharply distanced himself from Mr Chirac over three issues, including the new nationality law. Earlier in the week in matters of defence and foreign affairs and has also recently made

All this this looks like preparing that of the President in his favour. taing. Mr Barre is still condemned



Mr Mitterrand (left) with Mr Chirac

the ground for the next Presidential election in 1988.

But it does not stop President Mitterrand from being both irritat-ed and surprised at the extent to which Mr Chirac has succeeded in making himself the most powerful Prime Minister in the history of the Fifth Republic - notwithstanding a "cohabitation" thet was intended to

At the root of Mr Chirac's strength is the rightward shift in the French political attitude. Opinion polls continue to suggest that President Mitterrand can no longer risk an early Presidential election, a fact which stands Mr Chirac in good stead in the run-up to 1988.

Mr Chirac has also been able to tip the scales of power between the office of the Prime Minister and

Mr Mitterrand is virtually isolated from government thinking and information over domestic policy issues, including economic policy and budget making, which in turn also limits his influence over foreign pol-icy, European issues and defence.

Until recently Mr Chirac was

policy as well. But Mr Mitterrand dential candidate will be.

Although the tide. the priorities to be liven to the reinforcement of the French strategic
arsenal – with Mr Chirac stepping
down without losing too much face.
Within the French right, Mr Chirac

Within the French right, Mr Chirac

Within the French right, Mr Chirac

It is against the day that he slips ac has outmanouevred his two main

habitation" that most French approve. The former President was kept out of Mr Chirac's government and has not recovered his influence

Mr Chirac has been as brutal in reducing his coalition partner the UDF to a state of near dependency. The party is dependent on Mr Chirac's patronage. The new elec-toral law has been astutely devised to weaken the UDF in comparison with his own neo-Gaullist RPR party in a new assembly.

At the same time, Mr Chirac has relentlessly placed his own followers in the key posts in the adminis-tration. Le Monde revealed recently that Mr Chirac has replaced 69 of the top 500 civil servants - a higher turnover than the Socialists achieved in their first six months in

On top of these advantages, he has an economy running more or less in his favour with higher growth than in recent years and lower inflation. The Socialists can see no way to challenge him on this front unless a tumble in stock market prices upsets the privatisation programme or the franc is devalued

the face of the D-Mark pressure In contrast, the Socialists have still to find their own voice and are

tactical nuclear weapons and over remains unpredictable. His declar-

rivals, Mr Raymond Barre and for-mer President Valery Giscard d'Es-President could still spring an unwait. Mr Chirac knows that the

It is against the day that he slips and falls that Mr Mitterrand lies in Wellcome Britain to

broad product range: that is an argument about continuity, not rapid growth. Given that two thirds of profits are dollar decominated the company did well to be able to announce a 3 per cent profits increase esterday. Yet operating margins of 13 per cent are low by US standards, let alone compared with Glaxo's 43 per cent.

THE LEX COLUMN

Royal's seven year itch

Many fund managers can barely remember when Royal Insurance ast made a quarterly underwriting profit - it was in 1979. Even the champagne winner in the nearestestimate contest of Royal's nine month figures was more than £20m under the £193.Im pre-tax outcome. When a company is recovering as fast as Royal, from pre-tax of £41.4m in 1985 to perhaps as high as £300m this year, exact figures are rather irrelevant.

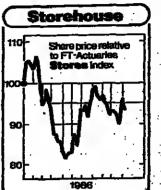
The perennial problem is how to value the shares when profits are so volatile and cyclical. Judging by the sector's performance, the mar-ket decided in the summer that it was time to start discounting the next downturn. Even yesterday's news, which pushed Royal's shares up 30p to 828p, still leaves them well below the year's relative high.

But the message from Royal is that with rates still firming, by well over 30 per cent in the US com cial multi-peril and auto lines, and given the lags in the business, profits should still he rising in 1988. Whether or not the next downturn is as severe as the last, Royal's plan o cushion its rating from the ups and downs is to keep dividend growth above 15 per cent a year for the next five years. Starting on a yield premium to the market, that cannot he bad. With estimates of true worth nearly double the share price, the shares might still be worth having even at this stage of

No matter how often the London market attempts to push the inflat-ed Wellcome share price under the water it keeps on bobbing back up again. Yesterday it gained op to

Wellcome's premium rating -about 60 per cent higher than Glaxo's - cannot he attributed to its

No, the premium is all about AZT,



mit about £20m to AZT production facilities shows the speed at which

kind of blockbuster drug that the mach ulcers. The issue puts into sharp relief the moral and commer-

Plessey

Plessey made a brave attempt resterday to direct attention into sser-known corners of its busiess, but it was not to be: the market continues to chew on those old chestnuts, System X and Stromberg Carlson, and is as doubtful as

ter last year's pile-up on British Telecom switch deliveries.

But the bears still have it: yesterday's 9p drop in the share price (to 180p) and a prospective multiple of 11 suggest the market fears that Plessey is merely establishing a new profits plateau at or around m, rather than the £170m of the last three years.

For all the dubious prospect of

selling System X in France, Plessey is faced with declining sales of the judgment of the whole affair. T&N equipment in the UK by value. Ples- paper may be preferable to Hollis down its costs, with or without

earnings and dividend growth. Stromberg may have turned into profit, but the notion that a bundle of switches in Mississippi will even-tually turn into a national niche is for only the most optimistic inves-

Storehouse Disappointment with the first

half results of Storehouse, and the shares 14p drop to 310p, had sitta-to do with the actual profit an-nounced. Though £37m before tax for the whole group is in the expect-ed range, the market feels measy at making comparisons with a previous year when the present comp ny did not yet exist. Moreover, th makeup of the Storehouse profit is stul Aids treatment being the a somewhat surprising one as the kind of blockbuster drug that the weight of expanded warehouse fa-Welkome portfolio currently lacks. cilities and retail space compressed Even the horrific predictions show the Habitat margins, BHS was able Aids sufferers as a small section of the drugs buying community, by comparison to those with, say, sto-

cial dilemma of a company which is better than average trading over Christmas: the shares may start to narrow their discount to the sector, Otherwise, there may be a nervous period while the market decides whether Storehouse has reverted to the old BHS credibility gap or should inherit the former Common

Turner/AE

The return of Turner & Newall is an event on which shareholders in per cent at £44m, were all that could be expected and the order book, and Plessey's cash halances, are moving in the right distances, are moving in the right distances. gin that holders will have difficulty in making up their minds which one to accept. Nominally worth about 10p more than the cash offered by Hollis, T&N's mix-andmatch offer remains uninerable to the market's valuation of its share component, Deciding not to under pin the offer by underwriting a full cash alternative may have saved on fees, and partly protected the T&N price against bidder's droop, but it could also prove to be the last misately trying to downplay the issue, GEC, but meet BT's development. Africa and asbestos, Cash may be but Wednesday's decision to comthe decisive argument in the end.

Ford plant

By John Griffiths in London

SCOTLAND, Spain and Portugal are on a short list as potential sites for a £50m (\$71m) plant planned by Ford to produce electronic compo-

be provided by the greenfield facili-

The project is being undertaken by EED, the electrical and electronics division of Ford of the US.

Although EED has a European headquarters in England, at Basildon, Essex, it has no formal links with either Ford UK or Ford of Eu-

Basildon has been instrumental in developing electrical and electronic components for Ford in Europe, such as its own stereo-cassettes which have replaced those from suppliers such as Phillips and Blaupunkt. To date, it has had no significant manufacturing role. EED's project study team has

just returned to the US after some months spent examining potential sites throughout the world

However, Ford indicated yester day that it was highly unlikely that a final site decision will he taken

No indication has been given of where in Scotland or Portugal a plant might he sited. Ford Espana representatives indicated that if Spain were chosen, the most likely site would be just outside Madrid.

It is understood that the plant would he used primarily to produce electronic components needed for Ford's engine management sys-tems, almost certainly involving substantial export business to Ford's vehicle plants world-wide.

Should the plant be located in Scotland, it would be additional to the £1.46bn which Mr Derek Barron, chairman and chief executive of Ford of Britain, said last month would be invested by Ford in the UK over the next five years.

US moves to head off European rivals in AT&T bid for CGCT

BY TERRY DODSWORTH IN LONDON

est supplier to France's public tele-phone exchange market, intensified yesterday following moves in Washington almed at supporting the bid by AT&T of the US for the French

ation with Philips of Holland earlier this year. But although the American authorities claim that the deal was virtually completed, the transaction has been held up by rival European offers for CGCT, notably from Siemens of West Germany.

In a new initiative apparently directed at Siemens, Mr Mark Fowler, the chairman of the Federal Commission Communications (FCC), is now proposing to intro-duce a rule which would allow the Commission to bar American telephone companies from buying West German or other foreign switching equipment. If this suggestion were accepted, it could strike directly at

telecommunications company, is

likely to cost it a substantial sum.

The car group could he asked to pay up to L300bn (\$214m) to the IRI

significantly above that of the First subsidiary.

The question of how much First

will he expected to pay will he at the centre of the negotiations. The

payment could take the form of an

injection of capital into the newly

merged group.
Italtel, which is part of the IRI-

Stet state group, has undergone a major turnround since 1981 under

from the telephone operating com-

proposed rule, which will have to go through a two month public discus-AT&T, the largest manufacturer sion procedure, would allow the of telephone switch equipment in Commission to take into account the world, bid for CGCT in collabor- questions of national security in the choice of equipment for can telephone network.

Part of the FCCs mandate as a regulatory authority is to look into questions of the public interest in its areas of responsibility. But the main issue in the FCC's action is the feeling of the US Government that, while the American market is relatively free and open to foreign competition, the European authorities are trying to block AT&T's ex-pansion in the EEC.

Siemens in West Germany re-FCC's proposal, saying that it was a political matter. But the FCC's inin CGCT. It has also had talks with officials in the French Minstry of Siemens, which is steadily expand- in relations over the CGCT issue

PIAT has been told that the hoped-for merger of its Telettra telecom-sario, managing director. Staff has munications equipment subsidiary the leadership of Mrs Marisa Belli-become a contentious political and financial issue in Italy. The evalua-tion of the project being conducted

as have debts, and the company has returned to profitability after years

of losses. Last year Italiel made a L42.1bn (\$30m) profit on turnover of L1.223bn. The company made al-

state holding group because a fea-sibility study now being completed months of this year. which employs 4715 been underway for most of this year, is being co-ordinated by a company called Telit, which is 48

Telettra, which employs 4,715

people, made a L20bn profit last year on revenues of L497bn. Italiel

draws the bulk of its turnover from

switching. Telettra is one of Eu-

rope's leading producers of digital transmission equipment. Italtel ex-ports account for only 7 per cent of its total turnover, while Telettra ex-

ports half its output.

Fiat faces compensation claim

THE international trade battle over ing its position in the American which already exists between the the future of CGCT, the second larg-est supplier to France's public tele-ing several public switch orders Previously, the US authorities have called in the French and West German ambassadors for discussion of

In a separate statement yester-day, Plessey of the UK, which has also made an offer for CGCT, said 2000 system to provide a sophisti-that it was willing to propose colla-cated, mobile air defence against an also made an other for carea, sola-that it was willing to propose colla-boration with French companies in the talescommunica-talescommunications as part of its bid.

Sir John Clark, Plessey's chairman, said that the company was ex-amining its activities to see which might he suitable for joint development with French companies. It believed it had expertise in areas like components, semicon uctors and radar which could prove useful to French companies in joint ven-

Plessey has already made a num-ber of presentations of System X. the UK's most up-to-date public

tion of the project being conducted by auditors Arthur Andersen and

Price Waterhouse is expected to he

completed before the end of this

The feasibility study, which has

year, is being co-ordinated by a company called Telit, which is 48

per cent controlled by the state. 48

per cent by Fiat and 4 per cent by Mediohanca, the Milan merchant bank. The merged telecommunications group, which would he based

on the premise that combining the

would rationalise the sector and en-

able Italy to be more competitive in-

country's two major manufact

pay £1bn for Rapier system

By David Buchan In London THE UK Government yesterday an nounced a Elbn (\$1.42bn) order for the British Aerospace (BAe) Rapier

The contract covers completion of development - on which £150m has been spent so far - and initial pro duction of Rapier 2000 missile which will come into service with the British army and air force in West Germany in the early 1990s.

The new system could win do

mestic and export orders worth E3bn and maintain 10,000 UK jobs for the next 20 years, Sir Raymond Lygo, BAe's managing director, forecast yesterday. It is a develop-ment of BAe's current Rapier system which in the past 12 years has entered service in 13 countries. Sir Raymond said be believed

that many of Rapier's existing foreign customers would take all or parts of the new system which comprises separate towed surveillance and tracking radars and the missile launcher.

Major subcontracts will go Mar-coni, Thorn EMI, Cossor Electronics, Ferranti, Racal, Radamec, Royal Ordnance, and to Piessey which yesterday announced that its share of the contract in providing the surveillance and target acquisition rad-

The contract has been placed with BAe under an incentive pricing arrangement," Lord Trefgarne, said yesterday. This comprised a maximum ceiling price over which BAe would pay all of any cost overrun. Below this, a target price had been set. If the project overran the target, BAe would shoulder a rising share of the cost and if it fell below the company could make an in-creased profit.

Such incentive-based arrange nents have become the UK Defence Ministry's standard form of contract covering development with an inherent element of risk However, Gen Sir Richard Vin-

cent, Master General of the Ord-nance and the ministry's chief buy-er of land weapons systems, said that while BAe would remain prime contractor for the overall Rapies 2000 system, it would face competi tion from other companies in the production of a second batch of mis-

2000 would almost certainly have to be developed in collaboration with Nato partners, Gen Vincent said. Both he and Sir Raymond stressed that collaboration on the new air defence system for the 1990s had Nato countries were all at different stages in developing what the BAe Some of the employees of Scrimonly accepted on Monday when the geour had their suspicions aroused announcement was made.



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Collier threatens

The Italitel-Telettra merger could shareholding structure as Telit.

Continued from Page 1

separation of his two functions.

Two weeks ago, Mr Collier bought a large tranche of AE shares, worth about £117,000 (\$166,000), through a US office of Scrimgeour Vickers, the firm formed by a merger involving Vickers da Costa. On the following Monday morning, Hollis bld for AE and its shares rose by 31p, giving Mr Collier a paper profit of more than

poses or to tip off Morgan's market by the timing of the share purchase makers, who were under his con-by a company with the same name trol, so that they could build up a position in AE shares in advance of the bid. He thus had to keep a strict vestigations pointed to Mr Coilier



and last Thursday morning the firm informed Mr George Law, the chief compliance officer at Morgan, of their suspicions. Three other Morgan directors were informed and Mr Collier was called in. He admitted his offence almost immediately and was asked

to put his confession in writing. He fered his resignation on Friday morning, apparently without taking

Any successor system to Rapier handed in his confession and of not been possible because various





SECTION II - COMPANIES AND MARKETS

FINANCIAL TIMES

Friday November 14 1986



Sweden plans to widen SSAB steel group ownership

BY SARA WEBB IN STOCKHOLM

THE SWEDISH Government yes- The insurance group, Skandia, tarday announced plans to broaden the ownership of SSAB, the state-controlled commercial steel group, with the eim of eventually introducing it on the stock market.

The Government owns 75 per cent of SSAB, while Electrolux, the Swedish household appliance man-

Swedish household appliance manufacturer, owns 25 per cent through would not be tied to their holdings

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its subsidiary, Gränges.

Electrolux has agreed to sell its stake in SSAB for SKr 800m (\$86m) Electrohux has agreed to sell its Mr Sten Wikander, director of the stake in SSAB for SKr 600m (\$88m) Fourth National Pension Fund, said to the government, which in turn plans to sell 34 per cent of SSAB to long-term investment for the fund's a consortium of Swedish institu-portfolio. tions, including pension funds and the insurance group, Skandia. LKAB, the Swedish state-owned

iron ore mining group, is also likely had been fixed. to take a stake in SSAB, its main SSAB has pic customer, at a later stage. It has offered to make a convertible loan to SSAB worth SKr 700m, which would entitle LKAB to take a stake would entitle LKAB to take a stake of around 22 per cent in SSAB by SKr 300-Skr 350m. the beginning of the 1990s.

The Government has been ac-cused in the past of subsidising the domestic steel industry, and the latest plan from the Industry Department is seen as an attempt to de-

fuse such charges. Electrolux, which had held a stake in SSAB since its formation in 1987, originally had an option to sell this stake in 1991 for a guaran-

teed price of SKr 875m. However, Mr Olle Ryd, state secretary in the Industry Department with responsibility for state-owned concerns, said that this guarantee was unrealistic, given the situation

in the steel market. "We had no objection to Granges, but we want an ownership structure where the different owners are equal and have the same risks and Ake Johansson, managing director equal and have the same risks and

are interested in joining a consor-tium to buy 34 per cent of SSAB. Christer Zetterber rector of Holmen.

upgrades profits forecast

By Kevin Done, Nordic Correspondent in Stockholm

per cent in the third quarter and yesterday up-graded its profits fore-cast for the full year.

Members of the consortium for a fixed period of time. However Mr Ryd said that the governme

in future, but added that no date SSAB has picked up considerably since the beginning of the 1980s. Last year, profits after financial items reached SKr 205m. This year,

hoped to take SSAB to the market

However, the Department of In-dustry said there was still room for improvement in the company and announced plans for a board shake-

Mr Per Sköld, the SSAB chair-man who resigned on Tuesday on the grounds that he had not been kept well enough informed by the Industry Department of the impending changes, has been replaced by Mr Björn Wahlström, former chairman of LKAB.

Other new board members include: Mr Anders Carlberg, managing director of Nobel Industries; Mr Per-Olof Eriksson, managing director of Sandvik, Mr Tony Hagström, director in the Swedish telecommu opportunities," he said.

Of ABV; Mr Allan Larsson, director
The Government is still in the of the Labour Market Board; Mr process of negotiating with a number of Swedish institutions which are interested in joining a consorChrister Zetterberg, managing diPharmacia

PHARMACIA, the Swedish pharmaceuticals and biotechnology group, increased its profits by 34

Both sales and profits have picked up more strongly than ex-pected in the second half of the year and Pharmacia said yesterday that it expected to exceed its earlier forecast of a 5 to 10 per cent increase in sales and a somewhat laster growth in earnings.

Group turnover in the third quar-ter rose 9 per cent to SKr 875m (\$126m), while profits (after financial items) rose 34 per cent to SKr 195m from SKr 145m a year earlier. Sales in the first nine months rose 5 per cent to SKr 2.64bn, with an increase of 4 per cent in the first two quarters and 9 per cent in the

Profits (after financial items) in the first nine months rose 21 per cent to SKr 622m, and earnings have been protected from the fall in the value of the dollar - which has slowed sales growth - by successful

The fastest sales growth was achieved in France and the UK, where turnover has risen by more than 20 per cent measured in local currencies, while of the four main business areas, biotechnology has shown the fastest growth with a rise of 10 per cent.

Sales rose particularly strongly to the industrial sector of separation and purification equipment on both laboratory and process scales.

Pharmacia said that its best-sell-ing product, Healon, a get used in eye surgery, had performed strong-ly in all markets and that it had succeeded in winning back lost market shares in the important US market. Healon was introduced into the Japmese market in August.

SANFORD SIGOLOFF TIES IN TWO COMPANIES TO WICKES

Examination time for corporate doctor

BY CHARLES HODGSON IN NEW YORK

MR SANFORD SIGOLOFF'S repuiring & Alkman and Lear Siegler in tation as a corporate doctor will be quick succession, Mr Frank Rolfes,

Within the last week, Wickes, the building promiers and retail group which emerged from bankruptcy proceedings only in January 1985, has spent nearly \$3bn acquiring first Collins & Aikman, a leading textile producer, and Lear Siegler. the aerospace, automotive and in-

to take over much larger concerns, company will go to the market Wickes's \$2.1bn hostile bid for Ow- again. But they feel that Wickes ens-Corning Fiberglas was rejected in August. Three months earlier, National Gypsum had fought off an unwanted \$1.23bn approach from Wickes by adopting a higher valued leveraged buyout plan.

the money could be raised.

Another major factor governing the speed with which Wickes moved to acquire the two companies is the

tested in the coming months as he an analyst with Dain Bosworth in tries to graft two newly acquired Minneapolis, argues that it has to groups onto his revitalised Wickes be seen in the light of those previ-

"He was not able to come up with building products and retail group one large company to meet his cri-which emerged from bankruptcy teria. He saw two smaller ones that proceedings only in January 1985, did so be moved in," Mr Rolfes said.

Wickes already had finance lined up. It had raised \$1.2bm in a private acement in June through Drexel Burnham Lambert to fund its previdustrial group.

The friendly mergers follow two thwarted attempts earlier this year and analysts think it likely that the would not have moved so fast if it did not have strong assurances that

leveraged buyout plan.

Although some observers have impact of recently approved US tax been surprised at the manner in reform, which reduces tax benefits which Wickes moved to acquire Colonia acquisitions agreed after Decem-

panies as "good fits" with Wickes' existing businesses - timber, home furnishings, clothing, motor vehicle

While analysts see a fair amount of synergy between Wickes and Col-lins & Aikman, which manufactures textiles for home and industri-al use, some are far more sceptical about the combination with Lear Siegler, the products of which range from Smith and Wesson handguns to Piper light aircraft. The company, based at the same Santa Monica, California, industrial park as Wickes, had been consider-ing a major restructuring before the Wickes move. Its recent results

have been hit by heavy product lia-bility claims at its Piper division. Analysts see the latest acquisitions as strenthening Wickes in that it now has a better mix of inter-

der heavy pressure to improve the company's capitalisation, either by selling off parts of existing or new

not be easy /-

Mr Sigoloff joined Wickes in provement store chains from W. R. March 1982, barely a month before Grace, the retailer, for an undisthe company filed for protection from its creditors under Chapter 11

ests. The purchases boost the com-

ber 31. Wickes has about \$425m in tax loss carryforwards and \$30m in tax credit, according to analysts.

Mr Sigoloff welcomed both companies as "good fits" with Wickes the tax in the panies as "good fits" with Wickes tantial debt, Mr Sigoloff will be unserted to the panies as "good fits" with Wickes tantial debt, Mr Sigoloff will be unserted to the panies as "good fits" with Wickes tantial debt, Mr Sigoloff will be unserted to the panies as "good fits" with Wickes tantial debt, Mr Sigoloff will be unserted to the panies as "good fits" with Wickes tantial debt, Mr Sigoloff will be unserted to the panies as "good fits" with Wickes tantial debt, Mr Sigoloff will be unserted to the panies as "good fits" with Wickes tantial debt, Mr Sigoloff will be unserted to the panies as "good fits" with Wickes tantial debt, Mr Sigoloff will be unserted to the panies as "good fits" with Wickes tantial debt, Mr Sigoloff will be unserted to the panies as "good fits" with Wickes tantial debt, Mr Sigoloff will be unserted to the panies as "good fits" with Wickes tantial debt, Mr Sigoloff will be unserted to the panies as "good fits" with Wickes tantial debt, Mr Sigoloff will be unserted to the panies as "good fits" with Wickes tantial debt, Mr Sigoloff will be unserted to the panies as "good fits" with Wickes tantial debt, Mr Sigoloff will be unserted to the panies as "good fits" with Wickes tantial debt, Mr Sigoloff will be unserted to the panies as "good fits" with Wickes tantial debt, Mr Sigoloff will be unserted to the panies as "good fits" with Wickes tantial debt, Mr Sigoloff will be unserted to the panies as "good fits" with Wickes tantial debt, Mr Sigoloff will be unserted to the panies as "good fits" with Wickes tantial debt, Mr Sigoloff will be unserted to the panies as "good fits" with Wickes tantial debt, Mr Sigoloff will be unserted to the panies as "good fits" with t Mr Sigoloff has pursued a relent

lessly aggressive acquisition policy since Wickes emerged from the businesses or by equity sales.

One of the main challenges he faces will be to find buyers for those businesses. Finding a ready buyer for Piper in particular will be consuled as the consuler of the consuler and industrial products division of Gulf and Western industries for about \$10 m. In May this part he consuler. year, Wickes bought two home im-

closed amount Most analysts now expect the of the US bankruptcy code, owing \$2bn.

He had had experience of Chapter 11 proceedings before, having steered Daylin, another retailer, through bankruptcy in the mid
1970s.

Most analysts now expect the problems of digesting Wicker's latest two acquisitions and the limits on available funding to keep Mr Sicannot be rurled out, however.

1970s.

Wickes was the second biggest likes, I would not be surprised to US company to enter Chapter 11 see him go after it," says Mr Rolfes. proceedings. Only the railroad divi- "He sounds like that kind of guy."

Lorimar ends \$1.85bn TV network challenge

BY WILLIAM HALL IN NEW YORK

rapidly expanding TV and film pro- a peak of \$33 to a low of \$17. duction company whose hit shows include Dallas, has dropped its the deal but has continued to have three US TV networks.

Broadcasting have been plagued ham Lambert had arranged to raise with difficulties since they were announced in May. The scale of the intended borrowings to finance the Mery Adelson, gave no explanation complex deal and its impact on the for the collapse of the acquisition of group's profitable and fast-growing the six former Storer Communica-film production operations had tions TV stations and a Miami TV come under fire on Wall Street, and station owned by Wometoo.

LORIMAR-TELEPICTURES, the the group's shares had slipped from

\$1.85b acquisition of seven US TV difficulty agreeing the financial stations, ending its ambitious chalterns. It has announced that it has lenge to set up a rival to the big terminated the acquisition by mutuhree US TV networks.

The California-based group's parties. The deal had already been plans to acquire the TV stations cleared by the Federal Communica-from SCI Holdings and Wometco tions Commission and Drexel Burn-

Carter Hawley earnings rise 67%

By Charles Hodgson in New York

CARTER Hawley Hale, the Los Angeles department store group, yes-terday reported a 67 per cent rise in net third-quarter earnings to a re-cord \$16.4m or 44 cents a share, compared with \$9.8m or 12 cents a share in the year-ago period. Carter Hawley, the sixth largest

US store chain, said sales increased by 7 per cent to \$999.5m from \$927.8m excluding sales at its Holt Renfrew operations which were sold in early April.

Mr Philip Hawley, chairman, attributed the marked improvement to "lower markdowns, better control of expenses and good inventory

Novo sales rise despite exchange rate changes

BY HILARY BARNES IN COPENHAGEN

EXCHANGE RATE changes have quarter from DKr 222m to DKr

3.13bn (\$410m) and third-quarter same earnings level as in the same sales from DKr 986m, to DKr quarter of 1985, said the statement. 1.01bn, However, sales measured in The board has previously stated the Danish currency would have that earnings this year are unlikely been about 10 per cent higher if exchange rates during the first nine for the first nine months increased months of the year had remained in volume by 7 per cent but sales unchanged from 1985, said the value fell by 6 per cent as a result of

year to DKr 601m and for the third by 6 per cent,

hit sales and earnings by Novo, the 211m, while earnings per share for Danish pharmaceuticals and en-nine months fell from DKr 19.29 to

symes producer, according to the DKr 15.10.

Sales at nine months increased developments in the fourth quarter marginally from DKr 3.11bn to DKr may make it difficult to reach the

Pre-tax earnings at nine months market for Nova's enzymes is in the were down from DKr 708m last US. Pharmacentical sales increases

Robert Fleming & Co. Limited

Nomura International Limited

ANZ Merchant Bank Limited

Kleinwort Benson Limited

Merrill Lynch Capital Markets

Morgan Stanley International

Universal Securities Co., Ltd.

Cosmo Securities (Europe) Limited

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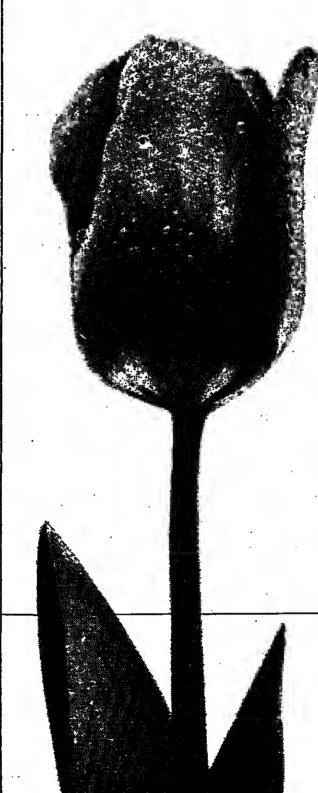
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TROUBLED BANK HOPES TO RAISE \$300M

Bank America to sell Schwab

BY WELLAM HALL IN NEW YORK

banking group, which is facing an unsolicited \$3.4bn takeover bid from First Interstate, is hoping to raise over \$300m from the sale of Charles Schwab & Company, its successful discount brokerage busi-

Charles Schwab, the biggest discount brokerage firm in the US, with over 1.2m customers, is one of the top assets which the San Francisco-based banking group is plan-ning to sell in order to bolster its capital ratios. Several leading US banks, including Citicorp, and various other organisations interested in expanding in the financial arena, such as Ford Motor Company, are known to have shown interest in acquiring Charles Schwab.

ca for \$53m in 1963, is one of the bank's most visible success stories in recent years. Under the leadership of the 49-year-old Mr Charles Schwab, who founded the company in 1971, it has grown rapidly and is

nues of close to \$250m in the cur-

Until recently, BankAmerica seemed intent on retaining Charles Schwab along with Seatirst Corpor-ation, the Seattle bank which it rescued a few years ago. However, fol-lowing the recent top management shake-up at BankAmerica and the return of Mr Tom Clausen, the former head of the World Bank, Bank-America has changed its position. It intends to retain Seafirst but is seeking offers for Schwab.

Since BankAmerica bought the discount broker four years ago, its revenues have tripled and its customer account base has more than doubled. Last year the company handled security transactions with The discount brokerage firm, a market value of over 57hn and the which was acquired by BankAmerifigure is expected to be consider-ably larger this year, reflecting the strength of the US stock market.

While the rise in US share prices partly explains the group's impres-sive performance, its management

BANKAMERICA the troubled US expected to earn over \$25m on reve- team is well regarded and the com-Marketplace to Schwab Quotes, an automated stock quotations and

BankAmerica's decision to buy

Charles Schwab caused considerable controversy within the financial industry since it was seen as an aggressive move to circumvent the restrictions of the Glass-Steagall act, which prevents commercial banks from doing many types of in-vestment banking business. However, BankAmerica persevered and its success was soon imitated by other commercial banks, which saw discount brokerage operations as an ideal way of edging into the retail stock brokerage business, long dominated by companies like Mer-

pany has been aggressively expanding it services, with initiatives ranging from the Schwab Muhal Fund Schwab's customer base, marketing Schwab's customer base, marketing skills and technological capabilities will make it an attractive acquisition for another company wanting a readymade base in one of the fastest growing sectors of the financial

services industry.

However, Mr Charles Schwab is expected to be a leading candidate to reacquire his old firm. He made an effort to buy the company earlier this year but was rebuffed and his increasing unhappiness with Bank-America's mounting problems was reflected in his surprise resignation from the group's board of directors in August. At the time, there was considerable speculation that Mr Schwab was clearing the way for a more concerted effort to regain con-trol of his company, which he sold for 2.3m BankAmerica shares

Borg-Warner unveils Nova Scotia bank sets plan to sell financial services subsidiary

BY RODERICK ORAM IN NEW YORK

BORG-WARNER, the highy diversified manufacturing and services group which is fending off unwelcome approaches from corporate raiders, said it plans to sell its financial services subsidiary as part of a restructuring "to maximise shareholder value."

Its share price has almost doubled in recent months from the low for the year amid speculation that a number of investors were building up holdings from which to launch takeover offers. The price eased \$1% to \$41% after yesterday's divestment news

So far only Mr Irwin Jacobs, the Minneapolis raider, has declared his position. He said recently that his position. He said recently that he held a 7.6 per cent stake and may seek control of the Chicago group. It is believed that Gaf, the US chemicals and building products Schwah up for sale is a painful reminder of the scale of the cuthacks it has to undertake if it is to remain were trading at \$14%.

Worm around \$23m. Since then, US chemicals and building products

The subsidiary contributed group has also been accumulating sharply and yesterday morning it has to undertake if it is to remain were trading at \$14%.

were thwarted. Borg-Wagner's spe cialty chemical operations would be

Earlier detensive moves by Borg-Wagner included plans to sell its in-dustrial products subsidiary which had sales in 1985 of \$273m out of the group's total of \$3.3bm and to buy back up to 15m shares representing 17 per cent of its common stock. It has already approved "poi-son pill" measures in the form of stock purchase rights for sharehol-

Borg-Wagner said the financin and capital requirements of its fi-nancial services subsidiary limited the group's ability to deve business areas. Proceeds from the sale will help pay for acquisitions, expansion of existing businesses

and share repurchas

BANK of Nove Scotia (BNS) has become the first bank to set up a full-service securities firm in Canada, and distributing corporate securities increasing the pressure for determining of the Canadian first But RNS made use of a regulation of the Canadian finan-ing. But BNS made use of a provision in the act which allows a temcial services industry. Taking advantage of the relaxed porary investment of up to two

up full securities firm

BY BERNARD SIMON IN TORONTO

Takeover bid for

Lesieur advances

Mr Bernard Dumon, the head of Saint Louis, yesterday took over as head of Lesieur after the resignation on Wednesday of Mr Guy de Brignac, former head of the company. Mr de Brignac gave as the reason for his resignation his opposition to certain aspects of the share swap offer. However, behind this lie first nine months of the year.

Sekisui House Ltd. DM 50 million: 61% Convertible Debentures 1976/1987 Adjustment of the Conversion Price -

Sekiani House, Ltd., issued a USS300 million 3% Warrant Bond. 1986/1991 in October 1986. Therefore, the conversion price of the Convertible Debentures 1976/1967 will be adjusted pursuant to Sect of the Loan Tarms effective November 14, 1986, from Yee 571 to Yeu

CITICORPO

U.S. \$350,000,000

Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due August 14, 2011

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 6.25% p.a. and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date February 17, 1987 against Coupon No. 2 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$164.93 and in respect of US\$250,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$4,123.26.

Citicorp Overseas Finance

Corporation N.V.

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Notice is hereby-given that the Interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, November 24, 1986, for the period August 14, 1986 to November 14, 1986 against Caupon No. 9 in respect of U.S.\$50,000 nominol of the Notes will be U.S.\$759,94.

Navember 14, 1986, London By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank CITIBANCO

CITICORPO

November 14, 1986, London By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

takeover of Lesieur, the oil products group, to form France's second largest food concern has been carried a step further with the nomination of

the same chairman for both compa-

Mr Bernard Dumon, the head of

regulatory climate in Quebec and a loophole in the Federal Bank Act.

BNS, which is Canada's fourth largers to unstoppable global market forces est bank, has formed a wholly which are breaking down the barriowned subsidiary to underwrite owned subsidiary to underwrite ers between banking and securities and distribute corporate securities, will lead to legislation designed to sell mutual funds and trade compactable accommodate such investments, mercial paper and bankers accept before expiry of the two-year grace

The new firm, known as Scotia Securities, is registered in Quebec Echoing the views of other Cana-dian bankers, Mr Ramsay Holmes, Scotia Securities chairman and a but - with an apparent eye on an imminent relaxation in securities BNS senior vice president in charge of planning, said: "We don't timb that Canada can afford to keep the major players in the financial markets with one hand behind their barks." industry rules in Ontario - has its head office in Toronto.

Both the Federal and Ontario

Both the Federal and Ondario governments have recently indicated a willingness to allow banks for the first time to take part in the provincially regulated securities industry by acquiring substantial equity interests in existing securities deal-ters. Ontatio is expected to announce new rules within the next times which require further capital infusions.

style and the future strategy of the

food group with a turnover of FFr 14bn (\$2.12bn), second to BSN

36bn. Both hoards approved the move but a rivel outside had still re-

which has a turnover of about FFr

SEKUSUI HOUSE, CO. LTD

CITIBANKO

Dresdner Bank

WELLOWIERESTEES 1986

Antiviral products make significant gains

Reviewing the Group's past year, Mr A. J. Shepperd, Chairman of Wellcome plc, reports: "Our results have

been adversely affected by the weakening of certain currencies, notably the US dollar, against sterling. In fact, in sterling terms, Group turnover was slightly ahead at £1,005m, compared with £1,004m for the previous year. Group profit before taxation was £125.3m - an increase of 3% - while the overall Group profit margin to turnover was 12.5% against the previous year's

figure of 12.1%. "Movements in exchange rates are estimated to have adversely affected the comparison between the two years by some £110m in respect of turnover and £20m in respect of profit before tax.

"However, if the 1985 figures are re-expressed at this year's exchange rates, turnover and profit before tax show increases of 12% and 23% respectively.

"The Group's tax charge this year is 51%, compared with 54% in the previous year. Changes in tax legislation being undertaken in the USA should lead to some reduc- duct in turnover terms, and we believe there is further sales tion in tax charges arid, while the effect will be minimal in 1987, there should be greater benefits in 1988.

Growth in overseas markets

"The growth in Group turnover was most marked in the USA, Continental Europe and Japan.

"The continued introduction of acyclovir particularly assisted growth in the latter two markets.



Borrowings reduced

"The issue of new shares earlier in the year raised £45.6m, enabling us to reduce our Group net borrowings at the year end to £46.1m. Net borrowings now represent 9% of shareholders' funds, compared with 16% for last year.

"Our total expenditure on research and development for the year was £132m, representing 13.2% of Group turnover, and reflecting the in-

creased number of compounds moving from the research stage and thus requiring more expensive development resources.

"During the year we also saw our capital expenditure programme continue according to plan. Over the year we spent £88m, compared with £74m in. the previous year.

TOWNSTAL HIGHLI	aurs .	
	1986 £m	1985 £m
Turnover	1,005.4	1003.6
Research and development expenditure	132.5	122.0
Profit before taxation	125.3	121.7
Profit attributable to shareholders	63.9	59.6
Distributions to shareholders	17.4	16.8
Earnings per ordinary share	7.8p	7.5p
Shareholders' funds	513.6	438.6
Employees	18,764	18,342

Acyclovir becomes largest seller

"In the field of human healthcare, sales of acyclovir the active ingredient of our antiviral products, have reached £105m, a 69% increase over the previous year's figure of

"Acyclovir has this year become our largest selling progrowth to come, particularly in Japan. A further reason for optimism relates to the expected use of acyclovir in the treatment of shingles.



"Sales of our muscle-relaxing agent, atracurium, continued to increase, with a rise of 18% in USA sales, compared with the previous year. Total sales for the year were £32m.

"Other established products - particularly cotrimoxazole and allopurinol - have continued to sell well. However, in the face of generic competition, they now make less of a contribution to Group turnover and profits than was once the case.

"Our cough and cold products, ACTIFED and SUDAFED, retained their lead in the US markets against substantially more aggressive competition.



"A major success in the USA was NEO SPORIN, a topical antibiotic, which was advertised for the first time on national television with

"In the UK, the adverse effects on sales of ne of our products by the Government's 'limited list' have been mitigated to some extent by the active promotion of ACTIFED as an overthe-counter product.

"Overall, the balance of our business has changed slightly, with faster growth in Japan and Western Europe than in the USA. The dramatic increase in Japanese sales is due almost entirely to sales of acyclovir which is providing a base from which we can increase the growth of our Japanese company.

Coopers Animal Health

'Coopers Animal Health was formed in 1984 by a merger of the international animal health businesses of Wellcome and ICL Today, all but three of the operating units are trading profitably.

"However, the problems of farmers in the world's major agricultural areas have continued, and the depression in agriculture has affected the demand for Coopers products.

For the year, a pre-tax loss of £9.7m for Coopers is included in the Group's results, compared with £8.2m for last year.

Dividend and future prospects

The directors of Wellcome plc are recommending a final dividend for the year of 1.32p per ordinary share. This is equivalent to the dividend of 1.86p per ordinary share, inclusive of tax credit, forecast in the prospectus.

"It has been an eventful year in which the Group has made considerable progress. We are all set to face the year ahead, which I view with continued optimism in the knowledge that the Group will draw on the great strength of its many employees throughout the world. I thank them for their efforts during the last year"

If you would like a copy of the Wellcome plc Annual Report for 1986 (available from 4 December), please write

to The Public Relations Department, Wellcome plc, The Wellcome Building, PO Box 129, 183 Euston Road, London NW1 2BP.

ACTIFED, NEOSPORIN and SUDAFED on WellCome



NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

U.S.\$125,000,000 Midland International Financial Services B.V

Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes 1989



Midland Bank plc (Incorporated with limited liability in England

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of the Trust Deed dated 18th December, 1979 and Condition 5 (c) of the Notes, Midland International Financial Services B.V. has elected to redeem on 24th December, 1986 all of the outstanding Notes at their principal amount. On 24th December, 1986, the date fixed for redemption, there will become due and payable on the Notes the principal amount thereof together with interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption. Payment of the redemption price on the Notes will be made on or after 34th December, 1986 at the principal office of European American Bank & Trust Company, 10 Hanover Square, New York, NY 10005, or at the specified offices of the other Paying Agents opon presentation and surrender for redemption of the Notes together with all coupons appertaining thereto maturing after the date fixed for redemption.

The coupons maturing on 24th December, 1986 should be presented for payment in the usual manner. On and after 24th December, 1986 interest on the Notes will cease to accrue and unmatured coupons shall become void.



INTL. COMPANIES and FINANCE

Second-half recovery in earnings at Reunert

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House Ltd.

COLUMN THE SECOND

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Dress

REUNERT, the South African meteriories and electrical equipment company, returned to profits in the second half of the year ended September, but nevertheless suffered a steep decline for the year as a whole and expects trading difficulties to receive

a whole and expects trading difficulties to persist

Turnover increased to R\$22m (\$409m) from R\$27m

even though government and other large customers curtaffied capital spending. Pretax profits fell to R\$2,5m from \$10.7m; at the ball-way stage. R19.7m: at the half-way stage the pre-tax loss was R8.6m. The directors expect an The directors expect an improvement in privitability but say that industry conditions are likely to remain difficult. Earnings for the latest year totalled 0.04 cents a share and a divizind has not been declared. The previous year's earnings were 32.7 cents and the divideod was 17 cents.

Reunert is, a subsidiary of

Reunert is, a subsidiary of Barlow Rand, the industrial and mining group.

• Imperial Cold Storage (ICS), another Barlow Rand subsidiary, suffered the combined effects of recession, consumer boycetts and civil unrest, cutting real demand for most of its food products in the year to September.

Although turnover increased to R1.37bn from R1.26bn, pre-tax profits fell to R11.6m

pre-tax profits fell to R11.6m from R18.7m. The directers say that lower real demand combined with increased competition and increased competition and inflationary cost increases cut margins. Some divisions suffered losses, though the directors hope to return them to profits this financial year.

Earnings were 30.2 cents a share against 51.6 cents and the total dividend has been

the total dividend has been cut to 15 cents from 20 cents.

Australian commercial banks suffer fall in profits

AUSTRALIA'S two largest able profit. The picture might provisions have risen from commercial banks, Westpac have been worse had an im-Banking Corporation and proved merchant banking per-National Australia Bank formance not offset the net profits after extraordinary Yesterday reported reduced worsened savings bank contri-net profits after the economic bution. From A\$332m. After - tax

slowdown took its toll and Net profits after extraording operating profits were A\$304m government regulations burt ary items were A\$281.6m compared with A\$302m.

earnings from savings banks. (US\$181.8m) compared with Revenues from the savings managing director, used the occasion to launch a stinging after tax were up 3.2 per cent, and those from finance and insurance substative on the government's to A\$379.6m

occasion to launch a stinging after tax were up 3.2 per cent finance and insurance subsidiaries on the government's economic policies and especially merchant banking contribited tax regime. He said the seriousness of the country's external debt and balance of payments problems was insufficiently appreclated.

Although Westpac showed a marginal improvement in after-tax operating profit for the year to September, extraordinary items reduced the attribut
A\$31.1m, more than about savings banking is that they have to fund a housing loan portfolio to which the government has applied maximum interest rates. Mr White said yesterday the government had increased substantially its was effectively belong pritate of the provisions for doubtful debts. Specific provisions are up from a savings banking is that they have to fund a housing loan portfolio to which the government has applied maximum interest rates. Mr White said yesterday the government had increased substantially its was effectively belong pritated by the provisions for doubtful debts. Specific provisions are up from a savings banking is that they have to fund a housing loan portfolio to which the government has applied maximum interest rates. Mr White said yesterday the government had increased substantially its was effectively belong pritated by the provisions are up from a specific provision

Japanese oil groups in black

JAPAN'S EIGHT leading oil backs in sales due to the steep companies were able to report fall in prices of their products. Some reported a valuation loss pre-tax profits for the balf year to September, a sharp turnround from the pre-tax losses registered by most in the same costs as a result of the yen's to register pre-tax profits was purchased before the crude price decline began.

For the second half, most approaches the products of the yen's costs as a result of the yen's costs as a resul

peried the previous year.

However, the country's oil prices.

Petroleum Association said yesterday that it saw no substantial improvement in their main

The largely downstream indus-try drew benefit from the falling crude oil prices, but this was offset by the declining retail market price for oil products. The association attributed the better performance by the eight companies to foreign exchange gains on their dollar borrowings and an improvement in their financial positions.

All of the eight oil companies suffered over 30 per cent set-

thanks to a fall in procurement costs as a result of the yen's appreciation and lower crude expect a boost in profits as they have all but completed the liquidation of the higher-cost

Parent company		ptember 1986 (Sept	ember 1985)
	Sales	pre-tax profits	Net profits
	Ybn	Ybn	Ybn
Nippon Oil	880 (1,374)	142 (-72)	7.4 (-6.1)
Idematsu Kosan	766 (1,230)	24 (-172)	0.5 (-17.7)
Kosmo Oil*	742 ()	48 (-)	1.3 (-)
Kyodo Oil	671 (1,007)	08 (-21)	1.9 (-2.6)
Mitsubishi Oil	327 (513)	30 (-87)	0.6 (-8.4)
General Sekiyu	221 (361)	08 (-20)	0.8 (-1.7)
Kyushu Oil	137 (172)	1.9 (-0.7)	0.8 (0.1)
Kyushu Oil	131 (203)	1.7 (0.2)	0.9 (0.1)

NOTICE

OCCIDENTAL INTERNATIONAL FINANCE B.V.

Kd 7,000,000 81% Guaranteed Bonds Due 1991

OPTION TO REDEEM ON MAY 15th 1987

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that under condition 5 (c) of the bonds, holders of any of the above bonds shall have the option to have such bonds redeemed by International at 100 per cent of the principal amount (plus accrued interest) on May 15th 1987. To exercise the option, the holders of bonds shall deposit the bonds to be redeemed with the principal paying agent or any of the paying agents at the addresses given below, from whom payment is required at any time between December 15th 1986 and January 15th 1987 (both days inclusive).

Any bonds so deposited may not be withdrawn with out the prior consent of International.

Principal Paying Agent Kuwait International Investment Co. s.a.k. Gate No. 1 + 8, 5th Floor Al Salhiya Commercial Complex P.O. Box 22792, Safat 13088, Kuwait

Paying Agents Citibank (Belgium). S.A. Kredietbank S.A. Avenue de Tervuren 249 Luxembourgeoise Brussels Belgium 43 Boulevard Royal

Luxembourg

New Issue

Kuwait International Investment Co. s.a.k.

(as principal paying agent)

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

Kawasaki Steel International Finance

Public Limited Company

U.S. \$50,000,000

Floating Rate Notes 1991

Issue Price 100 per cent.

First Interstate Capital Markets Limited

ed in England under the Companies Act 1985; No. 2005520)

Sharp advance in sales for Reliance Industries

SALES OF Reliance Industries, fast-growing but controversial Indian company, rose by 27 per cent in the half year to 27 per cent in the half year to reach Rs 4.19bn (\$324m) while profits increased by a more muted 17 per cent to Rs 750m, Mr Ambani expects the man, says sales for this year as a whole may touch Rs 10bm. The second half of the year is normally better than the first, and its polyester staple fibre plant, commissioned in March, will boost turnover.

debenture issue of Rs 4bn, the largest ever by an Indian company. Mr Ambani expents three times, though the company can increase the issue by only an additional Rs 1bn.

The offer allows conversion after a year of each Rs 145 debenture into two shares at plant, commissioned in March, will boost turnover.

ments being made in several before the new petro-chemical plants.

Reliance bas also finally agreed terms with the government on floating a convertible debenture issue of Rs 4bn, the

Net profits are also projected higher than last year because there will be no tax liability benture bolders eligible for for the company this year and the next because of invest-cides to make a scrip issue free transfer. conversion

Nine-month surplus at Benguet BY SAMUEL SENOREN IN MANILA

BENGUET CORPORATION, months, due chiefly to the one of the largest mining higher price of gold. Benguet has decided not to declare a dividend this year because of restrictions imposed third quarter, lifting net profits since January to 116.4m pesos compared with a loss of 90.9m are of drains the same period. per/s during the same period last year.

Operating revenues were 1.19bn pesos during the quarter and 3.19bn pesos for the nine ation of payments until 1988.

20th October, 1986

The company, which has obligations equivalent to about \$78m, may declare cath dividends only under a formula reached with creditors which is expected to prevent a restor-

Acquisition by Elders Resources

ELDERS RESOURCES the energy affiliate of Mr John Elliott's Elders IXL, said it has purchased seven resources trading companies from the HTC Holding Group of New York, formerly the Hochschild Group, Reuter reports from Melbourne.

No price was given, but Elders said the companies had an annual turnover of more than the equivalent of A\$800m (US\$516.4m)

(US\$516.4m)
The companies include the London-based Exsud, Corfina in Madrid, Sudapek in Peking and Siamet in Bangkok.
Other companies included in the acquisition are MASA-ETC in Sao Paolo, Hochmetals Cor-poration in Tokyo and Burwill Siamet in Hong Kong.

Rise in ven hits Minolta

By Our Tokyo Staff

MINOLTA, the Japanese manufacturer of cameras and photocopiers, has reported a 3.7 per cent dip in pre-tax profits to Y5.24bn (\$32.6) for the half year to September, attributed to the yen's appreciation against the dollar.

Interim net profits fell by 6 per cent to Y2.6bn despite turnover which at Y111.92bn was np 20 per cent on the back of

strong camera sales. Minolta is to keep its interim dividend at Y4.25 per share. For the full year, it expects pre-tax profits to fall by 26 per cent to Y9bn, the first yearon-year decline in five years. Sales are forecast to increase by 11 per cent to Y220bn.

Harness the power

of an emerging market leader in swaps— Merrill Lynch. This year alone, our business has grown from \$220 million a month to over

\$2 billion a month.

This tremendous growth is due to tl. unparalleled breadth of resources we offer our clients.

Merrill Lynch has the creativity, capital, global distribution and

trading expertise to execute both complex and

large transactions efficiently.

GROWTH IN MERRILL LYNCH SWAP VOLUME - 1986

AMOUNT TRUCMA SHOULDER

For example, in just two days this past August, our swap team handled over \$1 billion worth of transactions. And our momentum is building. Today, Merrill Lynch has become a world leader

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The Governor and Company of the (Constituted by Act of the Scots Parliament in 1695)

U.S.\$250,000,000 **Undated Floating Rate Primary Capital Notes** Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 61/6% p.a. and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, May 14, 1997, against Coupon No. 3 in respect of U.S.\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be U.S.\$317-38 and in respect of U.S.\$250,000 nominal of the Notes will be U.S.\$7,934-46.

November 14, 1986, London By: Citibank, N.A.(CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

CITIBANG



Sparekassen Bikuben (A Savings bank established under Danish Banking Law)

U.S. \$45,000,000

Floating Rate Subordinated Notes due 1996 Holders of Floating Rate Subordinated Notes of the above issue are hereby notified that for the interest period from 14th November 1986 to 14th May 1987 the following information will apply:-

1. Rate of Interest

6%% per annum

US\$ 320.52 2. Coupon Amount:

3. Interest Payment Date: 14th May 1987

Bank of America International Limited

FARCE SECT

Tank pit

LICE International Limited

Sanyo International Limited

DKB International Limited

The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd. Taiyo Kobe International Limited

Bank of Tokyo International Limited

Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

Nippon Credit International Limited

Daiwa Europe Limited

Hill Samuel & Co. Limited

Manufacturers Hanover Limited

Nomura International Limited

DMC seeks

acquisition

programme

funds for

Tim Dickson in Brussels examines tax moves to stimulate share buying

Wider choice for Belgian investors

THE BELGIAN bourse was yesterday digesting the impliby the coalition partners to push ahead with a series of changes to the tax laws simed at stimulating share purchases by private investors.

The stock market showed its initial enthusiasm on Wednes-

day by jumping 71 points to an all time high of 4,076. Activity was more subdued yesterday, with some leading shares ending the session a little below their previous best, although the index managed to rise again to 4.091.98. The coalitioo's proposals offer

investors a choice between three tax-assisted savings schemes which would contribute to retirement, invest in their own company's shares or back a recognised venture capital fund. The main out-lines have been well known since the centre-right coalition of Mr Wilfried Martens set out its economic programme earlier this year. The stock market, however, bad expected a firm political commitment before the political commitment before the summer, when the Government became bugged down in negotiating its cootroversial BFr 200bn (\$4.7bo) budget cuts. More recently, it has been distracted by a bitter linguistic dispute over a provincial mayor, to the point that doubts grew that something might be amiss in the tax reform schedule. This week's developmenta demonstrate that Mr Martens the Prime Minister, and his five fellow "super" ministers are now trying to get their econo-

EMS-Chemie

maintains

profit levels

the past financial year.

By John Wicks in Zurich

EMS - CHEMIE Holdings, the Swiss chemical group, expects results for the year ending April 30, 1987, to be "at least close to" the level recorded for

In 1985-86, operational cash-flow rose by 46 per cent to SFr 80.6m after a 33 per cent in-

crease in sales to SFr 523m

(\$311m). The percet company raised its dividend from 7 to 9 per cent on net profits of SFr

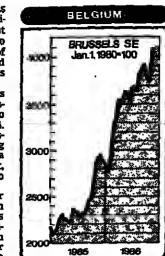
For the first six mooths of

1986-87, the group has booked

sales and earnings at the same level as those for the previous

corresponding period

. 3



mic plan back on course after the interruptions of the last few

For the Belgian stock market, the new tax breaks represent e much-needed extension to the much-needed extension to the so-called De Clercq section of the shares law (or the Belgian "Loi Monory." to borrow tha name of similar legislation in Frace). Introduced in 1982, this enabled individual Belgian investors to make the cost of these properties. share purchasers in Belgian companies tax deductible at a time wheo much of the cor-porate sector was heavily in debt and badly in need of new

BY YOKO SHIBATA IN TOKYO

issues in Tokyo have decided to relax substantially the eligi-bility rules on both yen-denominated Samurai and dolar-

denominated Shogun public offerings made by foreign corporate borrowers.

boost issua volume and improve

the status of Tokyo capital market. The commercial and long-term credit banks involved are due to adopt new rules to-

day and apply them for flota-tions later this month.

Foreign corporate issuers of

Samurai and Shogun bonds with a double A rating will no

longer be required to meet such

during the four years 1982 to 1985. An estimated 500,000 households are thought to have • An employee share scheme

been involved. The scheme ended last De-cember. However, the condition that shares bought under the plan must be beld for a minimum of five years to qualify for mum of five years to qualify for meant that 1987 companies. Bank employees will be a key date for the first baye done well, bot others have not been so lucky. Known as their stakes. Hence there has been fierce lobbying among financial institutions for new measures that would stem, and indeed reverse, the potential outflow from the market.

Belgian investors have traditionally been notoriously risk-averse, though according to an analyst from Societe Generale spawn a range of vehicles from

analyst from Societe Generale de Banque many are now embracing the new opporembracing the new oppor-tunities to play the stock market with enthusiasm. They will now be able to choose from one of three tax-favoured plans • A new "pension plan" on tha

lines of the American Individual Retirement Account. This will enable individuals to invest up to BFr 20,000 (\$475) a year (or BFr 40,000 per bousehold), though the limits will probably be quickly doubled. At least in 1988. 30 per cent must be in Belgian In reti shares, with up to 10 per per-mitted in foreign based companies provided they have a quote on the Belgian bourse.

debt and badly in need of new capital.

After a slow start, the exercise proved very successful and according to Kredietbank in the segment policy of supporting Belgium's ageing population. The unions, how agreed.

Samurai, Shogun rules eased

least \$1.5bn.

eligibility criteria as net worth are keen to retain their central capital market

corporate borrowers.

broad elements of the system,
The move is designed to a feature of the domestic bond

Forex

Futures

Treasuries

Bonds

Depos

Euros

Fed Funds

Repos

Dealers, Desk Managers, Analysts

WHICH OF YOU

WILL HAVE THE EDGE?

BANKS MANAGING bond or level of net assets. If they are role in determining bond issues in Tokyo have decided to rated single A, they will be re-issuing qualifications through a

The relaxation also reflects a

desire by the so-called "com-missioned banks" to retain

market, whereby they serve as

trustee in order to protect bolders. Such borrowers as the World Bank have lobbied to eliminate the commissioned

bank system as unnecessary due to the absence of collateral for these foreign bonds,

rated single A, they will be re-guired to have net assets of at group of trustee banks and

However, even for unsecured financial requirements prevail, bonds like Samurai or Shogun thus undermining the further issues, the commissioned banks internationalisation of the Tokyo

spired a flow of BFr 70bn to ever, remain suspicious that this BFr 75bn into the bourse private incentive could mean private incentive could mean fewer resources for the state

for individuals to invest in their own company. This was conthe benefits meant that 1987 companies. Bank employees will be a key date for the first bave done well, bot others have investors wishing to cash in not been so lucky. Known as

spawn a range of vehicles from banks, insurance companies and

savings institutions.
On top of these steps, the coalition partners have also agreed to a new profit sharing scheme for Belgian companies. This will allow companies to give their workers a share or "divideod" from profits and pay a reduced 25 per cent tax rate, provided they agree to increase their workforce by 1 per cent in 1987 and a further 1 per ceot

In return for the fiscal inceotives, the left wing of the Christian Democrat Party has been bargaining hard for this and other employment creating

influence issuing conditions,

The banks had been con-

sistently opposing the easing of eligibility rules as they feared

this would bring inevitable changes in the domestic corpo-

rate bond market which woold

system obsolete.

make the commissioned bank

The commissioned banks have bowever, become coocerned about the drift away of foreign borrowers to the Eurobond or

Middle East push by London **Forfaiting**

fast-growing banking concern which is 85 per cent-owned by Exco International, is to make

Exco International, is to make a major push for expansion in the Middle East.

Mr Jack Wilson, chief executive, said yesterday that the firm plans to raise the capital of its Cyprus-based subsidiary which handles Middle Eastern business to £25m (\$25.5m) from £5m.

The move is an indication of the way in which London Forfaiting has been able to penetrate the Middle Eastern

penetrate the Middle Eastern market at a time when many other financial organisations are winding down their operations in the region.

cern—farfaiting involves dis-counting and dealing in trade bills—it has now branched out to handle all forms of securitised loan assets, Mr

People Express debt interest rates reduced

By Our Euromarkets Staff PEOPLE EXPRESS, the US airfine, said yesterday that holders of about 80 per cent of its US public debt had greed to exchange it for new debt at lower interest rates. Its acquisitio nby Texas Air depends on 85 per cent acceptance of the exchange offer, which has been extended until today.

being handled separately. Texas Air confirmed yester-day that it would offer to buy all the issue at 65 per cent of face value, plus accrued in-terest to the date of payment. This offer also depends on 85 per cent acceptance and is dition for further fund ing for People. Texas Air will provide \$15m on completion of its Swiss tender offer, and \$15m who nthe US exchi offer is completed.

Dow Chemical in Italian technology deal

npany which already has o sizable Italian operations, reached agreement with plastic materials com nology and manufacturing of plastic compour

Jumbo dollar and French franc issues for Denmark

BY HAIG SIMONIAN

By David Housego in Paris DMC, FRANCE'S largest textile producer, is raising between FFr 300m and FFr 400m in fresh capital to 31bn and FFr 1bn. The dollar portion, led by Sbearson Lehman Brothers

widen its international base through external acquisition. International, is priced at 101;, with a 7 per cent coupon and a The group announced this yesterday in reporting a 26 per cent increase in net consolidated profits to FFr 102m (\$15.4m) for the first half on the basis of a 4 per cent drop rare two-year maturity. The issue was launched at 35 basis points over equivalent two year US Treasury bonds.

Denmark's issue represents a new concept in the Eurobond market, according to the lead

the basis of a 2 per tent day
in turnover.

The group is looking to a
20 per cent increase in net
consolidated profits for the
year as a whole to more than
FFr 150m, and to a further manager, which expects it to become a benchmark for the sbort end of the market. Short maturity, top quality paper with any degree of liquidity is 33 per cent profit rise in 1987 to FFr 200m. Turnover currently conspicuous by its absence. Two-year maturities 1987 to FFr 200m. Turnover for 1986 is expected to be down marginally to FFr 6.4bn.
DMC (Dollfus Mieg and Company) said they planned to use capital increases for a selective policy of acquisition with a view to becoming the loading testile ground in are dominated by tail-end issues, with the bulk salted away into client accounts, it is hard to deal in any volume.

There may be grounds for optimism, as retail interest in the secondary market is still limited and business has tended to be concentrated at the leading textile group in Europe. They also said that they planned to seek of quotation on a foreign market—probably London.

The group has expanded shorter end. Moreover, the new issue will have a matching maturity to tha two-year US Treasury bonds due to be auc-

this year through the purchase of a 51 per cent stake in Hervillier, tha knitting wool group. It said it was looking for further acquisitions in the area of knitwear, wool and special products. just outside its fees.

By Peter Montagnon, Euromarkets Correspondent

LONDON FORFATTING, the

Though London Forfaiting started oot as a forfaiting con-

Return from its Cyprus operation is understood to be running at twice the level attained in London. The com-pany was only formed in 1984 pre-tax profits of £9.2m last year and £6m in the first half of 1986.

Texas Air has set as a con dition of the merger, and of additional funding for People before its completion, that sufficient deb the exchanged to reduce People's interest osts by \$12.6m.

DOW CHEMICAL, the US of 15,000 tonnes a year.

caught the attention of the Euro-French franc market tion. The coupon is it per cent the Euro-French franc market tion. The coupon is it per cent tipe furnished at over six month London interwith jumbo straight issues for about 15 basis points over tha bank offered rate. yield of equivalent French Recent falls in secondary government securities. With Denmark's dollar issue

With Denmark's dollar issue to have deterred the borrower, also in the market, somewhat which is paying for the tight pricing and reluctance privilege of issuing now: its among some investors to buy 18.75 basis point spread over French franc paper at present. Liber commands even the laad manager agreed that the market's appetite seemed limited. The issue was trading less 24 bid against fees

of 14 per cent.

Deutsche Bank Capital Markets led a \$100bn 8 per cent 10-year issue for Asian Development Bank, priced at 1004. It is three years since the ADB's last straight dollar bond, though there has ben e subsequent zero-coupon issue, and the Triple A borrower has a limited demand for funds, given its bigh liquidity.

issue will have a matching maturity to tha two-year US
Treasury bonds due to be auctioned next Wednesday, creating natural arbitrage opportunities.

However, there was some resistance in the market to the size of the issue by late afternoon. With the naper trading the state of size of the issue by late after-noon, with the paper trading coupon. The issue was quoted just outside its fees. within its fees by mid-afternoon. Salomon Brothers led a \$200m International Led by Credit Lyonnais, Salomon Brothers led a \$200m Internations
Denmark's FFr 1bn 82 per cent 1996 par priced floating-rate rather than
1991 issue, priced at 992, marks note for Georgia Federal Bank, yesterday.

THE Kingdom of Denmark the largest offering so far in a US savings and loan institu-

market FRN prices appear not

of between 3 and 15 basis points.

for some earlier S & L notes. The \$200m issue size should belp to ensure liquidity.

Oxford Acceptance Corp IL a US real estata company, issued a \$45m 1993 par-priced issued a \$45m 1995 par priced.
FRN, paying 1 per cent over sir-month Labor. The issue is guaranteed by the Triple A reted Connecticut General Life Insurance Company and led fointly by Kidder Peshody International and Yesuda Trust.

In the Swise france market. Triple A borrower has a limited demand for funds, given its high liquidity.

Syndication for this swep-related issue was proceeding slowly, said the lead manager, in e somewhat fragila market. The issue was trading around its fees by late afternoon.

Noritz Corporation, a Japanese manufacturer of bot water supply systems, issued a \$30m per cent nar-priced logic formany. In a private placement, Union Bank of Switzerland led \$Fr 100m 45 per cent nar-priced logic formany. Finance, guaranteed by Fuji

> The maturity for the \$100m 71 per cent CD note issue for Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank (London Branch), led by Chemical Bank International, is five years rather than 15 years as printed

Bank.

German tool maker to go public

market next month, though the controlling Babel family will still have to take a stake of more than 60 per cent.

Mr Werner Babel, the chairman, said that net profits rose

MAHO, the West German capacity utilisation through computerised automation systems. These correctly make up to float its shares on the stock makes computed-controlled milibut the company said its stronging and drilling machines, was est growth was expected in this DM 238m, compared with sector.

DM 245m. Exports account for around half of the company's per cent of the shares, with a grandson of the founder owning.

over is from products less than

tems. These correctly make no

the rest. Share capital was re five years old.

the last five years old.

five years old.

cently increased from DM 35m mander from DM 4.9m to DM 11.8m

(\$8.7m) as a result of high der, bas also branched out into made known next month

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

Listed are the 200 latest international bonds for which there is an adequate secondary market.

+04 -04 9.25 +04 -04 9.25 +04 -04 9.46 0 +04 9.92 +05 -04 8.17 0 -04 9.72 0 0 9.94 +04 -04 14.33 8 +12 15.36



ture Dow reached recently in

nology and licences from the US to Italy, will see Dow or to acay, win see now predicting new specialty materials at the Italian company's plant, which has capacity for the manufacture

The thermoplastic materials to be produced will be aimed at the optical, data processing, car and construction industries and the agreement reflects a similar joint ven-

French enmark

The state of the s

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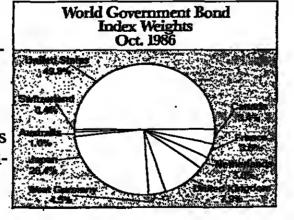
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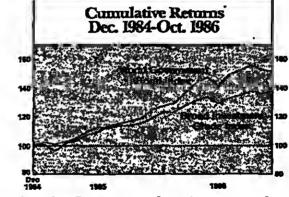
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†The Salomon Brothers World Government Bond Index is a service mark of Salomon Brothers Inc

last year.

The electronic systems and equipment division, which sells mainly defence equipment, saw operating profits rise by 15.5 per cent in the first half to £21.8m (£18.7m) on turnover of £234.8m (£224.7m), despite a lack of growth in the tactical region market.

radio market. In the aerospace and engin

ing division, operating profits in the first half fell by 21 percent to £8.6m (£10.9m) on turnover of £35.6m (£59.4m). The company blamed this on the

costs of moving its US dynamics business to new premises and on the exceptional sales last year of spare parts.

operating profits in microelec-tronics and components in the first half fell 9.7 per cent to £5.5m (£72m) on sales of £71.7m (£79.7m), which the company said was due to the downtern in the market world-wide.

The computer peripherals business, which the company has previously said it should not be in, made no profit (59.5m) on sales of £14.8m (£17.9m) in the

posed, making 18.15p (14.4p)

posed, making 18,15p (14.4p) for the year.
According to LWT's chairman, Mr Christopher Bland, the new financial year has got off to an outstanding start and the board is confident that the first half will sport further profits growth.

Unpredictable as it tends to be

catches the City unawares. This set of results was no exception, soaring ahead of some expecta-tions and slipping below others.

Nonetheless the share price rose by 13p to 469p yesterday. Aided and abetted by its fellow. London station. Themes, LWT bas increased its share of net-

bas increased its share of het-work revenue in the past year. Overall network growth should be restricted to more modest levels from the New Year onwards and the northern stations from which LWT and Thames have been poaching revenue may muster doughtier defences. LWT could pay the

revenue may muster doughtier defences. LWT could pay the price for a rising share and face an increase in industry costs; but the savings from Lavy reform, which produced £300,000 or so in 1865-86; could reach £800,000. A further fall in the tax charge; to 40 per cent, should boost earnings per share and the City expects profits of £16m. The prospective p/e of 8.5 suggests that the share price, buoyed in recent months after a flurry of

comment

Telecommunications behind 42%

Stromberg Carlson, Plessey's
US telecommunications equipment subsidiary, made profits of
about £1m in the first half, com-

pared with a loss of about £5m in the same period last year. Plessey expects Stromberg-Carlson's order book to be up 15 per cent over the whole year.

For Pleasey overall in the first

For Plessey overall in the first half, operating profits were £79.5m (£65.7m). After adding in investment income of £14.7m (£9.4m) and deducting £6.5m (£60.3m) in interest and £31.5m (£30.2m) in tax, profits on ordinary activities were £55.3m

The company had extraordin-

ary charges of £3.5m due to the remaining costs of defending GEC's unsuccessful takeover bid bringing the total defence

hid bringing the total denence costs to £7.5m.
Plessey's order book stood at £1.412m at the end of September. At the end of March, it was £1.355m.
The company's average work-force in the first half was \$2,528, down 2,753 on the same period

LWT 65% profit surge to £14m

in the current year. The elec-

in the current year. The elec-tronic equipment subsidiary, Dynamic Technology, also operated at a modest loss. LWT is now in the threes of spling the company to its management through a buy-out which should be concluded early next year.

Group profits increased to £18.77m (£10.36m). The levy payable to the Exchequer also rose to £5.98m (£201,000). But

LWT has benefited from an exceptional credit of £908,000.

This is due to an overly prodent provision of £1.88m which the

company made in 1984-85 when the advertising market was depressed and it looked as if its

second quarter rise at Plessey

Wellcome on target with £125m

BY TONY JACKSON

drug group, matched the market's expectations yesterday treatment for shingles, ket's expectations yesterday tractium, a muscle relaxant with a 3 per cent rise in pre-tax profits to £125.3m for the strongly with an 18 per cent year to end August.

year to end August.

The group said the figures, its first full year results since flotation in February, had been held back by dollar weakness.

Sales of non-prescription drugs in the US rose by 16 per cent in dollar terms. The two cargh treatments, Actifed and Sudafed retained their leading. held back by dollar weakness. caugh treatments, Actited and Ou constant exchange rates pro-fits were ahead by 23 per cent. position, Weilcome said, with

further growth from Zovirax, Coopers Animal Health, the both through further market struggling joint venture with penetration and through the ICI, incurred a pre-tax loss of

The shares rose 6p to 2034p yesterday.

The star performer in the group's drug portfolio was again as a result of more aggressive Zovirax, the herpes treatment, competition. US sales of Neo-which this year became the sporin, e non-prescription topi-group's biggest-selling product cal antibiotic, rose by 40 per with a 69 per cent jump in sales to £105m.

Wellcome said it expected that the competition on national TV.

PHARMACEUTICAL SALES, 1984 Cough and cold prepartions Anti-virals Tropical anti-infectives Anti-gout preparations Cardiovascular treatme enstica

Wellcame Foundation, the UK hoped-for use of the drug as a £9.7m compared with last year's changed at £1,005bn. At compared group, matched the markets expectations yesterday treatment for shingles. £8.2m. Included in the loss was parable exchange rates, Well-are expectations yesterday treatment a muscle relaxant used in surgery, also performed and start-up costs. Mr Alfred strongly with an 18 per cent shingles. £8.2m. Included in the loss was parable exchange rates, Well-are to end a profit to £125.3m for the strongly with an 18 per cent shingles. £8.2m. Included in the loss was parable exchange rates, Well-are to end a start-up costs. Mr Alfred strongly with an 18 per cent shingles. £8.2m. Included in the loss was parable exchange rates, Well-are to end a start-up costs. Mr Alfred strongly with an 18 per cent shingles. £8.2m. Included in the loss was parable exchange rates, Well-are to end a start-up costs. Mr Alfred strongly with an 18 per cent shingles. £8.2m. Included in the loss was parable exchange rates, Well-are to end start-up costs. Mr Alfred strongly with an 18 per cent shingles. £8.2m. Included in the loss was parable exchange rates, Well-are to end start-up costs. Mr Alfred strongly with an 18 per cent shingles. £8.2m. Included in the loss was parable exchange rates, Well-are to end start-up costs. Mr Alfred strongly with an 18 per cent shingles. £8.2m. Included in the loss was parable exchange rates, Well-are to end start-up costs. Mr Alfred strongly in the US rose by 16 per to end to take steps for cost convertion to take steps f soon be on a profitable track. conversion, and showed a 29 Group sales were virtually unper cent rise to £150m.

North America continued its dominant coorribution to pro-fits, turning in 67 per cent of trading profits

After a lower tax charge of After a liwer tax charge ut
51 per cent (54 per cent) and
a writeback of £2.6m (£3.9m)
of minority losses, earnings per
share were up 4 per cent at
7.8p net. The final dividend, as forecast in the prospectus, is

Wiggins Teape in £50m Spanish buy

By Tony Jackson
Wiggins Teape, the papermaking subsidiary of BAT
Industries, is in talks over an estimated \$50m purchase of Celulosas de Asturias (CEASA). a Spanish pulp maker, from the Spanish bank Banco Espanol

de Credito. CEASA has a 190,000 tonne eucalyptus pulp mill at Navia on the north west coast of Spain. Wiggins Teaps is Europe's biggest buyer of eucalyptus pulp, using over 120,000 tonnes a year in the manufacture of its

specialist range of papers. Wiggins Teape already has large eucalyptus interests in Brazil, and last year took a 42 per cent stake in a \$500m pro-ject for an integrated eucalyptus mill in Portugal.

Unlike the Portuguese mill, CEASA does not own its own woodlands, being supplied instead by local growers. It also produces pulp only, rather than being integrated through to paper production. It seems likely that Wiggins Teape will consider adding a paper machine to the mill, as is being done in Portugal.

done in Portugal, Wiggins Teaps said there was significant potential for increased output of eucalyptus in the region, through higher yields and extra planting. It expected the trend to greater use of eucalyptus for spe papers in Europe to continue. Encalyptus has been of in creasing importance to the world paper industry over the past decade, primarily because its faster growing rate compared to conifers makes it a cheaper

source of pulp. Wiggins Tespe uses eucalyptus in its plants in the UK, Belgium and Italy. CEASA sells to the Spanish market and exports to the UK, Germany and

Higher margins at Staveley

RECORD SALES and improved margins enabled Staveley Industries to lift its profits to \$4.88m pre-tax in the 26 weeks ended September 27. an improvement of 34 per cent over last time's £3.27m.
All parts of the group, other

than the US interests in NDT systems, showed satisfactory growth and the directors anticipated yesterday that the year-end results would be ahead

of those for last year.

They said the group was continuing its policy of increasing its presence in those key areas offering future growth while at the eame time reviewing its

iracting and salt products.

Interest charges increased by
the additional borrowings consolidated through the increase

£89,000 (nil).
Available profits worked through at £3.42m, against a previous £2.49m, and the interim dividend is being lifted by 0.5p to 6p net per £1 sol. Earnings rose by 5.4p to 20.6p. For the full 1985-86 year the group saw its profits surge by 31 per cent to £10.8m.

Commission report has immed future salt prices rises, bot the fall in fuel prices led to improved margins without the need for higher salt prices this half. Winter, when salt becomes a road clearer, is yet to come. Of the 16 per cent increase in color half came as a result of Interest charges
the additional borrowings
solidated through the increase
in the group's shareholding of
National Controls, of Santa
Rosa, California, to 56.9 per
I cent in July.
Tax accounted for £877,000
ii. (£785,000) and minorities for
the £89,000 (nil).

Available profits worked
Available profits worked
at £3.42m, against a
and the
angins were improved as the
group cut beck on activities

werseas contracting, al group cut beck on activities like overseas contracting, although the NDT subsidiary was affected by the lumpiness of position in older technologies.
First-half turnover pushed ahead from £80.8m to £94.06m and operating profits from £8.88m to £5.11m. Operating margins improved from 4.8 per cent to 5.43 per cent — the group has interests in industrial defence spending. For the full year, pre-tax profits should hit f13.5—and the shares et 580p up 2p, look cheap on a prospective p/e of 9, especially since the low gearing gives the

Merrett profits surge to £5m

After-tax profits were £2.5m (£654,000), with earnings per share of 12,47p (3,27p). The

of Merrett's marine and eviation syndicates, said Mr Stephen Merrett, chairman.

Merrett Holdings, one of the disappointing, be edded. Cur-Merrett Holdings, one of the disappointing, be edded. Curbingest insurance underwriting rent experience on the motor agencies at Lloyd's of London, and aviation syndicates showed reported pre-tax profits of £5m grounds for optimism, while the in the first balf of 1986, more than treble the 1985 interim in rates in the non-marine figure of £1.34m.

After-tax profits were £2.5m there after 1987.

Mr Merrett forecast full-year share of 12.47p (3.27p). The company did not declare an interim dividend.

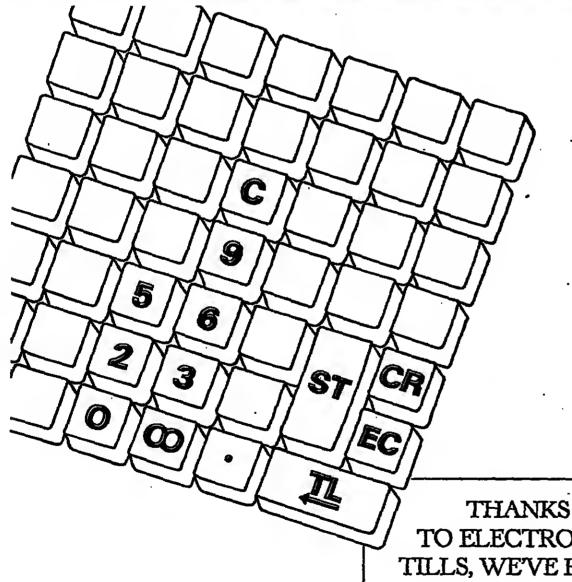
The interim results showed the impact of better profit commissions earned on the 1983 counts acquisitions of other Lloyd's underwriting accounts acquisitions of other Lloyd's will initially be retained by the beautiful acquisitions of other Lloyd's will initially be retained by the beautiful acquisitions of other Lloyd's will initially be retained by the beautiful acquisitions of other Lloyd's will initially be retained by the beautiful acquisitions of other Lloyd's will initially be retained by the beautiful acquisitions of other Lloyd's will initially be retained by the beautiful acquisitions of other Lloyd's will initially be retained by the beautiful acquisitions of other Lloyd's will initially be retained by the beautiful acquisitions of other Lloyd's will initially be retained by the beautiful acquisitions of other Lloyd's will initially be retained by the beautiful acquisitions of other Lloyd's will initially be retained by the sensible to begin paying the finance will be added it would agreed to purchase white Sea the impact of better profit commissions. underwriting agencies and Warwick Insurance Company, a

But earnings from commissions on Merrett's non-crease the premium income reference to marine syndicates had been capacity of the syndicates it during next week.

manages at Lloyd's by £75m, or 18 per cent, in 1987. The com-pany is appealing against a Lloyd's decision to restrict the premium income of syndicate 799, one of the biggest non-marine syndicates at Lloyd's, to 85 per cent of gross capacity.

coulsitions of other Lloyd's will initially be retained by the inderwriting agencies and vendors and the balance would varwick insurance Company, a be placed on their behalf, notor insurer.

Merrett is expecting to insured to be determined by rease the premium income reference to market price



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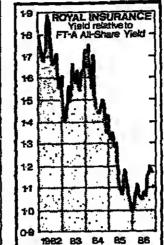
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Royal Insurance jumps to

Insurance Correspondent

largest composite insurer, overshot City expectations by

This compared with £16.6m in the same period last year. In the three months to September 30, pre-tax profits were £105.7m (£34.4m), the



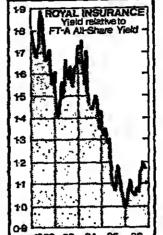
Royal's recovery was especially strong in the US, which produces 49 per cent of the group's direct con-life premiums. It reported an \$8.7m (f6,1m) underwriting profit in the third quarter—the first such profit there since the late 1970s.

Pricing action, the impact of federal tax reform and falls in interest rates would combine to put pressure on com-panies to maintain tight US underwriting through to 1988, Royal said.

weather lesses of up to £50m. Royal was now taking action

£193m

Royal Insurance, the UK's a wide margin in the third quarter and reported pre-tax profits of £192.1m for the first nine months of 1986.



dustry averages.

This occurred in spite of a move of head office from New York to North Carolina, but was aided by streamlining of field operations into smaller units, said Mr Alan Horsford, groop chief executive. Price increases for US commercial lines were "beginning to slow," but in workers' compensation—Royal's second largest US business—the group was now seeing big rate increases.

noyal was now taking action over late reporting of North American claims on business written overseas for British enstoners, which had posed the biggest problem in the UK.

By Nick Bunker,

Plessey vesterday unveiled a imminent with the General last year.

42 per cent advance in pre-tax Electric Company on further The electric profits in the second quarter to co-operation on the System X equipment of the second quarter to public switch. per cent increase in pre-tax profits for the first half year. Pre-tax profits for the second quarter were £44.2m (£31.1m) on turnover of £350.5m (£328.5m). For the first half they were £87.4m (£70.3m) on they were 257.4m (270.5m) on turnover of 2887m (2656.7m). Earnings per share in the first half increased by 37.4 per cent to 7.49p (5.45p) before extra-ordinary items. Earnings after extraordinary items were 7.91p

BY DAYID THOMAS

Plessey'e shares closed ap down at 180p.

The main advance was registered in Plessey's telecommunications division, where operating profits for the first half increased by 59.2 per cent to 537.9m (£23.8m) on turnover of £331.3m (£303.8m). Profit margins on sales in this division were 11.4 per cent.

The company said that public and private switching and payphones all performed well. Sir John Clark, Plessey chairman, said no agreement was

London Weekend Television

sales of £20m last year,

Advertising revenue, which is LWT's staple source of profit, rose by 21 per cent, slightly faster than the inde-

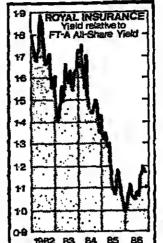
slightly raster than the inde-pendent television industry average. Overseas programme sales contributed 56m to this set of results and profits of around 52m, chiefly thanks to the success of series such as Dempsey and Makepeace, and Marlowe, Private Eye.

The travel subsidiary, Page &

Mov, fared well, producing pre-tax profits of £902,000. Century Hutchinson operated at a small

Plessey'e shares closed 9p

were 2102-im (252-im), the biggest quarterly figure in Royal's history. The group's share price advanced 30p on the news, closing at \$25p.



yesterday announced a 65 per cent increase in pre-tax profits to £13.7m in the last financial year. The company's performance was buoyed by brisk growth in advertising revenue. grown in advertising revenue.

Turnover fell to £157,8m (£159,46m) in the year to July 27, chiefly because of the deconsolidation of Century Hutchinson, the book publishing company, in which LWT bas redoced its holding to 25 per cent and which contributed sales of £20m last year.

For the nine months, its US operating ratio—the key measure of an underwriter's efficiency—fell to 103.8 per cent, three points better than US analysts' estimates of in-

Worldwide premium e 11.2 per cent to Investment income showed an underlying increase of 10 per cent, but exchange rate changes meant that in sterling terms there was e 1 per cent fall.

Net profit after tax and minorities was £159.4m (£12.3m). Earnings per share were 67.5p (5.2p).

In the UK, pre-tax profits for the nine months rose from £21.7m to £56.8m, in spite of

New business was buoyant for Royal Life Holdings, Royal's life and pensions subsidiary, where pre-tax profits rose to £219m (£189m). See Lex

Earnings per £1 share increased from 6.48p to 7.51p for the first half. The net interim

dividend is stepped up to 3.25p (2.9p)—last year'a final was 5.9p.

Hanover Druce ...int

High Point Services ...
Land Securities ...int
LWT (Holdings)
Mitchell Somers ...int
Readicut ...int
Staveley Inds ...int

Storehouseint Valorint

John Waddington ...int

payment payment Bank of Ireland ...int 13.25 Dec 15

Land Securities growth

slowed by interest leap

Land Securities, the UK's

largest property developer, creased from £81.8m to £97.6m,
raised interim pre-tax profits by with rental income ahead
7 per ceut from £54.2m to £11.1m to £85.2m. Interest
£58.1m. The result, bowever, added £6.1m (£1.4m) while ser-

£58.1m. The result, bowever, added £6.1m (£1.4m) while serwas slightly below the City's vice charges and other best expectations and the shares recoveries were unchanged at left 1p to 342p.

Profits growth was affected by a jump in interest charges. Second-half profits are not expected to differ materially from the first six mooths. For the year ended March 31, 1986, the company achieved an 18 per cent rise to £112.9m.

Earnings per £1 share and a unchanged at unchanged at unchanged at unchanged at 25.5m. (£5.4m), other property outgoings took £8.7m (£7.8m) and administration expenses £5.4m (£5.1m). Interest payable more than doubled from £9.5m to £19.8m.

Tax charge

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

Jan 8

Jan 2

Jan 6

Feb 16

Jan 17

Jan 5 Jan 27

stated. Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue. † On capital

increased by rights and/or acquisition issues. ‡ USM stock § Unquoted stock. § Irish currency.

Current

‡nil 3.25 12.46 1.75 0.25

Maxwell pledge fails to increase buy-out terms

BY DAYID GOODHART

increased above its current 310p a share level yesterday despite Mr Robert Maxwell's pledge on Wednesday night to switch sup-port to the buy-out on the understanding that it would be increased.

Mr Maxwell has already irre-vocably pledged 18.1 per cent out of his 22.5 per cent stake in McCorquodale to rival bidder Norion Opax whose bid finally closes a week today.

However, he indicated that the 3.5 per cent that was not pledged would now go to the buy-oot and that if the Norton hid lapses the whole stake would go to the buy-out. His egreement to pledge his whole stake to the buy-out in the event of Norton lapsing is

important because of the possi-bility that minority shareholders could effectively block the buy-

(£21.7m) computed at the standard rate of 35 per cent (40 per cent). However, the charge for the year will reflect relief arising on expenditure on pro-

year

5.91

18.15

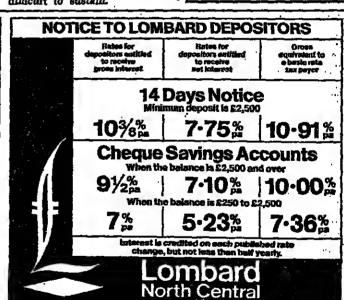
perties and other adjustr

Date Corre- Total of sponding for

yesterday that the buy-out offer had not been increased to 315p a share as they expected. It may indicate that the buy-out's advisers have decided that a second increase to a bid which was said to be a full price at 300p a share would be difficult to sustain.

with the market for a while:

FT for November 1,288-1,284 (-11) Tel: 01-828 5699



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Ass. Brit. Ind. CULS... 140
Armitage and Rhodes... 40xd
680 Design (USM) ... 66 +2 12.0 4.8 4.8 18.7 66 Torday and Carlisle ... 320 Trevian Holdings (5E) 9.6

G

27 Lovat Lane, London EC3R SDT Telephone 01-621 1212 Member of the Stock Excl

Granville & Company Limited 8 Lover Lane, London ECIR SEP Telephone 01-521 1212 Member of FIMERA

levy payment would be reduced in 1985-86. LWT made the provision for two years of levy relief on its IBA loans for the start-up of Channel 4. The recovery of the advertising market ensured that the provision for 1985-86 was Earnings per share—which Mov, fared well, producing pre-tax profits of £902,000. Century Hutchinson occrated at a small doubled to 43,93p (23,01p). A loss but has returned to profit final dividend of 12,465p is pro-

THE MANAGEMENT buy-out Some of Mr Maxwell's ad- recent months after a flury of offer for McCorquodale was not visers appeared surprised re-rating notices, may move

Brierley spends £40m to increase OT&T stake

BY TERRY POVEY

ehind 42%

MR RON BRIERLEY yesterday of considerable "psychological TEP to overstate the value of increasing his IEP (UK)'s Mr Brierley can buy up to only 13 times prospective earning the basis claims." stake in bid target Ocean Transport & Trading from 10 per cent to almost 24 per

on the market in the shipping, freight forwarding, fuel distribution, storage and waste management group.

However, yesterday he said that purchases of 15.84m Ocean shares—all done at the bld level

-were made so as to get the momentum going and were

MR PETER JACOBS.

managing director of British Sugar, must have bad a baptism

as fiery as that of any UK chief

executive this year. After four and a balf months with the

company, be said yesterday that it feels more like five years. A blunt Glaswegian with a wry sense of humour, be took charge of the beet refining monopoly — a subsidiary of S & W Berisford, the com-

modity trading group—in July, when it was involved in fierce controversy on two fronts.

His predecessor, Mr Gordon

Percival, bad left under a cloud following a major row with Mr Ephraim Margulles, Berisford's

chairman, And British Sugar was the ultimate object of a

had been a superior to the world's biggest sugar companies. Tate & Lyle, the UK cane refiner, and Ferruzzi, the

Italian agricultural conglomer-

Both potential bids are

currently being examined by the Monopolies and Mergers: Commission, which has this week been given until January 18 to complete its report.

At the centre of the storm,

though, Mr Jacobs — who came from the strict management school of Mars Confectionery—

is struggling to engineer a turnround in the company's

fortunes, preparing it for the possibility that both bids might be blocked and British Sugar remain in the hands of its.

stake in bid target Ocean
Transport & Trading from
10 per cent to almost 24 per
cent.

Also yesterday, Ocean wrote
to shareholders stating that Mr
Brierley's £306m increased bid
worth 260p a share still seriously
indarvalned the company, did
not include any premium for
control and therefore should be
rejected. Ocean closed last
night up 41p at 2541p.

On Sunday, Mr Brierley suggested to talevision viewers that
he would not be buying shares
on the market in the shipping.

Mr Brierley can buy up to
29,9 per cent—but yesterday he
ings on this basis, claims
Ocean.
On behalf of IEP (UK), Mr
Brierley said that Ocean "remaking any further purchases.
In the lstest defence document, Mr Bill Menzies-Wilson,
Ocean's "There is
no overall asset figure given
but we believe the bid we have
the timp act on its asset value of
recent ship sales." "There is
no overall asset figure given
but we believe the bid we have
the timp act on this basis, claims
Ocean.
On behalf of IEP (UK), Mr
Brierley said that Ocean "remained strangely quiet about
the impact on its asset value of
recent.

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Ocean's chairman, says: "Tha
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recent shareholders to be the price of the impact on its asset value of
recent shareholders to be the price of the impact on its asset value of
recent shareholders to be the impact on its asset value of
recent shareholders to be the impact on its asset value of
recent shareholders to one this destrict that the would await
reaction from the market

He asks shareholders to market. After purchases in the first few days of this week first few days of this week M & G held just over 15m shares or 13.1 per cent of the full and often erroneous cheetoric."

According to Mr Menzies-

Ocean argues that the inelnsion of an £1.8m exceptional exchange loss in the calculation of prospective aarnings has led

Mr Peter Jacobs

and Mr Jacobs are giving every appearance these days of backing the Italian company, which is expected next week to sign a generous conditional deal giving it a 70 per cent stake in British Sugar for about \$400m.

Mr Jacobs is dead set against Tate & Lyle, British Sugar's

old rival, as a prospective owner, He says a merger with Tate would merely lead to cross subsidisation of cane refining by beet, and that Tate's bid attempt

" very largely defensive." But Mr Jacobs's enthusiasm

for Ferruzzi seems more

nuanced than that of his boss.

"If both bids are blocked, the status quo is not a bad second option," be says. Relations be-tween Berisford and British

ruzzi and Tate in the past- bappy" to continue with its margins were disappearing.

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Placing by

Scrimgeour Vickers & Co.

of 2,500,000 Ordinary Shares of 5p each at 90p per share

The shares, which are the subject of this Placing, rank pari passu in all respects with the existing Ordinary Shares.

SHARE CAPITAL

in 16,600,000 Ordinary Shares of 5p each

furnishing service aimed primarily at shops and department stores, hotels, offices and leisure complexes. The other activities of the Group involve the provision of specialist management contracting services, the design manufacture and marketing of system office furniture, the develop-

tracting services, the design manufacture and marketing of specialist retail merchandising systems and a design and ment manufacture and marketing of specialist retail merchandising systems and a design and

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the grant of permission to deal in the Ordinary Shares of the Company, issued and to be issued, in the Unlisted Securities to deal in the Ordinary Shares of the Company, issued and to be issued, in the Unlisted Securities to deal in the Ordinary Shares of the Company, issued and to be issued, in the Unlisted Securities to deal in the Ordinary Shares of the Company issued and to be issued, in the Unlisted Securities to deal in the Ordinary Shares of the Company issued and to be issued, in the Unlisted Securities to deal in the Ordinary Shares of the Company issued and to be issued, in the Unlisted Securities to deal in the Ordinary Shares of the Company issued and to be issued, in the Unlisted Securities to deal in the Ordinary Shares of the Company issued and to be issued, in the Unlisted Securities to deal in the Ordinary Shares of the Company issued and to be issued, in the Unlisted Securities to deal in the Ordinary Shares of the Company issued and to be issued, in the Unlisted Securities to deal in the Ordinary Shares of the Company issued and to be issued.

In accordance with the nurse and negulatures of the Country of the Stock Exchange, as amended with effect from 27th October, 1986, Scrimgeour Vickers & Co. has placed 1,875,000 amended with effect from 27th October, 1986, Scrimgeour Vickers & Co. has placed 1,875,000 amended with effect from 27th October, 1986, Scrimgeour Vickers & Co. has placed 1,875,000 ordinary Shares with Phillips & Drew Investment Ordinary Shares with its dients and 625,000 Ordinary Shares with Phillips & Drew Investment

Particulars relating to the company are available in the European services and copies of the Prospectus may be obtained during normal business hours on any weekday (Saturdays the Prospectus may be obtained during normal business hours on any weekday (Saturdays

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excepted) up to and including 28th November, 1986 from:

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Particulars relating to the Company are available in the Extel Statistical Services and copies of

The Group's principal business is the provision of a comprehensive interior contracting and

PLUMB HOLDINGS PLC

VENTURE CAPITAL

The Financial Times is proposing to publish

a Survey on

VENTURE CAPITAL

on Monday, December 8, 1986

For further information, please contact:

Colin Tennant Financial Times

Bracken House, 10 Cannon Street

London EC4P 4BY

Tel: 01-248 8000

Telex: 885033

Andrew Gowers profiles the British Sugar chief

A fiery baptism for Jacobs

reasons

ment manager of the British Steel pension fund and dissident director of investment trusts within the John Govett stable, has spelt

three Govett investment trusts (Govett Strategic is the

This is to ensure that the management of the invest-ment trusts "remains a priority of the fund manage-ment group." It would also, Mr Oldham claims, belp in avoid conflicts of interest for John Govett. He sug-gests that alternative proposals should be sought which "could better fulfil the

100 per cent ownership of the company with a view to under-taking all manner of unspecified investment projects in the area of agribusiness over the next few years. long-term interests of John Govett's clients, shareholders and employees." One member of the Berisford one member of the Berisford camp puts it rather differently. "He'a deing his damnest to slow it all down," be says. "It will not break his beart if it (the Ferruzzi deal) does not go through."

in Moorgate to 24.9?

Mr Jacobs's immediate priority

is to improve his company's profitability, which was suffer-ing earlier this year under the

influence of a price war in packet sugar, which British Sugar was accused of initiating

in a bid to increase its market

All that appears to be at an end. Since July, there have been two price rises of £10 a tonne

off market share and put it back on to profitability." There is also inevitable specu-

lation among City analysts that, in the event that both bids are

blocked, British Sugar might want to rationalise its opera-

tions by closing a refinery or two.

In any case, the effects of

the pricing switch should start to show in British Sugar's

Trust: Interim dividend 7.5p

(6p) for six months to September 30 1986. Net asset value per £1 ordinary 717.5p (490.2p).

YEARLING bonds totalling £1m

at 11 per cent, redeemable on November 18 1987, have been issued by the following local authorities: Newport Borough Council £0.5m; Metropolitan Police District (The Receiver for the) 50 5m

for the) £0.5m.

DAVY'S offer for A. Monk is

now whelly unconditional and will remain open for accept-

ances until further notice. At

Tuesday's first closing date, acceptances of the offer on behalf of Davy had been received in respect of 5,277,594

ances in respect of 9,873,701

Issued and to be

issued fully paid

£626,600

shares (91.3 per cent).

INVESTMENT

EXTERNAL

ch in the retail market, and each in the retail market, and Mr Jacobs disowns the policy of his predecessor. "I can't see the sense in a price war," ha says, "I've taken the emphasis British and Commonwealts

tain types of insurance. It vir-tually daubled pre-tax profits

through Bricomin Investments, a fully-owned subsidiary, first revealed it had a disclosable holding last March.

Mr Gunn said: "We have bought shares since when the price has been right. It is an interesting company." Moor gate's shares rose 4p to 62p

which might lead to a an offer fer the company.

The statement followed

centre in Bath.

TR Natural should put more in Europe

28.83 per cent stake in the listed investment trust earlier this month. At March 31 this year, the trust had less than 5 per cent of its investments in

Glasgow Stock Shares in Glasgow Stockclosed at 161p, np 15p, after the board the board announced an approach had been received

developments referred to in 1986 accounts would add over £700,000 pa to the annual rent roll. Profits in first three months year would be one of further progress and steady improve-

ment in profits. EVERED HOLDINGS is to acquire Integrated Holdings for approximetely £213,000, satisfield by the issue of 104,926 ordinary shares.

Govett dissident spells out

Mr Paul Oldham, investout his reasons for opposing the planned scale of the trusts' investment management company Jahn Govett to Berkeley Technology.

He says the British Steel pension fund will vote against the proposals in respect of its 23 per cent sake in Govett 23 per cent sake in Goveti Atlantic and its 16 per cent stake in Goveti Oriental. The fund has been a long-term investor in the trusts, but now threatens to review its policy towards these boldings. The pensien fund wants the

trusts (Govett Strategic is the third) to continue to bold a more than 50 per cent stake in the fund management company (they hold approximately 57 per cent at present).

B & C increases stak-

British and Commonweak'Shipping (B&C), the financia'
services and transport group
beaded by Mr John Gunn, has
increased its stake in Moer
gate Mercantile Holdings from:
20 to 24.96 per cent.
Moorgate provides instalment credit finance, mortgage
and leasing facilities and certain types of insurance. It vir.

to £851,000 in the six months ended September 1986. B&C, which bolds its stake

Grosvenor Props in 1985-86 results, published next preliminary talks month. And in one of the cur-ious ironies with which the Berisford battle is peppered, the benefits will also be felt by Tate, which complained earlier

Grosvenor Square Properties announced yesterday that it was in preliminary present parent.

Both Mr Margulies—who has been close to deals with Fer
Berisford and British the benefits will also be felt by Tate, which complained earlier Berisford is—he claims—"very this year that its cane-refining

> sharp rise yesterday in the company's share price, which closed at 128p, up 28p on the day. In August the group announced a £78,000 pre-tax loss for 1985/6, compared with previous profits of with previous profits of £1.06m. Its development interests include the London Pavilion in Piccadilly Circus and the Colomades shopping

TR Natural Resources Investment Trust is te study pro-prosals from Platan Investments, its new Norwegian shareholder, to devote more Monk ordinary (48.8 per cent), including 13,493 shares purchased by a subsidiary of Davy since the offer was made. Davy now owns er has accept the offer was made. of its portfolio to Europe. Oslo-based Platon bought a

Europe.
TR Natural will also cousider other suggestiens hy Platon, which said it inetuded Trailen, which said it inectated the a long-term investor. Mr Trails Persen, a Platon representative, and Mr Peter Kysel, the trust's manager, are to join its board.

which may lead to an offer. & J. MUCKLOW GROUP (property rentals, estate developer): AGM told that the new development programme was gathering momentum. New were ahead of last year's and directors confident that current

INOCO (petrol, oil and gas interests) has acquired the Rangoon Company NV from Menaco Group SA. It has also acquired portfolie of income producing office, shop and commercial properties for £5.25m from an associate of Monsco to be satisfied by the issue of 10m ordinary shares at 30p per share and the balance in cash.

Royal Insurance **Estimated Nine Months Results for 1986**

•	9 months to 20 Sept 1986 (unsudited) fm	9 months to 30 Sept 1985 (unstitled) £m	Year 1985 (audited)
General Premiums Long-term Premiums	2,305.4 489.5	2,074.0 356.7	2,779.5 479.1
General Insurance: Underwiting Balance Allocated Investment	-107.3	-278.8	-347.1
Income	203.5	200.6	266.7
Result Long-term Insurance Profi Investment Income attributable to Capital	96.2 t 20.9	-78.2 18.1	-80.4 25.3
and Reserves Share of Associated	64.2	69.7	87.8
Companies' Profits	11.8	7.0	8.7
Profit before Taxation Taxation Minority Interests	193.1 . 32.2 1.5	16.6 4.1 0.2	41.4 12.3 0.2
Net Profit	159.4	12.3	28.9
Earnings per share	67.5	5.2p	12.2p
Capital and Reserves	£2,278m	£1,714m	£1,905m

- * There was a pre-tax profit of £193.1m compared with a pre-tax profit of £16.6m in the same period last year thus producing a \mathcal{L} 176.5m improvement. The third quarter pre-tax profit was £105.7m.
- * The recovery was most marked in the United States with a pre-tax improvement of £116.3m. In the UK it was £35.1m and in Canada *£*.27.7m.
- * Worldwide general insurance profit of £96.2m (1985: £78.2m loss).
- * The contribution to total earnings from Royal Life Holdings rose from £18.9m to f.21.9m.

The full statement for the first nine months of 1986 (of which this is an extract) will be mailed to all shareholders, and is also available from Corporate Relations, Royal Insurance plc (01-283.4300).



and Securities

INTERIM RESULTS

Vasuta	Extracts from the consolidated revenue account	for the half year end	led
Year to 31.3.86 (audited)		30.9.86 (unaudited)	30.9.85 (unaudited)
£'m 152,6	Rental Income	£'m 85.2	£'m 74.1
132,0	Honar moone		
<u>171.5</u>	Total income	<u>97.6</u>	<u>81.8</u>
134.0	Net rents and interest receivable	77.9 .	63.5
21.1	Interest payable	19.8	9.3
112.9	income before taxation	<u>5</u> 8.1	54.2
The	large development programme currently l	peina undertaken	will not be

income-producing for some time. The income before taxation is after charging all interest, including that on capital expenditure, and for the second half of the year to March 1987 is not expected to differ materially ' from that of the first half to September 1986.

An interim dividend has been declared of 3.25p per share (1985: 2.9p) which with the related tax credit is equivalent to 4.577p (1985: 4.143p).

- A £45m freehold, 200,000 sq.ft. shop development scheme in Darlington is to be undertaken in association with Pengap Securities Ltd.
- The Longmarket site in Canterbury has been acquired for development in about three years' time.
- The 250,000 sq.ft. covered and air conditioned Ards Shopping Centre in Northern Ireland has been purchased as a freehold investment.
- The retail warehouse portfolio now totals some 2.9m sq.ft. of space of which 1.9m sq.ft. is completed and income producing.
- The freehold of Britannic House North, EC2 has been acquired. This, together with Burmah House, Chiswell Street, forms an island site for which a planning application has been submitted.
- Planning permission has been granted for Moorgate Hall, EC2 and Grand Buildings, WC2 and applications have been submitted for three further City and West End schemes.
- The gross building area of these City and West End developments totals nearly 1m sq.ft.

A leaflet setting out the Interim Results and comments in more detail will be despatched shortly to the Shareholders. A copy may be obtained from The Secretary,

LAND SECURITIES PLC Devonshire House, Piccadilly, London WIX 6BT

والمتعادية الماسي the Marie # Sandar Percen 7-10%

£830,000

14th November, 1986

LWT (Holdings) plc (Parent Company of London Weekend Television Limited and Page & Moy (Holdings) Limited)

CHAIRMAN: CHRISTOPHER BLAND

Results for the year ended 27 July 1986:

Highlights from the Chairman's Statement

*Pre-tax profits up by 26 stationer record

* Recommended increase in total dividend

*Excellent start to the 1986/67 financial

Copies of the 1986 Annual Report and Accounts are available from the Company Secretary, LIWT (Holdings) plc, South Bank Television Centre, London SEI 913.

(Holdings) plc

* Assets per share increased by 17%

of £12.8 million

Group profit before exchequer levy

Group profit before exceptional item

Taxation on profit on ordinary activities

Group profit attributable to members

Turnover

Exchequer levy

Exceptional item

Earnings per share

Assets per share

of the company

Dividends per share (net)

Storehouse opens with profits up 20% to £37m

Storehouse, the retail group headed by Sir Terence Conran, increased pre-tax profits by 20 per cent to £37.14m in the 24 weeks to September 13, the first full accounting period since the merger early this year of Habi-tat, Mothercare and British Home Stores.

Turnover from continuing operations rose by 8 per cent to nearly £432.9m.

Sir Terence said that the results confirmed management's faith in the commercial sense

The overall profits advance obscured a 10 per cent decline at Habitat and a rise of less than 1 per cent at Mothercare. Profits would have matched respective sales growth of 14 per cent and 7 per cent, the company said, if investment in new warehouse facilities bad not increased fixed costs by 35 per cent in both cases.

Habitat's new 150,000 sq ft warehouse at Wallingford, Oxon, and Mothercare's 250,000 sq ft facility at Wellingborough, Northants, are part of the group's £100m investment this year in refurbishment, fitting of new stores and improving its distribution network.



of Storehouse

The 127 BHS stores, which received a simultaneous facelift at the end of the reporting period, increased profits by 22 per cent to £18.5m on sales 6.4 per cent ahead at £210.3m. The company also took an extra-ordinary charge of £712,000 relating to additional redun-

dancy costs as a result of BHS's withdrawal from food sales. Contributions from the 48 per cent stake in Richards and the

50 per cent share in SavaCentre more than doubled from £1.69m to £3.4m. Storehouse raised its holding in Richards to 96 per cent at the end of the period. profit and the US operation cut its losses from £600,000 to £400,000, with a profit for the year as a whole expected.

Introduction of Storecard, a new group-wide credit card created as a joint venture with Citicorp, would cost £500,000 in the next financial year. Mother care alone was accepting 1,000

care alone was accepting 1,000 new accounts per week, and the group was aiming for a minimum of im cardholders.

Interest charges and financial items fell from £3.16m to £1.79m as the result of loan stock conversions. After a tax charga of £12.26m and the £712,000 BHS charge, net profit amounted to £24.17m.

Interim dividend was increased to 2.3p, a 15 per cent rise on the notional 2p in the comparable period. Earnings per share grew to 6.22p (5.97p) or 6.14p (5.53p) fully diluted.

See Lex

Confident Valor makes £3.5m

winter, the directors said they looked forward to an even hetter result at the year-end, and would be looking for a similar increase in the final dividend (last year 3.789p).

For the 26 weeks ended Apirl

1, 1986 the group produced a turnover of £62,63m. Last time the interim profit was £2.79m but the two periods were not directly comparable since last year the group replaced the manufacture of motor components, direct sales of idtebens, and its South African offshoot, with the businesses in the electrical appliance

dend by 12.5 per cent, from and Magimix food processors.

1.358p to 1.528p net.

With the help of a seasonable

Warch 31, 1986 the group finished with turnover of £120.66m and a pre-tax profit

> The directors considered that the privatisation of British Gas would call for greater flair with more new-look showrooms displaying a wider range of pro-

Three factories in the south of England were to be re-developed. Finance would come from the sale of surplus land and it was hoped negotia-tions would be concluded in the coming year.

comment

Sector.

The group is engaged in the enough products to fill every manufacture of gas appliances room in the average household

Valor's new goods is the extra margins that come from provid-ing "add-ons" which make the public willing to pay higher prices. Electrical goods have now passed the 35 per cent of turnover that was previously the management's target and 50 per cent is now the aim. That could involve an acquisition in the near future. How much the which has quadrupled its profits in the past four years.

WITH FIRST half profits of and heaters, electrical water from electric duvets with dual \$23.5 m and strong order books heaters (showers). Dreamland control to cordless electric valor is lifting its interim divi- and Breville small appliances, whisks. A common feature in the articles are considered to the control of the

British Gas flotation will affect demand for Valor products is open to question but with order books strong and new ranges planned, full year pre-tax profits are likely to hit £10.5m. Although the shares are at a peak for this year, the prospective p/e of 11 does not seem to demand too much of a company

Hanover Druce profits leap: £3m placing

Hanover Druce, the estate gency and property-related financial services group, yester-day announced a 92 per cent

net of expenses The company is placing 3.25m 6.75 per cent convertible preference shares of £1 each at par. Stockbrokers James Capel and Co. will place the new shares with institutional investors and the proceeds will be used to facilitate the continued expansion of the group, both organically and by further acquisitions.

All divisions contributed to

the jump in group pre-tax profits from £401,000 to £768,000 for the six months to August 31 1986, on turnover up 51 per cent to £5.78m.

Earnings per 10p share more than doubled from 4.7p to 9.5p and the interim dividend is being increased to 1.2p (1.1p). Dr Isidore Redstone, the chairman, said that the second half had started well and the board was confident that full-year results would be very satis-

The company is proposing to utilise the share premium account which amounted to \$1.23m at February 28 1986, in order to create a reserve against which order to create a reserve against which goodwill arising on acquisition of a business can be written off.

top £3m mark midway

Readicut International, the

products and services. Firth Carpets in particular achieved an impressive profit level the company said. Readicut said that activity levels were high in most companies and there was no reason at this stage to be other

than confident about the full year outcome. Last year, pre-tax profits totalled £5.64m. Turnover for the balf-year rose 12 per cent to £63.62m (£57.02m). While trading profits were some £1m higher at £3.73m, pre-tax figures of

£3.73m, pre-tax figures of £3.02m (£1.7m) benefited from a reduction in interest charges from £1.05m to £711,000.

Comparisons have been restated to reflect the change in treatment of leased assets effected in the full year's accounts. Partly to reduce disparity, the interim dividend is raised

1.33p to 1.92p.
Tax charge was £1.03m
(£603,000) and last time there
was also an extraordinary
charge of £109,000.

Readicut jumps 78% to

specialist textiles group, yes terday reported a 78 per cent Although the pre-tax figure is lift in interim profits to over flattered by the contribution of fism, which represented its best two rubber product companies leap in interim profits and a first-half performance since the bought too late to affect the first placing of convertible preference shares to raisa £3.125m. Major profit improvements growth, as reflected in a 44 per were produced by carpets, yarns and fibres and industrial

growth, as reflected in a 44 per cent rise in earnings per share is better than expected. That cut little ice with investors yesterday and shares remained virtually where they started, at 454p. Part of the problem is Readicut's exposure to the the car industry, which provides about 20 per cent of turnover and profits.

of turnover and profits. The company may also be a victim of its success: it has made excellent progress in improving margins during the last fe- years but the ability to increase profitability through further strides in efficiency is clearly limited. Strengths in the carpet division, which supplies Marks and Spencer, and in yarns and fibres will help to put profits for this year at about £7.5m. The resultant p/e of about 9.5 is low for the sector but a re-rating depends on Resdicut pulling off an imaginative acquisition.

Deposit and lending drop hits Bank of Ireland

Protex profits for the six months to September 30 1986 at the Bank of Ireland were hit by loss of deposits from the domestic banking system conpled with less than anticipated lending volumes which had the effect of slowing the rate of income increase so that it legged behind opera-

tion costs.
Overall profits fell from
1842m (\$40.2m) last time to 1843m (\$40.2m) test time to 1839.3m. Of these, contributions from the bank fell by 22 per cent from 1235.3m to 1827.9m while input from subsidiaries rose 28.9 per cent from 183.3m to 1810.7m. The court of directors said it expected attributable profits

it expected attributable profits for the year to be broadly in line with the 1543.9m last

However, it added that as a result of the ansettled con-ditions in Irish financial markets it found it difficult to form a view for the year as a

After tax charges amoun ing to 1610.4m (1612.7m), carnings per share worked through at 17.9p, down from a scrip issue-adjusted figure of 18.9p. The interim is 3.25p (3.25p adjusted).

comment The Bank of Ireland draws 80 per cent of its income from within the Republic — unlike its major competitor Allied Irish Banks which obtains half from overseas. However

zero growth in domestic re-tail banking is not good news for either bank. Bel's de-posit base is 15200m down on management expectations, the ratio of operating expenses to income has risen to periously close to 70 per cent and the absolute increa overheads against the September 1985 level is about four times the drop in the respec-tive bad provisions. Natur-ally enough Bol. is looking for something significant overseas—almost certainly, among the US regional banks. An expansion of UK-based conds under management be runds under management in also a possibility. Given the fall at the pre-tax level (in spite of the \$2.4m lower pro-vision) and the warning that attributable profits this year will not exceed last year's H44m by much, it is not surprising that the shares dropped 2n to 1939 — reversing Wednesday's move moing Wednesday's move an-wards made in tandem with AIB. Pre-lax Tarocasts of 12:90m suggests a prospective multiple of 6, which seems about right

J. E. England

losses rise Sons, produce supplier and convenience food merchant, rose from £33,000 to £230,000 in the half year to June 28. 1986. However, £217.881 of the loss was incurred by Moss-pack (Potatoes), the sub-sidiary recently sold off to its management for £27,000. The

continuing businesses are now trading profitably. Contracts have been ex-changed to dispose of the group's head office for £70,000 and the directors have also conditionally agreed to purchase two freehold properties in Nottingham for a total £310,000 from group cash

resources. The group's cash resources will be boosted by a net £600,000 due to the repayment to it of a surplus arising in the employee benefits plan. Negotiations are in hand to dispose of part of the properties to a brewery company and to a fast food retailer for some £400,000.

Civil Engineering and Building Contracting Residential and Commercial Property Development PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT for the year ended 20th Tong

TAY THE LEAT CHILDY	ATT TATE	
Turnover	1986 £000 77,000	1985 £000 61,000
Trading profit Rents and interest	3,243 2,416	2,732 2,297
Profit before tax	5,659 2,152	5,029 2,067
Profit after tax	3,507	2,962
Dividends Interim—paid Final—proposed	165 426	150

Earnings per share 29.62p Satisfactory increases in Turnover and trading profit and a substantially higher rents receivable figure of £1.28m, encourage the Board to recommend an increased final dividend of 4.26p per share, making 5.91p per share for the year—an increase of 10%.

The Annual Report and Accounts will be posted to shareholders on 16th December, 1986.

M J GLEESON GROUP PLC Haredon House, London Road, North Cheam Sutton, Surrey SM3 9BS

NEW ISSUE This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

November, 1986

£000

159,458

10,358

10,157

(1,881)

4,156

3,793

23.01p

14.40p

201

£000

157,802

18,769

5,977

12,792

6,087

7,141

42.93p

18.15p

280.21p



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M. J. Gleeson Group, the civil angineer and property the certainty of higher rents developer, saw pre-tax profits receivable, they were confident rise by 13 per cent from £5m about current year profits.

Rents and interest receivable from £2.3m to

Gleeson moves ahead 13%

rise by 13 per tent from 15m to £5.68m on turnover up 26 per cent at £77m (£61m) in the year to June 30 1986. The directors said that it was likely that the higher level of turnover achieved in the year would be maintained with an rose slightly from £2.3m earnings per share worked through at 35.07p (29.62p). increasing contribution from the group's residential estato developments. The final dividend is 4.28p (3.87p), making a total for the year of 5.91p (5.37p).

Bryant rejects ECC offer

Bryant Holdings, the Mid-lands housebuilder, said yester-day that a proposed £136m takeover offer by English China Clays, the Cornish quarrying and construction group, would be unwelcome and totally in-adequate adequate.

Top management from the two companies were meeting last night in Bristol to discuss the bid approach, which was announced on Wednesday. EEC shares lost another 15p yesterday to 317p, where its mooted three-for-seven share offer values Bryant shares at 135.8p. Bryant shares moved well above this level, adding 5in to close at 144p.

EEC's suggested offer com-pletely undervalued Bryant's business, Mr Chris Bryant,

chairman, said yesterday. The fall in the EEC share price underlined the weakness of its C256.

After tax of £2.2m (£2m)

HAMPTON TRUST (property, mining and exploration)—for balf year ended September 30 1985 pre-tax profit £637,000 (£219,000) reflecting rental in-come £2.76m (£956,000) and interest paid £1.88m (£746,000). Earnings 0.63p (0.27p) and interim dividend 0.5p (0.35p) net. Issued capital now 67.59m 5p shares following allotment of 3.8m against acquisition of freehold and leasehold interests producing £117,500 annually. Contracts exchanged for invest-ment in Brighton with income



Financial Times Friday November 14 1986

UK COMPANY NEWS



Mr Richard Branson gives a helping hand as bank staff count the applications for shares in

Waddington lifts profits 60% and makes £22m cash call

BY NIKKI TAIT

Deposit and

lending dro hits Bank

of Ireland

Yesterday — four weeks early

Since seeing off Mr Maxwell, Weddington said the results from the business forms side improved and stamp printing first half figures contain the first was satisfactory. However, refull contribution from Comet, a suits from Eyre & Spottiswoode, and other was satisfactory.

The contributions of these £19.5m (£17.6m).

disposal of Running magazine.

Just over 5m new ordinary shares at 95p each are being placed by Capel-Cure Myers,

representing just over 21 per cent of the enlargel share capi-tal. The directors, who cur-rently hold 59 per cent of the shares, will not be subscribing and their stake will fall to 45

The proceeds will be used to pay off part of the borrow-ings incurred during the pur-chase of International Insider

in August, and to fund future

acquisitions. Since November 1985, when Oyez IBC reversed into RTD, a listed Irish

engineering company, the group has als o acquired Stonehart Publications and Agra Europe.

The company dates back to the 1870s and was ecquired by the Owen Owen chain of depart-ment stores in 1964. In 1983 four of Plumb's directors staged a management buyout raising

a management buy-out, raising £1.25m to purchase the com-

Phumb is now active in the spheres of interior contracting and furnishing for shops, department stores, hotels, offices and leisure centres. Its clients incinde Argos, the Burton Group, Rank Hotels, Bass Charrington and the Tate Gallery.

Turnover has risen from £7.96m, in the financial year before the buy-out, to £18.91m in the last financial year to

in the last financial year to

January 25. Pre-tax profits rose

Plumb makes its USM

debut valued at £11.3m

IBC placing to raise

£4.6m for expansion

200 T 100 104 1050

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Committee the see

JOHN WADDINGTON, the peckaging and games group which narrowly escaped Mr Robert Maxwell's clutches two years ago, is raising £22.4m via a one-for-four rights issue at 180p.

The money will be used to expand its plastic packaging interests.

Capacity there was being increased in the Canadian acquisition—were 49 per cent higher at £8.7m.

Belied by the Canadian acquisition—were 49 per cent higher at £8.7m.

Interest charges in the first balf increased from £654,000 to £874,000, with debt standing at trading profit from packaging inflection.

Sales in this division rose from £18.5m to £33.5m.

Expandity there was being increased.

Results from the UK plastics balf increased from £654,000 to £874,000, with debt standing at £18.6m at the beginning of November.

Sales in this division rose from £18.5m to £33.5m.

Yesterday — four weeks early
—Waddington also released figures for the 27 weeks to October 4, showing e 60 per cent increase in pre-tax profits at £5.1m, and sales 47 per cent higher at £5.9m.

On the business forms and Becurity printing side, there were undisclosed exceptional costs taken above the line as costs taken above the line

Boston-based plastic container which prints legal and other manufacturer, Label Converters, which makes e variety of self-adhesive labels, and Canadian games business Be Saunders.

The business be saunders, the business be saunders, the control of the control o

The contributions of these new packaging companies exceeded expectations, Wedding-ton said. Comet had given it e foothold for "dual ovenable trays" — which can be popped into the growing number of microwave ovens — and the first half last time. Sales— including the plastic packaging side.

The remaining cash would reduce debt immediately, but the less important first half, the company was looking at a number of potential acquisition—and some of these were likely to be in the US.

letters and conferences. It is being sold to Dawnprobe, a company controlled by Mr S. R.

Stein, the former majority shareholder in Stonehart.

With a tax charge of £1.28m (£702,000), net profits rose from £2.5m to £3.84m. The interim dividend is being increased by 11.5 per cent to 2.9p e share.

Mr Victor Watson, Waddington chairman, said that around \$9m (£6.3m) from the rights issue would be used to expand the Comet operation—\$4m going into new plant and equipment and \$5m towards the purchases of e freehold, which would then save lease payments of \$594,000 a warr

principally on the plastic

L & M offer meets heavy response

International Business Communications (Holdings), the acquisitive conference and publishing group, has amounced a £4.6m share placing and the disposal of Running magazine is part of in London and Metropolitan, the property development consumer slant is out of step group, received e warm welcome a £4.6m share placing and the disposal of Running magazine is part of in London and Metropolitan, the property development consumer slant is out of step group, received e warm welcome from investors being 30 times applications were received for approximately 714m shares, compared with the 23.6m on offer at 145p each. The total

Under the terms of the deal, the entire share capital of Stonehart Leisure, the subsidiary which operates Running, will be sold to Dawnprobe for £10,000 and inter-company debt subscription was over flon. All preferential applications from employees, representing 1.09m shares, will be allocated in full. Preferential applications from sharebolders of London & Edinburgh Trust, the f10,000 and inter-company debt of £840,000 will be repaid. Further repayments will be made in three years time. IBC considers that the effect of the disposal will be revenue neutral. For the financial year ending December 31, IBC is forecasting pre-tax profits of £1.8m and on a pro-forma basis, treating the recent acquisitions on a merger rather than an equity basis, profits will be £2.8m. company which, together with Balfour Beatty, previously owned L & M, will have shares allocated as follows: applicants for 200 to 1,000 shares — 200; 1,500 to 10,000—1,000; 15,000 to 80,000—1,550; 100,000 and above —the lower of 3 per cent or

Other applications will be treated thus: below 7,000—s one in ten ballot for 200 shares; 7,000 to 18,450-200; 20,000 to 70,000—2 per cent of appli-cations; 800,000 to 980,000— 50,000: and 995,000 and above —100,000.

BBK rights result

PLUMB HOLDINGS, a shop-fitting and interior contracting company, is joining the Unlisted Securities Market through a placing of shares which will value its business at £11.3m.

The company dates back to The rights issue by Brown Boveri Kent, industrial instru-ment maker, ettracted accept ances in respect of 10.45m shares (96 per cent). The 404,225 new shares not taken up were sold in the market at an cent of its equity, at 90p a share.
This produces a prospective p/e
of 13.3 and a notional net
dividend of 3p. The placing is
sponsored by Scrimgeour
Vickers; three market makers average price of 1.78p (after deduction of issue price and County Bisgood, Smith New Court and Scringeous Vickers Trading — have agreed to make markets in Plumb's shares. sale expenses).

TOWN CENTRE SECURITIES (Property investment and development): Final dividend 0.7p (0.6p), making 1.1p (1p) for year ended June 30 1986. Gross rental and investment income £6.8m (£5.7m) and present and fig. (£5.7m). tax profits £3m (£2.7m). Group production facilities. In the longer term, the company envisages staging acquisitions in related areas of activity. revenue before interest charges \$4.7m (\$4.4m) and dealing profits from property and investments £844,000 (£219,000).

ALLEN ALLEN & HEMSLEY AUSTRALIAN SOLICITORS AND ATTORNEYS OFFICES IN: Sydney N.S.W. Australia London U.K.

The flotation will generate £1.8m in cash which will be divided between the four directors who funded the buyout, and £450,000 for the company. This will be used to purchase land to extend Plumb's resident facilities. In the

New York N.Y. U.S.A. ASSOCIATED FIRM: ALLENS & PARKERS PERTH W.A. AUSTRALIA

PLEASE NOTE THAT FROM 17 NOVEMBER, 1986, OUR TELEPHONE NUMBER IN SYDNEY. AUSTRALIA WILL CHANGE TO:

our facsimile number + 612 233 7022 and telex number AA121641 remain unchanged.

Berkeley agrees £14m merger with Clyde

BY LUCY KELLAWAY

Berkeley Exploration and dovetailed neatly with the Production, the USM-quoted oil company, was yesterday rescued from an unwanted bid from Ranger Oil the Canadian Berkeley has a stake.

Berkeley merger, as six of the city offence interests being acquired are blocks in which Berkeley has a stake.

Mr Andrew Wilson, manegleum, a fellow UK independent, ing director of Berkeley yestercame up with an agreed higher day expressed relief at the offer offer.

The all share deal values difficult for us to remain independent and now we've found a rendent and now we've found a sendent and now we've found a sen

The all share deal values
Berkeley at £14m, based on a
Clyde share price of 52p. Shareholders are also being offered
e cash elternative of 51.7p a
share, compared to the 45p on
the table from Ranger.

By yesterday afternoon both
companies were purring over
the deal,

Mr Colin Phipps, chairman
of Clyde, said: "This is very
interesting merger with tremendous synergy. It is a logical
combination of assets, gives us
scale, spread and e lot of
muscle."

The combined group will
have interests in 77 offshore and
38 onshore blocks, with total
proven and probable reserves
of 61m barrels, making it one
of the largest UK independent
oil companies.

Clyde also announced yester-

Oil from acquiring Berkeley. Ranger discovered recently that Clyde also announced yesterClyde also announced yesterday that it was swapping some by taking over Berkeley it could
og its onshore acreage for offshore acreage owned by Phillips
Petroleum.

Mr Phipps said this deal

Oli from acquiring berkeley.

Ranger discovered recently that
by taking over Berkeley it could
not, as it bad previously
thought, be guaranteed to win
its heated battle over the operatorship of two North Sea blocks.

First-half turnover rose from £13.9m to £15.54m. Earnings per

Mitchell Somers static

A disappointing performance the task of transferring invest-from its traditional engineering ment into more rewarding areas, left Mitchell Somers, areas, the company said. The West Midlands engineer and next six months would see fur-forgemaster, with pre-tax profits ther developments towards the forgemaster, with pre-tax profits ther developments towards the only 3 per cent higher at defined goals, but the resultant £857,000 for the six months to profit improvements might not September 27, 1988, compared appear until 1987. with £927,000.

On the stock market, the shares were marked down ip to On the stock market, the shares were marked down 1p to 118p.

Progress was being made with 213.5m to 23.5m (0.23.5m Larnings per the share were 3.9p (3.5p) and the interim dividend is maintained at 1.75p—last year's final was 2.1p on £2.43m profits.

Half-year to 30.9.86 Half-year to 30.9.85 Unaudited revenue account 31.3.86 21,224 Rents receivable 12,845 10,294 18,697 10,403 8,753 Net revenue before tox 6,883 5,502 11,854 Net revenue after tax 8.0p 4.50 Earnings per share 3.8p

The results for the six months to 30th September, 1986, continue to show highly satisfactory progress. Net revenue before tax has advanced to \$10,403,000 and, after tax, has increased by

25% to £6,883,000. An interim dividend of 2.5p per share

making a total for the year of at least 7.1p (1986: 6.6p).

where development should commence in June, 1987.

(1985: 2p) has been declared and, in the absence of unforeseen

circumstances, a final dividend of not less than 4.6p will be paid,

During recent weeks, important properties have been purchased at 4/7 Chiswell Street, E.C.1, The Geco Centre, Orpington and 88/96 High Road, Wood Green, N.22, Involving a

total outlay of over £13 million. In addition, contracts have been exchanged for a large scheme of nearly 8 acres in Weybridge,

INTERIM RESULTS FOR 1986

Richard Pesicin - Chairman

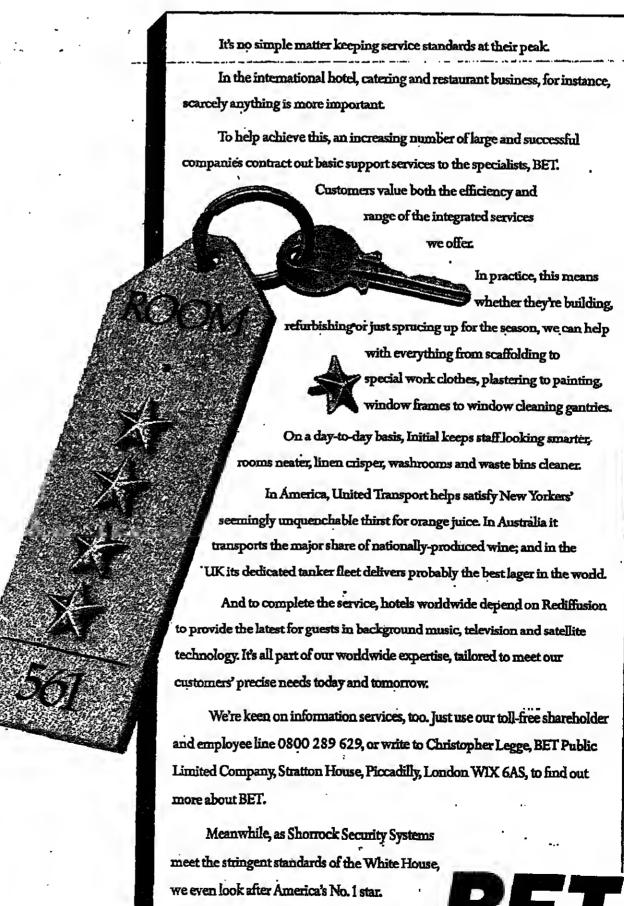
Interim Dividend 2.0p

GREAT PORTLAND ESTATES

AND DEVELOPMENT

Knighton House, 56 Mortimer Street, London W1 N 8RD

WITHOUT US-STARS MIGHT FALL







FIVE STAR SERVICES

RATING REFORM

Shops take the strain

And the second s

the government's proposals for reform of the rating system, set out in its Green Paper "Paying for Local Government," with an analysis of the practical effects on non-domestic ratepayers.

Among other things, they cal-culated that prime shops faced an average rise in rate payments of 49 per cent; that the locations where rates will go up most are not confined to a single part of the country but tend to be in market towns and historic centres; and thet rate payments could triple in the worst cases.

The green paper proposes two major reforms to the current, non-domestic rating system. The first is notable in political terms and the second in its potential impact on retailing and the retail property market.

It says that the power of setting non domestic rates should be transferred to central government which would set a uniform national business rate (URR). This, it argues, could end the distortion of competition which arises simply because a business is located in a particular district.

But it also proposes a revaluation of non-domestic properties, for England, like the one which led to a swingeing increase in rates liability in lift rates per square foot by Scotland in 1985. This, say over 50 per cent, from £6 to agents Debenham Tewson & nearly £10.

A FORTNIGHT AGO, consult-ant chartered surveyors Gerald the proposal which will have the Eve & Company responded to most substantial impact.

Applying the effects of both UBR and revaluation, they say that Bristol, Oxford and Canterbury face substantially higher rates, that Croydon, Birmingham, Oxford Street in London's West End and Leeds will see some increase and that Manchester will actually show ster will actually show a decline.

For most of the big retailing chains, they note, a national spread of outlets should ensure that the result of uniform national rating, at least, will be close to neutral.

However, Mark Henderson, the firm's associate responsible for rating, comments that there are likely to be large relative in-creases for certain types of retail property such as out-of-town superstores and retail

If the green paper proposals are fully implemented, the commercial ratepayer will face the combined effect of uniform rate poundage and revaluation in April, 1990.

Location and spread will play a major part in determining the cost changes likely to occur in that year for any particular retail chain: but a DT & C costing exercise, based on a major UK fashion chain, reveals that ITPR with the control of the cost of UBR with revaluation would

"The impact on profitability could be substantial," says the firm. "In this particular instance the rating reforms,

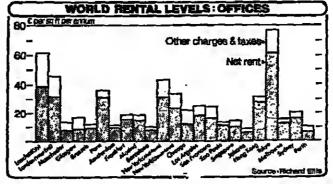
chiefly revaluation, could poten-tially shave 5 per cent off the company's operating profit." Over the past 71 years, shop occupation costs have doubled in the overwhalming majority of centres in the firm's survey, reflecting the boom in consumer expenditure. After adjusting for inflation, rental costs have increased by almost 6 per cent since mid-1985—the highest real annual rate in the survey's seven year record— and the annual growth rate hit 8; per cent in mid-1986.

This is balanced by the pros-pect of less rapidly rising con-sumer demand in future; a weakened balance of payments; and what a credit squeeze could do to the retail industry's plans for out-of-town expansion.

"Asda and Marks & Spencer," notes the survey, "are to finance their out of town expansion on the basis of long term deben-ture borrowings which have been a readily available tool for retailers. If restrictions on the money market force interest rates back to levels of 12 per cent or higher for any consider-able period, then this facility will no longer be suitable."

*Shops: Rents and Rates 1978-1986, available from Debenham, Tewson & Chinnocks, 44, Brook Street, London, WIA 4NA.

Tokyo on top



TOKYO has overtaken the City' of London as the most expensive or London as the most expensive office location in the world. The extent of its lead is due predominantly to the recent dramatic weakening of sterling against the yen; but there are also signs of movement in the basic rents.

Richard Ellis, in their latest world office rental survey, but total occupation costs for prime office space in Tokyo at £77 a foot, against £60.41 six months ago, while the City of London has only edged up from £60.85 to £61.65 per sq ft per annum.

In local currency terms Tokyo rents have moved, say Ellis, from Y12,400 a year ago, through Y13,000 last May to a present Y13,500. Elha's research department say that Tokyo offices are in very short supply in the city's main business districts and thet, until a year age, this was probably e con-straint on rental performance due to the lack of deals.

However, they say, firms taking space in ontlying districts have put pressure on the centre in 1986; it certainly gave the centre the evidence it needed to establish rents at a modestly higher level.

Elsewhere, rents for mid-town New York are quoted \$2.50 a foot lower at \$50 a sq ft, reflecting plentiful supply of space rather than the investment proposition - which is still valid - that traditional office locations on the Eastern Seaboard of the US will gather strength as the Sunbelt states go ont of fashion.

In South America, the firm's hopes for Brazil's embryo commercial property market have been enhanced by the per-formance of Sao Paulo. In terms of the cruzado the city's rents bave virtually doubled in a year from Cz 110.4 to Cz 200 per square metre per month.

Record deal in Madrid

A GROUP of Swiss business men is on the point of com-pleting the purchase of Banco de Santander's main Madrid offices for Pta 10bn (£51m) in what agents for the buyers de-scribed as the biggest ever deal involving a single building in Spain and one of the biggest in Europe.

They said it also set a record for Spain in terms of price per

square metre. The group, which includes watch manufacturer Mr Pierre watch manufacturer Mr Pierre Bhun and property developer Mr Michel Turin, negotisted the purchase following its unsuccessful bid in September in partnership with Spanish interests for the property division of Spain's Rumasa group, expropriated by the government in 1983. The Rumasa package, which included a twin-tower office complex in Medrid, went to Heron International of the UK for Pts 10.54bn.

Banco de Santander is to

Banco de Santander is to remain as tenant of the 20-floor office block on Madrid's Paseo de la Castellana for e minimum of three and a maximum of five years before moving to other premises on the same avenue. It was advised by Invercame, Hillier Parker's local partner. The tower block comprises 36,000 square metres, including 25,000 square metres for office

DAVID WHITE

Mixed development seeks approval

HIGH-ECHELON opinion in the property industry appears to be imming in favour of mixed development, those combinations of retailing, offices, hotels and so on which were anotherns to the UK institutional investment mar-

institutional investment market a few short years ago.

A fortnight ago Honor Chapman, head of research at Jones Lang Wootton, argued strongly in favour of the genre in a keynote speech at the British Property Federation's Brighton conference. This week Sun Alliance, whose 158,000 Charter Place office scheme in Uxbridge in West London is nearing completion, went for another 41,000 sq ft of shops combined with 20,000 sq ft of offices, plus car parking in an additional, £14m development for the town.

• Meanwhile, the flavour of

ment for the town.

• Meanwhile, the flavour of summer 1836 lingered on as Paul Sykes (Developments), the company which actually got the go-shead far a £100m, 1.3m sq ft shopping and leisure development in the Don Valley near Sheffield, added 40 acres to its site. litting the total to 120 acres. The additional area will allow for extensive environmental works, improve mental works, improve access and lift car purking from 8,000 to 12,000 spaces. Town centre retailing is Land Securities and Pengap,

which have combined to develop a 200,000 sq ft shop-ping acheme in Darlington. The centre will house two major stores and 75 shop units, complete for Christmas 1989 and will be valued at an estimated £45m.

an estimated \$45m.

• Pure office space in a high tech location is the plan for Bracknell, where Speyhawhas been granted detailed viaming approval for a new 100,000 sq ft headquarters building. One Hundred Square, the Ring, to be built by Trellope & Colls.

• High tech finds itself for

· High tech finds itself in o High tech and heart in good company at Leather head. Surrey. Grosvenar Developments, the development arm of the Duke of Westminster's Groavenor Estate, has joined with Slefert, the architects better stefert, the architects better known for major office pro-jects, to develop 60,000 sq it in three air-conditioned two-storey buildings, with 263: parking spaces in a land-scaped setting.

LS Vall's Hampshire office survey says that available space in the county is at its lowest level since the inception of the survey in April.

o In Central London, Deben-ham Tewson & Chimneks my that space let, vold or placed in October, totalling 1.17m sq ft, showed a rise over the previous month of 38, per

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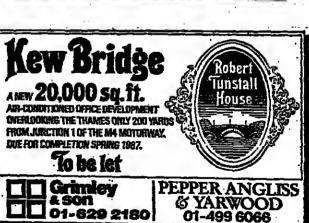
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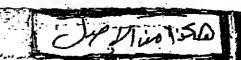
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Orion Royal Bank Limited Agent Bank and Principal Paying Agent

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13th November, 1986

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the creditors of the above-named Company, which is being voluntarily wound up, am required, on or before the Thirty First day of January, 1967, to send in their full Christies and camamas, their addresses and descriptions, full particulors of their debts or cleims, and the names and addresses of their Solicitors (if eay), to the undemigned A. R. HOUGHTON FCA.

London WCZA IEW.

the Joint Liquidators of the aeld Company, and, if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidators, are, personally or by their Solicitom, to come in end prove their debts or cleims at such time and place se shell be epocified in sech notice, or in defaunt thoreof they will be excluded from the bunefit of any distribution made before such distra am proved.

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Company Notices

Arnhem, The Netherlands 4¼ % US\$ convertible debenture loan 1969 per 1980/89 outstanding balance US\$ 7.250.000,—

Pursuant to the provisions of article 3 of the trust deed, the drawing for the obligatory redemption of US\$ 7.000.000, - per January 1, 1987 took place on November 5, 1986. Number 5 was drawn, which means that all debentures, the numbers of which end in 5, have been drawn for redemption.

Against delivery of these debentures, provided with coupons per January 1, 1988 and following, the sum of US\$ 1.000,— each will be paid at the designated paying agents from January 1, 1987.

The right of conversion of the redeemed debentures will cease on December 31, 1986. Present conversion price Dfl. 121,60 per share. Not all debentures bearing a number ending in 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 7 - drawn in the last years - have been presented for redemption At the same time we inform that copies of the Trust Report for the

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Amsterdam, November 10, 1986 Centrale Trust Compagnie B.V.

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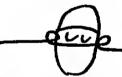
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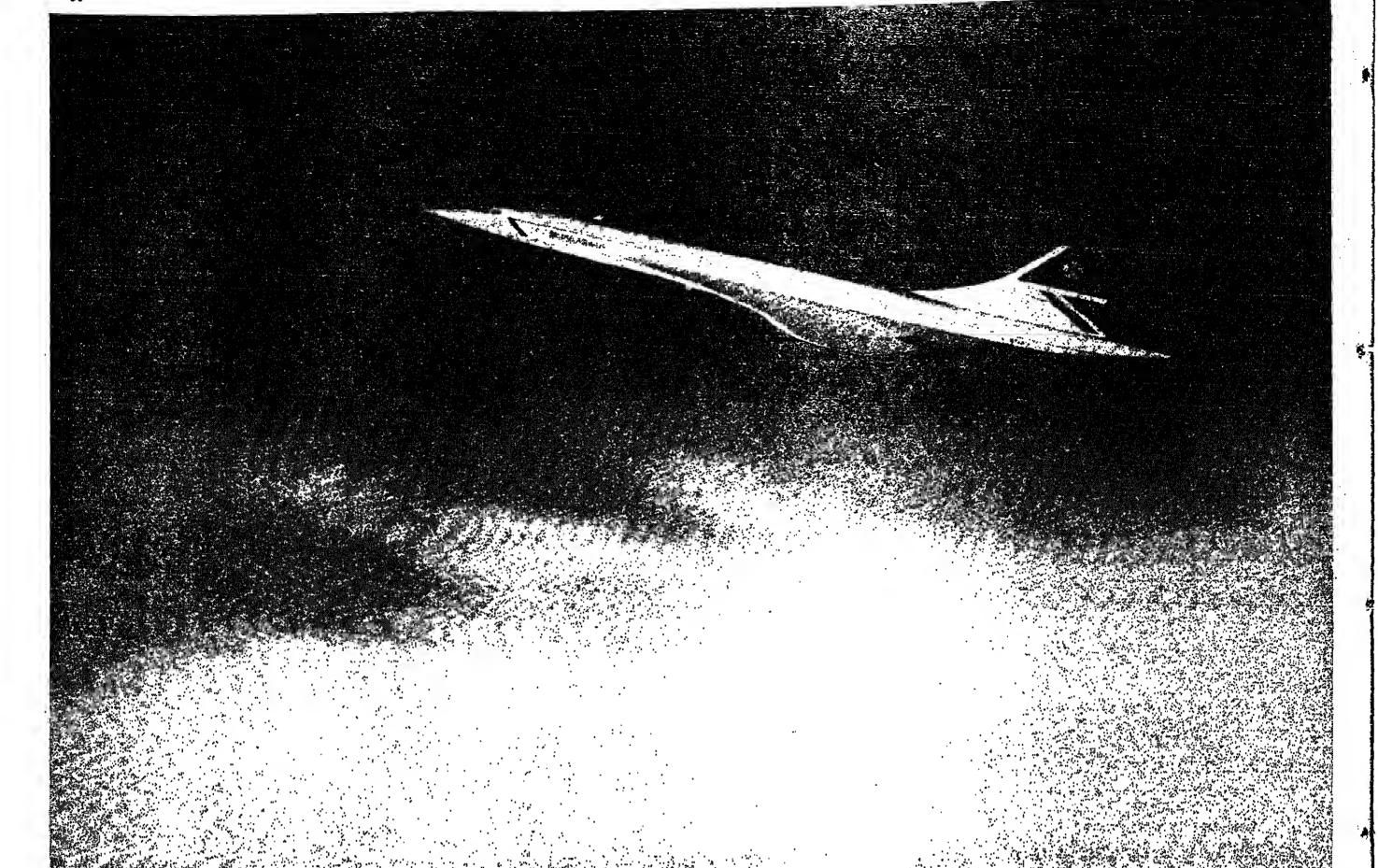
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770	F.P.	5/11	141	119	Lon. & Gartmore Warr.	115	+5	-	! —	_	í –
135	F.P.	20/11	154	143	Marthor gh Tech Man 5p	. 132	-1	R2,70			13.
0105	F.P.	2430	164	133	Mecca Leisure 10p	149	-1	R4_1	22		16,
Q75	F.P.	24/10	79	72	Miller & Santhouse Sp. Mewage Trans Sp.	184	·!	12.25	24	1.7	34,
R15	F.P	-	25%	£15%	News Corp. ASO.50	72		R3.5	25	6.9.	82
490	F.P.		130	126	*QuartoGr.Comm.50.10	£157	+4	Q5c	192	ŭ	5.1
75	F.P.	24/10	94	88	*Radamec Group Sp	130		R\$195			14.
700	F.P.	21/11	103	89	*Rotunda 10e	94		R3.26	5.7		12.
136	F.P. 50	24/10	115	101	4Ryman 5p	115	+5	R30.5	228		12.
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FIXED INTEREST STOCKS

٠	lame Price	Amount Paid	Lutest Renunc	19	986	Stock	Closing	+ 00
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	5100 5100 1101.41 5100 5100 1101.87 1102.25	클립립다.플러한립립	17/12 8/1 29/1 26/2 16/12 15/5 22/1 8/1	1900m 12 ¹ 2 11 11 ¹ 4 107 ¹ 29 990m 91 ₂ 100 ¹ 4 11 ¹ 4	206p	Sristol Oli & Min 3% Cnv 2nd Mt Deb 1989 East Worze. Water 12c/% Red Deb 94-95 Ensew Water 11-1% Red Deb 2002-04 do 85-% Red, Pf 1993 Fed. Hostolog 99-% Cam. Red. Prf Hartons 7% Cnv. Cnu. Red. Prf Hartons 7% Cnv. Cnv. Red. Pf 1995 Texticing Mandred Wir. 83-% Red. Pf 1995	170pes 11 30 9 107s 2spm 4 100s	-10 -1 -12 -14 -1-2 -1-1

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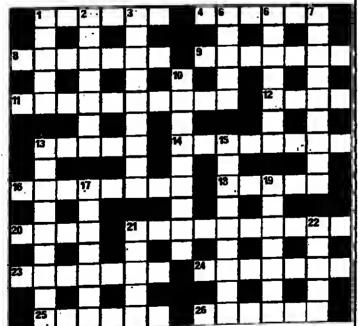
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JOTTER PAD

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FT CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 6,177



- Inner Wheel (5)
 14 Transport gate (8)
 16 Songbird showing passion in
- display (8)

 18 Look up from left or right (5)

 20 Dressing kept in hospital cabinets (4)
- 21 Sugary content of cane chairs, broken (10)
- 23 Here's hopin' for a cure for headache (7)
- 24 Should it be trained in a garden? (3-4)
- 25 Cavalaryman useful to Medical Corps? (6)
 26 Programme that has a loose
- sex content, we hear (6)
- 1 Pair embracing champion
- horse (5)
 2 Disturbed cuckoo (7)
 3 Dear former wife thoughtful
 (9)

- say (6)
 8 Right in my cups, drunk—it's 10 Medley-races in Wick? Just a inke! (9)
- 8 Right in my cups, the tider (7)
 9 Sailor at Gateshead finding the bars (7)
 11 Irene helps somehow in Being able to grasp things (10)
 12 People in it are getting for the night (9)
 13 Was it sung to an old flame?
 (5-4)
 14 Was it sung to an old flame?
 (5-4)
 15 Was it sung to an old flame?
 (5-4)
 16 Janguage for trains is missing (7)
 17 Language for trains is missing (7)
 18 Language for trains is missing (7)
 29 Criticise mince-pie put on tin
 (5)

 - (5) 22 Girl taking article to cosy



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EEC ministers urged to 'act now' on dairy crisis

BY TIM DICKSON IN BRUSSELS

Andriessen. EEC Agricultural Commissioner, yesterday spelt out the "drastic" situation in the European dairy sector and called on the Community's Farm Ministers to act now.

sters to act now.

With an eye clearly on next
week's crucial EEC Agriculture Council meeting in
Brussels, Mr Andriessen
warned that the "emergency"
build up of surplus stocks was
getting worse, "I can only bope
the Ministers make some concrete decisions," he said.

"I think we are entitled to expect the Council to regain ocutrol over milk policy which is in danger of running completely out of band," he adds.

Mr Andriessen was formally removed to the council of t announcing tough new proposals to curb milk overproduction which were agreed at a full meeting of the EEC Commissioners in Strasbourg on Tuesday. He also spelt out a Cammission proposal to cut that spiralling costs of buying in and storing surplus beet. This designed as a more palatable munity Ontgoers Scheme which alternative for member states. alternative for member states.

Mr Andriessen said that the the Commission ideas on milk the Commission ideas on milk ege — which comes on top of the comes on th



Mr Frans Andriessen . . . "drastic" situation

by 1989. No decisions had yet and storing surplus beef. This been taken on the new compenserier Commission plan but is have been based on the Comoperates at the moment.
The new Commission pack-

in 1987 and Ecue 50m contain an important number of technical adjustments to the pensated for giving up production. The budgetary production of technical adjustments to the pensated for giving up produc-tion. The budgetary saving, ing the tax on overproduction put the number on," said the however, could be Ecu 1.32bn and tightening up loopholes so Commissioner.

that farmers who overproduce cannot escape this "superlevy."

Mr Andriessen said they have
been made in response to
Ministers' request "for a
clearer idea of our long term

Hd added, "at least 9.5m onnes of surplus milk is now being produced and this does not include domestic sales with special subsidies or sales out-side the Community. Then it could be 15m tonnes."

Turning to the beef sector, where he said that the situation was also "urgent." Mr Andries-sen put forward a new pro-posal for cutting the cost of intervention purchases. This would mean that in

This would mean that in future the system would only come into play when average European market prices were less than 90 per cent of the intervention price and where national market prices were lower than 85 per cent of the interventional level. A Commission official expanded that the price paid to traders would thus be a maximum 85 per cent of intervention "and where market prices were much lower we would like the Community price to fall."

No cost savings have yet been estimated but the Commis-sion feels the plan would neverthe less bring production back more in line with demand. The idea is similar to a French compromise which has been discussed at expert level in Brussels for some weeks—"the

LME proposes contract levy

THE LONDON Metal Exchange annual membership fee is about systems required by the Securiis raising its fees to belp meet £5,000. the costs of modernising its The market and management structure and of the law suits it faces as a result of the tin crisis. It is introducing a levy of 20p e contract plus VAT on all users of the exchanga from January 1 and it is raising the

pay £24,250 a year.

The LME Board said in a letter to all its members that the purpose of the levy was to make sure that running costs would be borne in direct proportion to the use made of the exchange.

January 1 and it is raising the annual fees and subscriptions paid by members by 10 per cent. Ring-dealing members currently planned introduction of a clearing bouse system to replace Most other futures exchanges the present principal-to-princi-already raise much of their in-come from cootract levies. At monitoring dealer/client con-

systems required by the securities and Investments Board, the fledgling City regulatory authority; the proposed reorganisation of the exchange's management; and liligation

Initially, the contract levy is to emply to contracts between ring-dealing members, but it will be imposed on all clearing members of the exchange from the date a clearing system is introduced—probably in the

The LME authorities are conthe London Commodity tracts (at present only dealer/ tinning to negotiate the exact-Exchange, the levy is 42.5p a dealer contracts are moni-contract but the maximum tored); the installation of any market with the SIB.

ITC writ claims government liability

BY RAYMOND HUGHES, LAW COURTS CORRESPONDENT

UK and the other 21 members
states in the International Tin
Council are legally liable for
its debts, it is claimed in a its debts, it is claimed in a petition for the compulsory winding-up of the ITC that has been lodged in the High

ocsday by Amalgamated Metalocsday, a subsidiary of Preussag, the West German metals group, claims and unregistered company within the meaning of the 1985 Act.

Under the Order the ITC has immunity from leave. metals group, claims that under the 1985 Companies Act creditors of the ITC have the right to enforce the member governments liability to contri-bute to the debts and liabilities

AMT is petitioning as a creditor of the ITC for £5.3m, the amount of an arbitration award made against the ITC in AMT is one of the 11 London Metal Exchange com-panies which have banded pay its debts. The petition lists together as Tinco Realisations what it describes as the ITC's to pursua their claims against the ITC. The council ran ont the ITC. The council ran ont and claims that, in addition, what info, of money last year administer creditors can look to the disclosed.

nation last week of the Minister, Police Captain Surat Osathanu-

grah. His continual tampering with regulations governing exports to the EEC—where

tapioca is used for animal feed

and EEC importera alike.

Mr Ossthanugraph's 10 months in office had been puctuated by protests that his repeated rule changes were disrupting trade and favoured certain companies. The last straw came when be postponed by one month, tha December 23, tho first of seven scheduled stock checks. This would have deprived EEC importers of the first 1987 shipments, originally due in mid-

That decision is believed to

Baht 80 as a result of the post- EEC market.

stocks they hold.

ments, originally due in mid-January, because the main EEC export allocations are awarded bas agreed not to in

to exporters in proportion to the tariff of more than 6 per cent

Captain Surat claimed he had it is known locally, can be

hod infurlated Thai traders and EEC importera alike.

Privileges) Order, the ITC has the legal status of a body cor-porate and is an association which may be wound up by tha court as an unregistered com-

immunity from legal proceedings, subject to certain specified exceptions—one of which relates to the enforcement of arbitration awards made under the agreement between the ITC and the UK which established the council's beadquarters in London.
Amalgamated Metal Tradmg's claim arises out of such an award, the petition states.

The company alleges that the
ITC is insolvent and unable to what it describes as the ITC's "substantial assets" in the UK

been left to its own devices.

Their bopes that the new
Minister will prove more con-

sistent were given some encour-

agement this week when he decided to bring the first stock

check forward by three weeks.

Last year Thailand exported

7.09m tonnes of taploca, earning the country Baht 15bn (£400m). All but 1.9m tonnes

the present agreement the EEC bas agreed not to impose a

have contributed to the Minister's downfall. Apart from 5.5m tonnes.

leaving exporters liable to penalties for defaulting on for-ward contracts, it affected the have yet to find a viable alternative of 10m of Thailand's tive to tapioca, in spite of from 1:1. That change also incomes of 10m of Thailand's tive to tapioca, in spite of from 1:1. That change also the spite of the spite of

poorest farmers, who saw fresh government efforts to cut out- caused some ill-feeling on the

Tapioca, or cassava root, as the change.

THE GOVERNMENTS of the ing an inter-government price governments for satisfaction of their debts. The petition contends that it s "just and equitable" that

the ITC be wound-up. The case is fixed to come before the Companies Court on December 15, when it will almost certainly be adjourned to a later date because of its complexity, the lagal problems involved and the international implications.

Mr Paul Channon, the Trade and Industry Secretary, bas already stated that the UK Government does not accept any liability whatsoever and that the dispute is between the ITC and the brokers.

• THE HOUSE of Commons Select Committee on Trade and Industry, which is inquiring into the tin crisis, yesterday decided to publish a further report on the affair after receiving new the affair after receiving new information from the Bank of England. Mr Kenneth Warren,

tween about eight months and

two years.
Indonesia produces almost as

much cassava as Thailand but consumes most of it domestic-ally and is unable to use all of

its 825,000 tonnes export quota this year. Hardly any of Thai-

land's production is consumed

at home.
While most crop prices re-

mained weak, tapioca prices recovered earlier this year, encouraging Thai farmers to dig up all their existing roots and plant a larger acreage. Then

are likely to fall from 1.9m tonnes to about 900,000 tonnes this year because of reduced

output. Most of that will be

A further complain has been

Thailand's troubled tapioca industry

THAILAND'S tapioca industry, which accounts for almost 90 of farmers because the new seaper cent of world's exports and is the country's second largest foreign exchange earner, is hopiog for an improvement in its fortunes following the resignation last week of the Minister, and that the market should have been in the least fertile soil about the size of the quote and requires little or no fertine or pesticide. Another captain Surat back in May. That economists and lawyers can be left in the ground await have argued that Thailand's rights under the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade the market should have the

of that total went to the EEC, where a preferential import tariff 'allows Thai tapioca to remain competitive with cereals and other feed ingredients and protected against other overseas competition by much ligher import duties. There are likely to fall trom 19m.

on up to 21m tonnes of Thai sold below cost because "bonus" tapioca over the next four years. shares of the profitable EEC

55m tonnes. for non-EEC exports. The ratio
This arrangement has been a has recently been cut to 1:1.2

Under

LONDON

reshuffle UNCERTAINTY continued to be the most obvious feature of the coffee futures market halts wheat talks By Tony Walker in Cairo

THE AUSTRALIAN Wheat Board has balted discussions with Egypt on wheat to be shipped in 1987 while the new Egyptian Government settles Wheat Board officials were

Egyptian

engaged in preliminary dis-cussions with their Egyptian counterparts when President Hosni Mubarak dismissed the Prime Minister at the weekend Mr Clinton Condon, chairman of the Wheat Board, said it was hoped discussions could resume in the next few weeks. There is some pressure for a resumption of negotiations from the Australian side because a delay would affect shipments for 1987.

Egypt is Australia's biggest

Egypt is Anstralia's biggest wheat market, taking some 2m tonnes this year under 2 longterm 10m tonne agreement signed in 1984. It is also one of the main battlegrounds in the grain trade "war" between the US and the EEC, and this is putting Australia's and this is putting Australia's

share of the Egyptian market under pressure. According to Cairo traders, the French recently made a sale of 100,000 tonnes at \$76.50 a tonne on highly preferential terms. France has not disclosed details of the sale.

One of the Ministers to lose his post in the reshuffle follow-ing the change of Prime Ministers was Mr Nagih Shatla, the Minister of Supply who was responsible for wheat negotia-tions, and with whom the Australian wheat board had developed good relations.

Egypt had fallen about five months behind on its payments for Australian wheat, but according to Mr Condon a recent transfer had reduced the

Under the terms of the 1984 wheat agreement, Australia agreed to ship 10m tonnes over five years. Payment terms were over three years at concessional rates of interest.

A hiccup in the Egyptian market would be a blow to Australia at present because it is fecing serious competition in most of its traditional markets. Mr Condon said Australia markets about half the anticipated quantities of wheat available for export-next year. He would not be drawn on price.

Egypt is expected to import

about 6.4m toones this year of wheat and wheat flour (4.7m tonnes of wheat). The US is supplying about 2m tonnes under its PL 480 food aid scheme and export enhancement programmes. Canada's share of the market

Australia was selling wheat into the Egyptian market at the beginning of the year at about \$128 a tonne. That was believed to have dropped to about \$108 a tonne by late this

The Wheat Board will almost certainly have to drop its price further to below \$100 a tonne if it is to maintain its market

share in Egypt.

The partial embargo of US grain sales to the Soviet Uulon grain sales to the Soviet Outon six years ago neither accom-plished its goal of short-circuiting Moscow's supplies nor became a pervasive, lingering cause of bardship to American farmers, according to a study published this week by the US Department of Agri-

"The embargo had little effect on USSR grain use," the report said, adding: "The embargo did not significantly affect the volume of world grain the chairman, declined to say trade" and that, at most, it what information the Bank had caused e drop of less than 2

ment on Tariffs and Trade (Gatt) were overlooked and thet

tha quota was too small as a result. They also complain that

the new agreement is a mess of

EEC officials say, bowever, that Thailand could not bave expected a larger quota. "There's just too much manion

(yet another name for taploca) lying around in the mountains of surplus meat," one commented. That officials, meanwhile, say that it was difficult

ambiguities.

MARKETS

pesterday as doubts about Brazil's market intentions brought yet another sadden turnabout in the trading pattern. The possibility that Brazil might be about to dump back on to the market much of the coffec it bought earlier in the year—reportedly to make up for the shortfall in its own drought-hit crop—had helped to push the January futures position down by £235.50 over the first three days of this week. But yesterday the price suddenly bounced up by £30.50 to close at £2,172.50 a tonne. Dealers said, however, that the advance resulted from relayesterday as doubts about

said, however, that the advance resulted from rela-tively modest buying interest tively modest buying interest in a very thin market. They said a Brazilian statement that it was halving the amount of coffee for sale in December to 1m bags had influenced the rise, which began during early trading, but some were sceptical that Brazil really would keep exports as low as that. LME prices supplied by Amalgamated Metal Trading.

ALUMINIUM

Official closing (sm): Cash 803.5-4 (sems), three menths 813.5-4 (809-5.5), actdement 804 (same). Final Kerb close: 811-12. Ternovar: 42.575 tonnes.

Cash 803-4 |+8 804-805.5 6 mentire 813-4 +4.5 |815-819

Grade A	Unoffie'l	+•	High/Low
Cash 3 months Official cle (907.5-8), th	sing (an ree menti ent 911.5	+ 9.5 c); Ca	3-4.5 (33)

Standard Official cleaing (sm): Cash 890-1 (898.5-80), three months 914-8 (912-3), artitement 891 (890). US Producer prices: 81.50-88.50 cents per pound. Total Tarnover: 20.375 tonnes.

		Unofficia close (p. £ per	tonne	High/Low
١	Cosh a month	329-30 322-3.6	+1.5 +1.5	381/330 384/321
	(332-2-5), 2.6), eets	ioment 33	1 (332.5)	23-3.5 (322- Final Kerb ver: 10,200 its a pound.

	Unofficial + of close (p.m.) - £ per tonne	High/Low
Cash 5 months	2535-40 1+2.5 2573-5 1+4	2580/2672
(2,535-45),	closing (em): Cet three months 2,67 tent 2,640 (2,645). 5-80. Turnovett 67	Final Kerb

KUALA LUMPUR TIN MARKET -Close 15.87 (15.55) ringgit per kg. Up 0.32.

High grade	Close (p.n £ per	+or	High/Low
Cash 3 months	576-9 660-1	[+a.5	568/560
(587-7.5), 3), sectlet close: 562	cleaing (three mon mant 514 (-3, Tumor Western:	ths 560- (587.5) . ver. 13.1	60,5 (572- Finel Kerb 25 tonnee,

BOLD BULLION (Time our	(ce) Nov. 15
Olose \$407.4071a Opening \$406.4061a M'n'e fix \$406.85 Aft'n'a fix \$407.50	(£2851 ₂ -2853 ₄) (£2845 ₄ -2851 ₄) (£286-653) (£286,911)
GOLD AND PLATIN	UM COINS
Am Esgle\$4201s-425 Mapleleaf \$417% 42214 Krgf-rd\$403-405 Is Krug\$2074-20615 Krug\$1041s-10516 Angel\$414-417 I/Id Angel \$45-46 New Sow\$815-97 Old Sov\$8514-9616 SEO Esgle \$480-630 Noble Plat \$648-558	(£396-2963 ₄) (£3953 ₄ -2643 ₄) (£3853 ₄ -2643 ₄) (£1461 ₄ -1461 ₄) (£131 ₄ -74) (£3901 ₄ -2321 ₄) (£3601 ₄ -321 ₄) (£6601 ₄ -674 ₄) (£3663 ₄ -3713 ₄ (£3663 ₄ -3713 ₄) (£3663 ₄ -3713 ₄)

SILVER

Silver was fixed 4.2p en cance higher for apar delivary in the London ballien market yeaterday at 407.05p. US cent equivalents of the fixing lavels were: epot 578c, up 3.5c; three-menth 588.15c, ap 3.65c; als-menth 594.6c, ap 3.4c; and 12-monthe 312.35c, ap 2.25c. The metal connect at 404-405-p (576-578c) and closed at 405-407p (577-578c).

+ or LMLE, LME-Tumover: 15 (2) lots of 10,000 months high/low 417, 2nal

SOYABEAN MEAL

Nearby prices were steady on weeker currency and a stronger Chicage, how-ever forward postdong were sgain de-pressed by commarcial selling, reports Mulripace.

to get any agreement at all, with France threatening to veto even the 21m tonnes Thailand should easily fill its EEC quota for 1987, with production forecast at 19.37m largest ever. Low prices in 1985 cut 1986 production to 1985 cut 1986 production to about 15.25m tonnes. Exports of taploca pellets and chips to non-EEC countries are becom-Sales: 171 (55) lots of 20 tennes. ing more difficult, however, because of low prices for com-

PHYSICALS — The Londen market opened easier, showed little interest throughout the day, cleaing quist, reports Lawie and Pear, Cleaing prices (buyers): Spot 65.25p (64.75p), Dec 63.50p (63.00p), Jen 63.75p (63.25p). The Kuels Lumpur feb prices (Malay sian cents a kile): R59 Ne 1 222.0 (229.0) and SMR 20 199.0 (eame). FUTURES — Index 661, Dac 645-650, Jan/Merch 655-880, April/Mey 665-670, July/Sept 667-883. The Thai Government is, meanwhile, continuing its efforts to diversify production poorest farmers, who saw item government enterts to the crop's grounds that it benefited comefforts to diversify production
path 120 (3.2p) per kg to excessive dependence on the
Baht 120 (3.2p) per kg to excessive dependence on the
Baht 80 as a result of the postEEC market.

EEC countries at the time of with little success. For many farmers there simply are no

INDICES

REUTERS Nov. 12 Nov. 11 Mith ago Year ago 1615,0 1018.7 - - (Base: September 18 1831=100)

DOW JONES Dow | Nov. | Nov. | M'th | Year Jones 12 | 11 | ago | ago Spot 181,11 120.78 - 120.66 Fut .120,43 119,90; - 120.66 (Base: December 31 1931 = 100)

MAIN PRICE CHANGES

MAIN PHICE CHANGES						
le tonnes unless otherwise stated.						
				ties		
	Nov. 14			L6-		
WETALS	1996	-	ango	tec		
	<u> </u>	-		cer		
ree Market	 81 996/941	1_10	819751295	dra		
SARRIER		:	•	pot		
Sanda Comeda A	LCO11 K	+1.75	2917.8E	MA		
5 mthe	£955.8e	+8.2	2941,20	hav		
6 mthe	£599.5	11.0	2314.5	C01		
3 mths	E528,25	+1.e	£508.25	gai		
Nickel Free Mkt Palladium cz		1	107/107-	les		
r ree miki	S196.40	1.00	8139.75	do		
Platinium oz	. S530 00		KK084-70	cez		
Silver troy oz 3 mths	- 0155/11	4	2150,160	COL		
Silver troy oz	407,00p	+4.2	404.00p	tor		
rin		7	10	set		
free mkt	E4520/55	+30	£3840187	bat		
Tungsten Wolfnum 22.01b.			80.08 834/44	ar3		
Zinc	_12678.5	+2.5	£687	l ov		
3 mths	£860.5		2621 25	the		
producers.	_\##30	J-::	2920	eff		
QILS				en		
Coconut (Phil)	\$360z		8300	211		

Barley Put. Jan. 5111.65 0.10 5110.55 Maire 5143.00 9245.00 Wheat Put. Jan. 5110.60 + 0.10 5109.00 No. 2 Hard Wint. 1

† Unquoted, † Per 75-lb flask, c Canes a pound. * Cotton eutlook, y Nov-Oec, w Oct-Nov. y Dec, a Feb-March, z Dec-

COFFEE

New Yerk etged en impreseive recovery last night as ârezil decided to
halve the ameunt of coffee available
ler Occember, reports Oraxel Gamham
Lambert, Londen fellowed suit and recovered es mach as 236 from Wadnesten was evident but leund good trade
haying and commission house short
covering. With New York galesty ateady
in the etterneon Londee closed amend
the highs of hite day in moderate
volume.

COFFEE	'Yesterday	+ or	Business Done
	-	-	
Mras	2230-2240	-90.0	0035.5005
	2170-8176		
	2062-2085		
Man	2070-2080	1475	9003-9046
Tester	2095-2100	150.0	2005 2010
Carle	8095-2110	T40.5	2000-2000
Non-	2070-2100	118.0	
400	POLOTER	F-0-0	
Seles: 5.	482 (8,196)	lots o	f 5 tonnes.
	cator price		
nound) for	November	12. C	none daily
1070 151 0	4 (154,79);	45 de	ompi dany
158,26 (16	4 (104,10),	15-01	A Anteleda

At the end of an uninapiring day fotures clessed marginally lower than the pravious evening having been restricted to a ELZ trading range. Some light consumer offitaks was even, producers hewever remained uninersyted at current values, reports Gill and

1486.1486 4.0 1498.1482 th 1519.1680 -1.0 1628.1618 1640.1541 -5.0 1542.1588 1569.1660 -7.0 1570.1686 1069.1985 -5.0 1897.1588 1511.1618 -6.0 1897.1681 1641.1649 -6.0 1847.1648 Sales: 2,348 (3,079) lots of 10 tonnes. ICCO indicator prices (US cents per poend). Daily price for November 12, 92,77 (91.42); five-day everage for November 13, 61.94 (91.78).

POTATOES

Month Vosterday's Provious Business close close

A weaker Outch barket combined with a falling physical merket resalted in London basis April 50p tower en the opening, with good sepport coming at the £55.00 level. With Helland closing at 30.5 DFL London broke through the 156 level where atop loss sellers were seen but the market leand good sapport 154 moovering 50p belere cleaning on a week note, reports Colsy and Harper. Cales: 1,067 (981) lots of 40 tonnes.

(£38419-39114 GRAINS

Wheat end barley markets reflected extremely quiet country trade, Irectionally steadying on wheat, while barlay lound shipper salling interest. New crops were firmer on shipper buy-WHEAT BARLEY

ciose — - 108.85 +0.16 +0.19 111.65 -0.18 +0.25 118.76 +0.05 +0.80 124.75 +0.05 +0.16 +0.16 +0.15

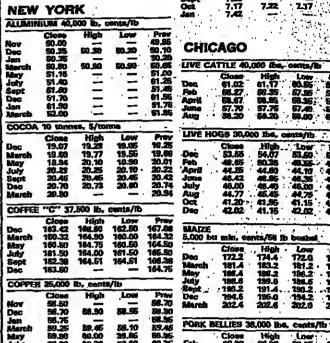
LONDON GRAINS—Wheet: Us derk northern epring Ne 1 15 per cent Nov 106.25, Dec 107.25, U6 No 2 seft red winzer Nov 111.75, Osc 113.00, French 111-12 per cent Nov 140.50. English feed fob Nov 111.50/112.00, Dec 113.00/113.50, Jen 116.00-115.50, Feb 116.00-115.60 buyer/sellers, March 117.00 asiler, Jen/March 115.00-115.50 buyer-sellers, Jen/Jens 147.55 ellers Actilities ler, Jen/March 116.00-115.50 buyer-cellers. Jen/Jane 117.25 celler. April/June 118.25/116.75 sast coast. Mistre US No. 3 yallow/French transshipment cest coast Nov 143.50. Barley: English feed fob Nov 112.50 seller, Scottish Oec 116.00 celler, English 115.00, English/Scottish Jan/Merch 118.00/115.50 buyer/asilers, English/Scottish Jan/March 117.50 seller, English Jen/June 117.50 seller English. Rest uncuteted.

HGCA — Locational ex-ferm epot prices: Feed Berley: S. West 111.20; W. Midlende 107.40; N. West 107.70. The UK monetary coefficient for the week beginning Mondey November 18, is expected to change to 1.232.

Cash prices for pigmest fell elightly lower though physical pork prices showed seme alga of recovery today. Cattle prices were untraded, reports Eastern Capitel CCST.

US MARKETS COFFEE AGAIN attracted much of the interest in New York, with Wednesday's late improvement built upon

improvement built upon slightly at the opening following steady support from London in the merning, reports Heinold Commodities. December values climbed to a high of 168.50 cents per pound, with scattered and local interest the main and local indexes the support, albeit in thin conditions. However, a lack of follow-through in view of continued nervousness about nued nervousness about amours of Brasilian intenons—or non-intentions—to tender longs as well as stiff chinical resistance at 170 onts made for a late and caus made for a late and camatic sell-off, as fund sellig was reported to hit a srket which appeared to
arket appeared t ave the market 2.66 cents own on the day at 163.42 nts. In Chicago the seyabean ents. In Chicago the seyabean pariact maintained its firm me of previous weeks, stiling at 5.04 cents perushell in the leading January delivery. Uncertainty wer weather conditions in their possible fects on harvesting a positive mood meaning physical and specular



Prev 56.70 58.90 58.96 59.96 59.96 60.36 60.36 61.26 61.76 62.00 62.00 62.00 61.80 61.80 62.00 62.00 82.30 62.30 CRUDE OIL (LIGHT) 42,000 US gallone, \$/barrel | Latest | High | Low | 15.80 | 75.82 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 | 15.30 GOLD 100 troy oz, \$/troy oz Prov March 498.2 May 409.4 July Close 408.5 409.6 High Low 410.8 407.2 412.0 412.0 757.2 150.6 1h
757.2 412.7 416.9 419.2 422.6 426.1 429.8 433.9 410.6 415.2 417.3 424.1 530.1 484.1 442.3

442.4 HEATING OIL 42,000 US gallone, cents/US gallone Letest High Low P Dec Jan Feb March April Rasy June July 46.60 46.65 44.60 56.70 47.05 47.25 46.30 46.50 42.50 42.90 42.50 42.40 42.60 42.60 44.40 45.10 43.55 42.15 47.16 40.70 42.60

SPOT PRICES—Chicago toose lard 13.50 (14.00) cents per pound. Hendy sed Harman silver ballon 680.00 (672.00) cents per troy sance.

98.30, Seina: Níl. Pige: Nov 101.50, Feb 98.20, April 97.50, Jene 67.00. Sales: 11. MEAT COMMISSION — Average letatock prices at representative markets: GB—Cattle 93.89p por kg hv (-0.16); GB—Sheep 166.24p per kg est dow (+3.73); GB—Pigs 79.27p per kg hv

SUGAR

LONDON DAILY PRICE — Raw augar \$153.00 (£108.00), ap \$2.60 a tonne ler Nov/Oec delivery. Whita augar \$183.00, ap \$2.00.

7 44.8 142.0 368.9 154.6 154.4 1554.4 156.4 156.5 156.5 154.6 156.5 154.6 156.5 156. Sales: 2,183 (2,482) fots of 50 to Tate and Lyle dallwary pric granulated basis sugar was 2 (220,50) a tonce for export. (22.8.50) a tonce for asport.
International Sugar Agreement—(US carns per pound feb and atowed Caribbean ports). Prices for November 12 Oaily price 5.00 (.01 15-day average 5.93 (5.92).
PARIS—(FFr per tonna): Dec 1195-1210, March 1242-1246, May 1265-1275, Aug 1300-1315, Oct 1335-1345, Occ 1370-1390.

FREIGHT FUTURES Quietly sasier in thin trading. No fresh physical news.

| Close | High/Low | Prev. 8201875 779.0 Tumover: 54 (141),

Close High/Lowi Prev.

915 Nov. Dec. Mar. June ETI. <u>--</u>

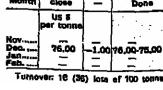
FUTURES—Live cettle: Nov 95.00, Feb OIL

Forward Brest gained 10 to 20 cents in thin trade. December W11 opened 15 cents down on Nymes and traded 12 cents to 1.30 pm EST. In the perroleum products merket geseline and repoths were quiet and steedy with no deel seen as tradess ewaited tomorrow's Open meeting. Promp gesolf was little talked and renained etable—Patroleum Argus, Londos.

Latest CRUCE CIL—FOB (\$ per barrel)—Dec.

GAS OIL FUTURES

US 5 + 1.25 131,00-28.80 + 1.25 134,00-31,00 + 1.06 135,50-52,80 - 0.26 129,50-28.60 + 8.00 129,50-27,00 Tumover: 2,268 (1,877)





peting carbohydrates.

HEAVY FUEL OIL

Financial Times Friday November 14 1986

CURRENCIES, MONEY & CAPITAL MARKETS

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

The state of the s

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Market Ma

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48 - 1 (A > \$18

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an: 211111

3.30 S. W. L. W. C.

CHICAGO

Dollar continues weaker trend

THE DOLLAR continued its weaker trend of the last few trading days, reflecting continued rejuctance to hold long dollar positions ahead of today's (Friday) batch of US economic data. These include the report for retail sales in October, widely forecast to show a fall of as much as 4 per cent, and sluggish industrial production.

The dollar broke under a key chart support level at DM 202 and then slid further to breach another important level at DM 20180. But it found strong support in late trading also by nerves ahead of the meeting of s key committee of the unchanged at Y229.25.

JAPANESE YEN—Trading range or in 1986 is 222.70 to 182.35. October average 158.36.

Dealers said there was also bear covering on fears of central bank intervention boosted the dollar during the after commoots made by Mr David Mulford. US assistant Treasury Secretary, that a further rapid rise in the yen or finished unchanged at Y229.25.

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Short covering on fears of central bank intervention boosted the dollar during the after commoots made by Mr David Mulford. US assistant Treasury Secretary, that a further rapid rise in the yen could be countered to 1880 and the pen of the meeting of the me

found strong support in late trading just above DM 200.

reported some very large institutional orders to sell dollars in Europe, the Far East and the Middle East.

Signs that West Germany may be tightening credit conditions also contributed to the weakness of the dollar. Dealers cited the higher 440 per cent rate on the Bundesbank's securities repurchase tender this week as evidence that West Germao interest rates may now be set on a rising trend.

The dollar closed lower at DM 2.01 compared with the close on Wednesday at DM 2.0225 but held up well against the yen to close at Y160.60 from the previous close at Y160.60. Elsewhere, the dollar closed lower at SPr 1.6885 from SPr 1.6785 and st FFr 6.5775 from FFr 6.6150.

STERLING—Trading range against the dollar in 1986 is 1.5555 to 1.2760. October average 1.4270. Exchange rate index 68.2 against an opening 68.5 and Wednesday's an opening 68.5 and weanesday's close at 68.5. The six months ago figure was 76.1. The pound continued this week's weak performance, under-

Nov 13	Latest	Previous Close
Spot	1.4250-1.4260	1.4240-1.4250
1 month	0.56-0.53 pm	0.60-0.59 pm
3 months	1.79-1.74 pm	1.86-1.83 pm
2 months	6.35-6.25 pm	6.40-6.32 pm

STERLING INDEX

		Nov. 13	Previous
8.30 9.00 10.06 11.00 None 1.00 2.00 3.00 4.00	pm pm	68.5 68.2 68.0 68.1 68.1 68.1 68.1 68.1	68.9 68.6 68.4 68.5 68.4 68.4 68.4 68.4

CURRENCY RATES

Nov. 12	Bank	Drawing	Correcty
	state	Rights	Unit.
Sterling	8	0.845419 1.20134 17.0879 50.4923 9.15962 2.42911 2.74386 7.95527 N/A 152.515 9.00284 1.63.262 8.35292 2.201705 186.326 N/A	0.726494 1.03002 1.42621 14.6716 43.3073 7.85650 2.08374 2.15329 6.62081 1.442.80 1.165.536 7.72263 1.40.083 7.16021 1.72392 1.42.832 0.764679

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS							
November 13	Bank of England Index	Morge Getyran Changes					
Scerling	68.2 111.0 77.5 133.1	+21 +21 -12/					

1975-100).									
OTHER CURRENCIES									
Nov. 23	£	*							
Argentics — Australia — Brezii — Finland — Grecot — Hoog Kong — Iran — Kowait —	16150-16225 21965-22005 19.89-20.01 7.0110-7.0230 19559-199.03 11.0610-11.0715 110.30*	1.1380-1.1420 1.5495-1.5510 14.02-14.09 4.9410-4.9430 137.64-139.96 7.7975-7.7995 77.50° 0.29280-0.29300 41.95-42.05							
Mateysia	59.85-59.95 3.7110-3.7165	26150-26170							

MONEY MARKETS

London rates up as pound falls

figure bowver as its introduction coincides with a maturing facil-

ity of Fl 2.1bn.

INTEREST RATES rose in Lon- The Bank revised its forecast interbank money was enterting's weaker trend. Three-month interbank money was quoted at 11%-11% per cent up from 11%-11% per cent as the market showed concern that sterling's weaker trend could force the anthorities to push clearing hank base rates firmer. Overnight interbank money opened at 9%-9% per cent and eased during the day to a low of 6 eased during the day to a low of 6

UK clearing bank base lending rate 11 per cent since October 15

per cent before finishing at 7 per

The Bank of England forecast The Bank of England forecast a shortage of around £200m with factors affecting the market including maturing assistance and a take up of Treasury bills together draining £396m and a rise in the note circulation a further £35m In addition banks including maturing assistance and a take up of Treasury bills together draining £396m and a rise in the note circulation a further £35m. In addition banks brought forward balances £25m brought forward balances £25m below target. These were partly offset by Exchequer transactions which added £255m.

Despite the new allocation there was a feeling that the authorities were trying to tighten their grip on money market conditions. An increase in the rate of the latest special facility and an allocation which was less than expected tended to unsettle the market.

afternoon session, helped by a further fall in official unemployment figures and a rise in manufacturing output in figures reported yesterday.

This week's fall in sterling has revived speculation of a further rise in British base lending rates which aided the pound in late

Sterling closed lower at DM 2.8650 compared with Wednesday's close at DM 2.8850 and also lost ground against the dollar to close at \$1.4255 after \$1.4270.

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES

	Ecu central rates	Actioness against Eco November 13	% change from central rate	% change adjusted for divergence	Divergence
ish Franc	43.1139	43,3073	+0.45	+1.09	± 1.5368
	7.81701	7-85650	+0.51	+1.15	± 1.6403
	2.11083	2.08374	-1.28	-0.64	± 1.1127
	6.87316	6.82081	-0.76	-0.12	= 1.3659
	2.37833	2.35329	-1.05	-0.41	± 1.5059
	0.764976	0.764679	-0.04	+60	± 1.6683
	1476.95	1442.80	-2.31	-1.97	± 4.0734

recovery trading remained oer-vous ahead of today's US economic

D-MARK—Trading range against the dellar in 1986 is 2.4719 to 1.9749. October average 2.0038.

In Lagos the Nigeran Naira rose against the dollar to 3.52 naira compared with 3.62 previously.

POUND SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST THE POUND

Nov. 13	Day's spread			% p.a.	Three worths	% p.a.
US	1.4155-1.4260	1.4250-1.4260	0.58-0.55¢ pm	4.76	1.82-1.77 pm	5.04
Canada	1.9610-1.9750	1.9740-1.9750	0.44-0.34c pm	2.37	1.38-1.23 pm	244
Netherlands .	3.234-3.2512	3.234-3.244	11-11-c pe	5.33	44-44 pm	5.64
Belgion	59.60-59.88	59.85-59.95	21-16c pm	3.77	62-53 pm	3.84
Denntark	10.815-10.86%	10.834-10.844	14-hore pm	0.97	25-14 pm	0.78
Ireland	1.0514-1.0571	1.0535-1.0545	0.16-0.28p dis	-2.50	0.44-0.85 ds	-2.54
W. Cormany .	2.86-2.893	2.86-2.87	Is-15of one	6.29	44-432 001	6.46
Portugel	211 30 213.04	212.18-213.04		-5.63	230-360 db	-5.35
Spalm	192.80-193.66	193.38-193.66	12-50c dia	-1.92	39-130 de	-1.75
Haly	19024-19964	19854-19864	3-per lire per	0.91	5-2 pm	212
Morway	10.6312-10.71	10.70-10.71	24-31-ore dis	-3.43	91-101- dis	-1.89
France	9.37-9.42%	9.37-9.38		3.04	74-63-00	2.91
Sweden	9.854-9.894	9.88-9.89	13-112 are pre	2.05	614-55mm	2.40
Jeces	2281-2291	7284-2294	13-11-y pm	6.54	37-35 pm	6.54
Agstria	20.19-20.31	20,28-20,30	10-61-910 pm	5.54	254-25 pm	5.34
Switzerland _	2374-2394	2.374-2.384	15-13 c am	7.57	45-45 pm	7.15
Belgian rate is	for convertible fo	ancs. Financial fra		Six-mont	t forward dollar 3	1.52-3.47 €

DOLLAR	SPOT-F	DRWARD A	AGAINST TH	Æ DO	DLLAR	
Nov. 13	Day's spread	Clase	One month	% pa	Three months	*
UK†	14155-14260	1.4250-1.4260	0.58-0.55c pm		1.82-1.77 pm	
reheady	1.3411-1.3555		0.98-0.88c pag	8.28	2.75-2.50 pm	7,29
Canada	13823-13850	1.3840-1.3850	0.26-0.29c dis	-239	0.81-0.86 des	-242
Metherlands .	2,2700-2,2960	2.2700-2.2710	0.11-0.09c por	0.53	0.34-0.30	0.56
Belging	41.95-42.28	41.95-42.05	3-5c tis	-1.14	11-15 dis	-1.24
Demmark	7.60-7.66%		1.85-2.35ore dis	-3.31	7.00-7.50 dis	-3.80
W. Germany	2,0070-2,0330				0.70-0.65 pm	1.34
Portegal	149-149-					-10.45
Spain	135.61-136.30					6.32
taly	1392 14064					
lorway	7.48-7.513				16.25-16.55ds	-8.75
rance	657-665					-260
aeden	6.934-6.974		1.45-1.65 ore die			-2.59
(1874)	160.40-162.00	160.80-160.90		-1.68	0.60-0.55 pm	1.43
ustria		14154-14154	1.20-0.70gru pat	0.80	200-0-00	
witzerland -	25660 1.6825	1.6600-1.6690	0.44-0.39 c pm	2.97	0.93-0.86	-236

9 UK hin' trebuck are quoted in the currency. Forward prevalence and discounts apply to the US data

7 UK hin' trebuck are quoted in the currency. Forward prevalence and discounts apply to the US data

7 UK hin' trebuck are quoted in the currency.

Nov. 13	Short term	7 Days'	Que Month	Taree Months	Stx Months	Year
Starting U.S. Destar Can. Dollar O. Gedder Sw. Franc Destachmank Fr. Franc testian Lire B. Fr. (Flo.) Yen D. Krone Agles (Siny.)	94-94 53-6 8-82 54-54 13-14 7-74 9-10 9-74 64-74 133-38 9-97 9-94	94.9% 52.6% 8.92 53.5% 41.4% 7-7% 7-7% 7-7% 9-10 6-6%	94-107 512-66 84-84 54-54 3-34 42-45 8-54 104-104 74-75 7-75 7-75 44-44 94-104 6-64	112-113 512-64 84-82 54-52 34-51 67-61 82-84 107-107 73-74 45-41 10-107 6-64	114-114 528-64 64-83 54-54 45-44 82-84 104-104 74-74 45-44 10-104 6-64	114-114 64-64 64-64 64-64 54-64 83-85 107-104 74-74 43-44 107-74 43-44 107-74 43-44 64-64

er cont, five years 77,81g per cent nominal. Shart-term rates are call (or US Dollars and Japanese en, others, two days' notice. XCHANGE CROSS RATES										
Nov 33	£	s	D94	YEN	F Fr.	S Fr.	H FL	Lin	C S	B Fr.
£	1 0.702	1.427	2.865 2.010	229.3 160.9	9375 6578	2.378 1.669	3.238 2.271	1986. 1393.	1.975 1.385	59.90 42.00
OM YEN	0.349	0.498 6.218	12.50	80.02 1000	3.272 40.89	0.650 10.37	1.130 14.12	693.1 8662	0.689 8.613	20.91 261.3
F Fr. S Fr.	1.067	1.521	3.056 1.205	244.5 %.42	10 3.943	2,536 1	3.453 1.362	Z118. 835.2	2.106 0.830	65.89 25.19
K FL Lika	0.309	0.440	0.885	70.80 115.4	2.8% 4.721	0.734 1.197	1,430	613.4 1000	0.670	18.50 30.16
C S	0.506	0.722	1.451	116.1	4.748	1.204 3.967	1.640	1006. 3315.	3.296	30.34 100

Yen per 1,000: French Fr per 10: Lira per 1,000; Belgian Fr per 100.

RENCY FUTURES -S (FOREIGN EXCHANGE) ERLING Se per £ Close High Low Prev LAISO 14190 14115 14160 14000 14025 12946 13985 13870 13870 13810 13830 STERLING 575,080 \$ per 5 Close High Low Pres 1A167 1A155 1A110 1A215 1.3990 — 1A0A2 1.3832 — 1.3885 Nar. 13990 - 1A0
Jone 13802 - 138
Estimated volume 74 (25)
Previous day's open int 1,609 (1,611)

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING (1)L00 a.m. Nov.137 3 months U.S. dollars

EW YORK processino) size rate other team rate de funds formes formes at lettervencie	7½ Te	e caombi re crossib ree month crossib e year	5	51 Five y 51 Seven 53 10 years	Bonds year year	6.7 6.8 7.1 7.3
Nov. 13	Oversight	One Moata	Two Months	Three Mouths	Şix Norths	Louisard
pricipat	4.40-4.45 72 7-14 53-54 3.84375 104-114 7.50 124-134	4.65-460 714-714 3-34 52-55 434375 103-114 71-74 134-14	4.60-4.75 7273 — — — — —	4,604,75 7,6-7,11 51,-54 4,343,75 11-115, 7,6-7,6 13-144	140-4.75 711-718	5.5 ? - - -

In Amsterdam the Dutch central bank accepted bids of Fl
1.6bn for special advances designed to ease money market liquidity. Funds will have to be repaid on November 21 and carry an interest rate of 5.6 per cent. The net amount of new money is below the allocation floure bowver as its introduction.

LONDON MC!

Now. 15

Now. 1 103-104 103-104 115-104 11 104-11 104-11 104-11 111-600-5-92 64-6 7-7-7-91,92 104-104

Transury Bills (sell); one-month 10% per cent; three-months 10% per cent; Bark Bills (sell); one-month 10% per cent; three months 10% per cent; Treasury Bills; Average tender rate of discount 10.5600 p.c. ECGO Fixed Finance Scheme IV reference date October 8 to 31 (inclusive); 11.237 per cent. Local Authority and Finance Houses seven days' notice, others seven days' fuses. Finance Houses Base Rate 11 per cent from November 1, 1986: Bark Deposit Rates for sums at seven days' notice 4.35-4.375 per cent. Certificates of Tax Deposit Gerles 61; Deposit £100,000 and over held onder one month 10% per cent; one-three months 11% per cent; three-six matrits 11% per cent; six-nine months 11% per cent; inte-12 months 11% per cent; Under £100,000 10% per cent from October 16. Deposits beld under Series 5 10% per cent. Deposits withdrawn for cash 5½ per cent.

FINANCIAL FUTURES

Heavy selling unnerves gilts

GILT PRICES finished sharply lower on the London International Antumn Statement last Thursday by Financial Futures Exchange yesterday. Dealers and senior analysts reported what they termed panic selling during the morning as the December long gilt futures contract broke through a significant chart street of the street of the deterioration in the balance of the deterioration in the deterioration in the balance of the deteri support level at 108-10 to a low of next year. 107-10, an all-time low for this con-

By the end of the session, the contract had pared some of its losses to end at 107-26. The selling reflected further price fails in the gilt-edged cash market in response to sterlings weakness yesterday.

Gilts have recorded successive productive to Japan's economic growth. The US unit closed at Y161.65 from Y160.35 in New York and Y261.80 in Tokyo on Wednesday. Earlier in the day it had slip-ped below Y160.0. Despite the

LIFFE LONG GILT FUTURES OFTIONS

10% NOTIONAL SHORT BUT \$180,806 GAILL of 108%

Clase High 93,94 93,95 93,97 93,97 93,88 93,88 93,65 91,65 93,31 93,32 92,93 — 92,54 — 92,17

88.55 88.91 89.19 89.12 89.12 89.10 86.73

91.93 91.95 91.86 91.86 91.83

sharp rise to inflation by the end of

The Exchange reported record turnover in long gilt futures with 23,600 contracts changing hands during the session. This is 22 per cent higher than the previous record for volume of 19,230 on September 25.

LIFFE US TREASURY SONO FUTURES OFTIONS

futures and options to bedge their positions, especially in the early days of the newly-structured mar-

Around 2,800 options in long gits also changed hands. Total volume in long gits was valued at

Dec. 0.45 0.86 1.52 2.47 3.73 5.31 7.17 9.25 Strike Price 15500 15750 16000 16250 16500 16790 17000 17250 0.06 0.27 0.89 2.13 4.00 6.27 8.71 Strike Price 135 140 145 150 155 165 0.53 2.01 4.99 9.19 0.45 1.50 3.40 6.25 4.60 9.20 0.94 0.69 0.46 0.25 0.10 0.03 0.00 0.00 0.00 110 050 1155 LONDON CHICAGO Gose High Low F 107-25 107-30 107-10 10 107-31 108-01 107-24 10 107-32 — 10 107-32 — 10 107-35 (17,887) Guy's open int. 17,360 (18,085).

Prev. 96-31 96-01 95-03 94-05 93-09 92-16 91-24 0.6216 0.6238 0.6255 High 0.6234 0.6252 92-26 92-27 90-IB U.S. TREASURY MILLS (IMM) Sim points of 100% 93.95 93.96 93.86 93.63 93.29 92.91 92.52 92.14 15gh 93.95 93.98 93.89 93.65 93.30 92.54 92.54 Prev. 88.75 89.06 89.30 89.23 88.93 88.93

Mr Michael Jenkins, chief executive of LIFFE, said that the record volumes reflected the growing use by primary dealers in the glit-edged cash market of the control of the

Mr Jenkins also noted that mar

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Appointments

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years dealing experience in Australian domestic fixed income securities for its City based office. Technical proficiency in trading Australian Treesury Bonds, Semi-Government fixed income Securities and corresponding futures and Proven record of close dealing relationships with institutions in these markets necessary, incumbert will be responsible for development of institutional and retail client business in Australian domestic interest rates and will liaise closely with fixed income desk in Sydney and New York international arbitrage

Age 35-40 salary commensurate with experience.

Please send full career resume to Box A0335, Financial Times,

WORLD VALUE OF THE DOLLAR BANK OF AMERICA GLOBAL TRADING ECONOMICS DEPT., LONDON

The table below gives the rates of exchange for the U.S. dollar against various currencies as of Wednesday, November 12, 1986. The exchange rates listed are middle rates between having and selling rates as quoted between banks, unless otherwise indicated. All currencies are quoted in foreign currency units per one U.S. dollar except (a certain specified areas. All rates quoted are indicative. They are not based on, and are not intended to be used as a basis for,

Eurodolfar Libor as of November 12, at 11.00 a.m. 3 months: 61_8 6 months: 61_8

CURRENCY

ECU=\$U\$1.02823 SDR1=\$U\$1.20059 Sibor as of November 12, at 11.00 a.m.

VALUE DF DOLLAR

1	Algiranistan	Arghant (a)	20,00	Gibralta	Poura*	143	Papua New Guines	Kina	0.9747
1	Alberia	Lek Ohar	7.0629	Greece	Drachesa	138.95	Paraguay	(Guarani (o.c.) (4)	320.00
_]	Algeria	(French Franc	6.628	Greenland	Danish Krone E. Caribbean S	7.65 2.70		(d)	639.50
- 1	Accorra	Soundsh Peseta	136.10	Guadaloupe		5.628	Pero	(inti (o)	13.95
٠,	Augoba	Kwanza	29,918		Franc U.S. \$	1.00			20.44
4		E. Caribbean S	2.70	Guarn		1.00	Philippines	Peso	
-1	Antiges		114	Gustemala	Quetzai (n. 0		Pitcalen Islands	N.Z. Dollar	1.9298
1	Argentina	Austral Florin	1.80	e 1 - Pi	(Cineral (II, D	2.66	Poland	Zioty (a)	199.59
- }	Australia	Dollar	1.351B	Coinea Bissau	Peso (Franc	170.479 340.00	Partugal	Escudo U.S. S	149.13
	Austria	Schilling	14.278		(Franc (f)	300.00			1.00
3	Azores	Portuguese Escudo	149.13	Geyana	Dollar (p	4,3061	Qatar	Riyal	3.641
				Halt)	Source	5.00	Reunion Isle de la	French Franc	6.628
- 1	Sakarras	Dollar	. 1.00			2.00	Romania	(Lea (a)	4.37
- 1	Bahrain	Dinar	0.3769	Hondwas Republic	Lempira	210		(Leu (c)	10.75
- 1	Balearic Istands	Spanish Peseta	136.10		Lempira (d)		Ruranda	Franc '	85.55
	Barcheriesi	Take	30.30	Hoog Kong	Forint (3)	7.803 47.386	St. Christopher	E. Caribbean S	2.70
	Bartusios	Dollar	2.0113	Hungary	Krona	47.300	St. Kelena	Pound"	1.43
	Belgium	Franc (c)	42.60 42.86	India	Rupee	40.66 13.08	St. Lucia	E. Caribbean S	2.70
-		(Franc (f)		(ndonesia	Rupian	1644.00	St. Pierre	French Franc	6.628
	Belize	Dollar	2.00		Rial (e)		St. Vincent	E. Caribbean S	2.70
_	Besia	C.F.A. Franc	331.40	(ren	Dinar	76.8792 0.3109	Samon (Western)	Tala	2 24
	Germoda	Dollar	1.00	Iraq	Punt"	0.5109	Samoa (US)	USS	2.24 1.00
	Shertan	Ngultrum	15.08	Irish Republic		1.344	San Marino	Isalian Lira	1402.00
	Bolivia	Peso (o)	1912000.00	157361	Lira Smerce	1402.00	São Tomé & Principe OR	Dobra	37.69
		Paso (f)	1923000.00	Januaica	Dellar (o)	5.48	Saudi Arabia	Rival	3.751
-		Pula	1.8843	January	Yes	161.35	Secegal	Riyal C.F.A. Franc	331.40
_	Brazil	Cruzado (a)	14.055	Jepsa	Dinar.	0.323	Seychelles	Rupee	6.0258
	Brimei	Dollar	2.19	Kampuchea	Riel		Sierra Leone	Leone	30.00
	Beigaria	Lev	0.915	Kenya	Shililad	n.a. 15.9964	Singapore	Dollar	219
9	Surking Fago	C.F.A. Franc	331.40 7.087	Kiribati	Australiae Dollar	1.5518	Singapore	Dollar	1,9048
	Burme	Keat	302.20	Korea (North)	Woo	0.94	Somali Republic	Skilling	36.00
•	Burondi	Franc .		Korea (South)	Woo	868.90		(Rand (f)	4,4346
	Carnerous Rp	C.F.A. Franc	331.40	Kewait	Dicar	0.2934	South Africa	Rand (c)	2.2548
	Caracta	Dollar	1.385	Lacs Piles O Rep.	Kip	35.00	Spain	Pesets	136.10
	Canary Islands	Spanish Peseta	136.10	Laborer U roop.	Pound	52.65	Special ports in		
-	Cape Verde Islands	Escucio	89.2698	Lebanon	Majoti	2.2548	North Africa	Sounish Peseta	136.10
	Cayman Islands	Dollar	0.835	Liberia	Dollar	1.00	Sri Lanku	Rupee	28.45
L	Central Africa Rep	C.F.A. Franc	331.40	Libva	Olmar	0.3204		(Pound (a)	2.45
2	Clad	C.F.A. Franc	331.40 201.00	Liechtenstein	Swiss Franc	1.681	Sudan Republic	Pound (k)	2.93
L	Calls	Peso (o)		Luxenbourg	Luxembourg Franc	42.60		Pound (f)	4.00
3	China	Returninal Yusa	3.722	Macao	Pataca Pataca	8.1091	Surinam	Guilder	1.785
•	Colombia	Peso (a)	211.50 331.40	Madagascar Dem. Rep	Franc	746.909	Swaziland	Litargeni	2,2548
3	Compo People's Rep. of .	C.F.A. Franc	331.40	Marieira	Portuguese Escudo	149.13	Sweden	Krona	6.947
-			57.93	Madeira	Kwincha	1,9932	Switzerland	Franc	1.683.
	Costa Rice	Colon		Majaysia	Ringelt.	2612	Syria	Pound (a)	3,925
1	Cose d'Ivotre	C.F.A. Franc	331.40	Makive Islands	Rufiyaa	7.00		Dollar (c)	***
-	Cuba	Pess	0.7999	Mail Republic	C.F.A. Franc	331.40	Talwan	Shilting	36.41
	Cyprus	Pound*	1.9146	Maira	Lira*	2.642	Tanzania		47.57
	Czechoslovakia	Korana (a)	5.75	Martinique	Franc	6.628	Theiland	Baht	26.24
	Denmark	Krone	7.65	Martenda	Osgulya	74.80	Togo Republic	C.F.A. Franc	331.40
	Diffbout! Rep. of	Franc	177.00			13,303	Tonge Islands	Pa'ange	1.5578
	Deminica	E. Caribbean 5	2.70	Mauritius	Rupee	839.50	Trigidad & Tobego	Dollar	2.409
į			3.05	Mexico	Peso (d)			Dollar (h)	3.60
	Dominican Republic	Pero (d)	3.03		l Peso (e)	824.90	Tunisia	Dinar	0.861
_ [(Suzre (d)	144.45	Miquelon	French Franc	6.628	Turkey	Lira	749.65
-			146.50	Moreco	French Franc	5.628	Turks & Cascos Islands	US S	1.00
		Sucre (f) f Pound (o)	0.70	Mongolia	Tugrik (e)	3.3555	Tuvalu	Australian Dollar	1,5518
J		Pound (b)	2.36	Montserrat	E. Caribbean \$	2.70	Uganda	Shitting (1)	1410.40
-1			2.50	Morocco	Oirhens	8.64	United Arab Emirates	Dirham	
		Colon	5.00	Mozembiove	Metical	40.165	United Kingdom	Pound Sterling*	3.673 1.43
- 1		Colon (d)		Narpible	S. A. Rand	2.2548	Ollice onknown seems		
٠I	Equatorial Guinea	C.F.A. Franc	331.40	Naura (dands	Australian Dollar	1.5518	Uruguay	Peso (m)	1,71.50
	Ethiopia	Birr (a)	2.0699	Neord	Ruper	20.50	USSR	Rouble	0.6859
į	Faeros Islands	Danish Krone	7.65	Netherlands	Guilder	2.291	Vantatu	Vatu (6)	118.276
- 1	Falkland Islands	Pound	1.43			1.80	Valleag	Lira	1402.00
1	FIJ	Dellar	1.1601	Netherlands Antilles	Guilder			(Bolivar (o)	7.50
3			4.94	New Zealand	Dollar	1.9298	Venezuela	Bolivar (g) (1)	7.50
1	Florand	Martia	6.628		Cordoba	900.00		Bolivar (d)	25.60
1	France	Franc		Nickragus	Cordoba Lo)	70.00	Vietnam		
3	Frenck C'ty le Africa	C.F.A. Franc	331.40		(Cordoba (d)	1,500.00	Marie februaria (C. 1117)	Dong	11.8692
1	Freech Guiana	Franc	6.628	Nimer Republic	C.F.A. Franc	331.40	Virgio (stands (British)	US \$	1.00
3	French Pacific Islands	C.F.P. Franc	120.509	Nigeria	(Natra (d) (5)	3,6181	Virgin (stands (US)	US \$	1.00
3	Gabon	C.F.A. Franc	331.40	Rigeria	(Maira (n) (5)	21441	Yemen	(Cla)	10.50
j	Cambia	Datasi	7.58	Norwey	Krone	7,472	Yemen PDR	Dinar	0.343
1	Gambia Germany (East)		2.027				Viumelania	Dinar	430.52
	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF	Ostenark (o)	2.027	Oman Sultanate of		0.385	Zaire Republic	Zaire	65.512
- 1	Germany (West)			Paldstan	Rupee	17.258	Zamila		
.	Ghana	(Cest (2)	148.00	P202/12	Baihoa	1.00	Zambla	Kwacha	12.2249
: 1		Certi (n)	90.00	4 644444		1.00	Zimbabwe	Dollar	1,7007

a.z. Not available. (m) Market rate "U.S. dotturs per National Currency unit. (a) Fr (c) Commercial rate. (d) Freenuricet. (e) Controlled. (f) Financial rate. (g) Preferential rates. (h) Non essential (k) Agricultural products. (i) Priority Rate. (n) Essential imports. (ii) Venezueta: For debts incurred prior to Februroduced. (3) Nungary, 23 Sep 86: Forint devalued by approx. 9%. (4) Paraguay, 24 Sep 86: Guarani devalued 9stem. (6) Vanuatu, 23 Oct 86: Vetu devalued by approx. 14.1% against SOR. (a) Freemarket central bank. exsential imports. (i) Floating or to February 1983. (2) Sha

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INCUSTRIALS

Financial Times Friday November 14 1986 | 1986 | 142 | Ess. Prop. 184. | 184 | 184 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 188 | 133 | 71 | 185 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 268 +5 | 1015c | 1.2 | 1.9 | 850m+31 | 0355c | 5.5 | 180 | +10 | 035c | 5.5 | 2.6 | 1740 | +22 | 1925c | 3.0 | 11.5 | 393m+4 | 035c | 6 | 19.7 | 912 | +5 | 0450c | 7.9 | 14.2 | 526 | +20 | 0190c | 6 | 11.2 | 光子 医乙基苯氏线 全条机 医光色光色光色光色光色 医克莱克斯氏 医克莱克斯氏管 Vide Cases 10p 268 -2

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(International Edition Page 37)
This service is available to every Company deaft is on Stock Exchanges throughout the United Kingdom for a fee of £875 per annum for each security.

that much better at 835p. GRE put nn 5 at 773p, but Sun Alliance closed a few pence off at 660p, efter

Clearing banks succumbed to the

general malaise. Barclays gave up

A lively session developed

among Breweries. Leading coun-

ters gave ground reflecting ner-vous offerings ahead of the immi-

nent dividend season. Whithread A. Interim figures scheduled for next

Wedneday, eased 5 to 275p, while the liquidation of speculative hull positions left Scottish and Newcas-tle a similar amount cheaper at 212p. In sharp contrast, Regionals

encountered revived support on

take-over prospects. Finemost in this front was Sunderland-based Vanx which spurted 30 for a two-day advance of 45 to 450p as Pleasurama were again mentimed

as possible suitors. Morland also responded to fresh interest and closed 27 higher at 385p.

Buildings lower

Recently-firm leading Building issues succumbed to light profit-taking BPB Industries gave up 14

to 508p, while Redland shed 7 to 394p. The disclosure that Adelaida Steamship bolds a 6.3 per cent stake in the company failed to sustain Blue Circle which drifted back

firmed 4 to 154p, Recent hgh-flyer Helical Bar came back 16 to 436p,

Leading Stores gave ground on revived interest rate uncertainties.

Rumnurs that clearing bank base

lending rates would soon rise to 12 per cent induced nervous selling which left Burton 8 lower at 273p

and Dixon 7 off et 334p. Even Store-house, which reported slightly bet-

ter-than-expected interim profits yesterday, were affected and ended the session 14 down at 310p.

Sears reflected fading takeover

hopes and lost 31/2 at 1281/2p. Secondary issues took on more of an

irregular appearance. Bentalis attracted support in the wake of

Press comment and rose 9 to 141p.

Storehouse down

at 410p.

2294s, and Randfontein, 2834s, all of

which improved by over a point

Kleuf rose 31 more to 583p, as did

encountered sellers for choice and eased a few pence to 694p.

Australian markets were described as "listless" both before

and after the announcement of a

current account deficit in line with general estimates. Investors in

Sydney and Melbourne as well as Sydney and Melbourne as well as London, however, took the opportunity to establish fresh post-tions in Golds with gains of around 15 common to Sens of Gwalia, 353p.

Ontion
*First Declara- Last Account
Dealings thous Dealings Day
Oct 27 Nov 6 Nov 7 Nov 17
Nov 16 Nov 26 Nov 21 Dec 1
Nov 24 Dec 4 Dec 5 Dec 15

The UK securities markets took another tumble yesterday as a list-less performance by the pound in the foreign exchange markets fuelled worries over domestic interest rates. Long gitt futures fell sharply in record trading, and net losses in Government bonds ranged to \(^1\)000 to record at the longer and loss of a full point on record at the longer end. Equities also fell sharply, but closed well above their lowest the lowest lossed will above their lowest lossed will above their lowest lossed well above their lowest lossed los

Both sectors saw increased institutional selling but both also staged a good recovery before the close. The renewed doubts over ster-ling were the prime factor in the ment of the latest statistics on UK ment of the latest statistics on UK employment and earnings levels.
Government bonds opened with losses of up to half e point, and quickly gave further ground as the sellers came in However, there were buyers in the market as well, and a good will towards the close

d a good rally towards the close and a good raily towards the close left prices more or less at their mid-morning levels. The FT Government securities index dipped 0.66 to 81.04. On the London International Financial Futures Exchange CLIFFE), trading in the December
Long Gilt contract, reached a new
record daily total of 23,600, a volume
of £1.18bm compared with the previous record of 19,330 on September vious record of 19,330 on September 24. The contract dipped to 107.10 before closing at 107.26, against Wednesday's closing level of 108.20. The stock market took its lead from gilt-edged, opening sharply down, giving further ground, and then rallying towards the end of the

to close 9 mf at 641p. Suggestims that Tarmac may launch a bid for Bryant Haldings which m Wednes-day received a bid approach from English China Clays, left Tarmac 13 The FT-SE 100 index ended a net 9.9 lower at 16446, after showing a The FT Ordinary index at 1295.7, closed a net 9.4 down.

engish china Clays, left Tarmet 13 down at 448p. Bryant gained 5½ more to 144p. George Wimpey slipped 4 to 194½p and Cestain lost 6 at 513p, but Barratt Developments attracted late buying interest and today's meeting of the Opec pricing committee, failed to develop a trend. London is uncertain about Onec's renewed attempts to raise crude Helical Rar came back 16 to 430p, but Conder attracted speculative support and rose 13 in 151p. Profittaking clipped 12 from F. Copsen at 103p, but Glesson responded to satisfactory annual figures with an improvement of 2 at 340p.

The industrial blue chips were also lacking supporters, although a major Japanese bnuse took the opportunity to buy Glero stock. Insurance stocks resisted the mar-ket trend, with the help of good results from Royal, which disclosed excellent trading figures.

Royals rise

he increased pre-tax profits of £105.7m achieved by Royals in the third quarter proved much better-than-expected—estimates had ranged between £85m and £89m— and the shares advanced strongly to close the session 28 higher on balance at 826p. Royals' performance helped other Composites regain composure after Wednes-day's depression caused by Com-mercial Uninn and General Accident's disappointing quarterly results. CU eased to 206p initially after comment on the figures before rallying well to finish a before rallying well to finish a Around 18m Plessey, changed penny harder at 2700, while GA hands yesterday as analysts retrieved an early fall of 5 to close downgraded profit estimates for

EQUITY GROUPS

& SUB-SECTIONS

Record gilt futures trading as Government bonds and

share prices give further ground the 23.6 per cent Institutions and the uncertain tone was mirrored in both London and the Contriendly to Ocean Transaction

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES										
	Nov.	Nov. Nov. N	Nov.	Nov. year	1986		Since Compliation			
	Nov. 13	Nov. 12	11	10	7	ago	High	Low	High	Low
Government Sets	61.04	81.70	8235	82.58	82.58	82.93	94.51	80.39 (20/1)	127.4 · (9/1/35)	49.28
Fixed Interest	88.46	88.85	88.93	89.04	89.02	88.72	97.68 (7/7)	86.55 123/1	105.4 (28/11/47)	50.53 (3/1/75)
Ordinary 🛡	1,295.7	1,305.1	1,311.7	1,313.3	1,31,7.2	1,081.1	1,425.9	1,094.3	1,425.9 (3.4/86)	49,4 (26/6/40)
Gold Mines ,	328.5	316.6	309.1	304.2	300.1	263.9	357.8 (22/9)	185.7 (18/7)	734.7 (15-2/83)	43.5 (26/10/71)
Ord. Div. Yield	4.51	4.37	4.35	4.35	4.31	4.45		S.E. AC	TIVITY	
Earnings Yld.%(fidl)	10.46	10.09	10.05	9,98	9.954	11.04	In	fices	Nov. 12	Nov. 11
P/E Ratio (net) (*1	11.70	12,13	12.17	12.26	12.29	11.16	Gilt Edged	Bargains	182.3	145.9
SEAQ Bargains (5pm)	27,780	32,691	30,909	34,978	34,411	l –	Equity Bare	pains	356.I 2393.B	299.6 1820.7
Equity Turnover (Em)	_	1184,32	900,78	1,034.96	1,083.04	722.60	5-Day Ave			
Equity Bargains	[-	54,958	46,244	47,949	42,029	23,769	Gijk Édged	Bargains	157.6	147 <i>2</i> 2993
Shares Traded (ml)		456,4	418.4	494.3	515.4	367.5	Equity Sarq	ains 2	316.5 2205.7	2202.4
	10 a.m. 1295,4		a.m. 94.8	Noon 1287.7		p.m. 289.4	2 p.m 1291.	0 1	p,m. 293.2	4 p.m 1293.
Day's High 1295.7. Day's Low 1286.6.										
Basis 100 Govt. Secs 15/10/26, Fixed Int. 1928, Ordinary 1/7/35, Gold Mines 12/9/55, SE Activity 1974 "Nii≈11.23.										

in Charles Baynes, Fisons, reflec

forecast, gave np 9 to 556p. LWT rose 9 to 465p following the good annual results, but Campari

encountered profit-taking in the absence of the strongly-rumoured

Swedish bid for the company and

Motor component manufacturer Lucas Industries moved nearer to

the year's lowest level, closing 7 down at 449p, but Armstrong Equipment recovered a small early

loss to end a net 41/2 higher at 132p.

Turner and Newall's renewed offensive against AE came too late

to affect the latter, unchanged at

John Waddington's cash call for

1224m pet via a proposed rights issue annulled the effects of good interim figures and the price slip-

closed 11 down at 100p.

LONDON REPORT AND LATEST SHARE INDEX: TEL. 01-246 8026

the full year in the wake of the group's interim results; the shares reacted to 178p at one stage before closing 9 down on balance at 180p. Other Electrical leders gave ground with BICC closing 5 off at 267p and British Telecom o few

e off at 197p. pence off at 197p.
Leading Engineers drifted lower in a small volume of trade. Elsewhere in the sector buying interest revived in Hobson which improved 2 to 38½p, but Simon drifted off 7 more to 312p awaiting further developments in the bid situation.

Foods easier

The Food leaders lost ground in the absence of brying interest. Tate and Lyle shed 10 to 584p nn news that the Monopolies Commission's report into the company's proposed bid for S & W Berisford had been delayed, possibly until the New Year. Cadbury Schweppes slipped 4 to 182p and Rowntree Mackintesh softened a couple of pence to 417p. Unigate gave up 5 to 312p, as did Northern Foods, at 277p. Meat Trade Suppliers, a firm market of late on takeover bopes, fell 20 to 140p in the absence of any developments and Dalepak shed 6 to 1530 for the same reason. J. E. England gained 9 to 125p following the interim results and acquisition

proposals.
Grand Metropolitan attracted fresh support amid vague takeover rumours and further traded option activity and the close was 13 higher at 461p. Kennedy Brookes gained 11 to 285p on takeover hopes.

BTR advance

The majority of leading miscellaneous industrials trended lower, able amount of buying interest— 9m shares changed bands yester-day—and closed 10 to the good at

Tues Nov 11

Wed Nov 12

Mon Nov 10

Year ago (approx.)

297p. Bld speculation revived in ped 10 to 205p. Conversely, deman ahead of the preliminary state ment, expected next month, too revival at 225p, up 7. In contrast, Unilever encountered profit-taking at £20¼, down is, after recent firmness on the third-quarter figures. Reed International, 287p, and Reckitt and Colman, 807p, fell 8 epiece. Hanson remained active which raises total billings to near the color of the preliminary statement, expected next month, too which raised paper ap 13 to 243; Cradley Print gained 5 to 76p, while the color of the preliminary statement, expected next month, too which raises print gained 5 to 76p, while the color of the preliminary statement, expected next month, too while print gained 5 to 76p, while the preliminary statement, expected next month, too while print gained 5 to 76p, while the preliminary statement, expected next month, too while print gained 5 to 76p, while the prin ahead of the preliminary state-ment, expected next month, took Associated Paper ap 13 to 243p.
Cradley Print gained 5 to 76p, while
TMD Advertising picked up 3 at
128p nn the award of new business
which raises total billings to near

Land Securities eased to 338p print to closing a penny nff at 342p 3½ cheaper at 206½p. Elsewhere, confirmation of the Rapier conafter revealing interim profits much in line with market estimates. Elsewhere in the Property sector, Frogmore Estates firmed 4 to 220p following property acquisition news, while Grosvenor Square Properties jumped 28 to 123p nn the tract prompted profit-taking in British Aerospace which ran back 11 to 488p. Smith Industries dipped 11 to 263p amid talk of a large line of shares on offer, but Redfearn National Glass responded afresh to the preliminary results with a further gain of 12 at 245p. Well-come, also reflecting satisfactory announcement that the company is in preliminary talks which may lead to an offer. Hampton Trust added a penny to 44½p in reply to the good interim figures, while Hanever Druce gained 15 to 248p yearly figures, improved 6 to 203½p, but lower annual earnings and the passing of the final dividend left High-Point Services 4 following the excellent interim results and proposed placing of convertible shares. cheaper at 165p. Speculative demand prompted a gain nf 9 to 29p

Ron Brierley's IEP (UK) moved a step nearer gaining control nf Ocean Transport through a market raid. Hoare Goveti bought 15.8m shares at a shade under the cash nffer price of 260p per share, raising the IEP (UK) stake to around

Business in Bulmer and Lumb ably Vanl Reefs which settled over suddenly improved ahead of the 2 points to the good at £39½, after interim results, dua nn November 2511/2 Support was also evident for 25, and the close was 8 higher at Southwal, 231/2, Western Deep. Lifp.
Bid approaches were responsible for several sharp improvements in the Investment Trust sector. Early news of a possible offer sent Glasgow Stockhelders up 15 to 328.5—an advance of 24.3 so far this

161p, while a later announcement that Ifincorp, Earl and Co, had made epproeches on behalf of a re corporate cliant with a view to making recommended affers for both Ocean Wilsons and Scottish and Mercantile caused a flurry of interest. Ocean Wilsons rose 12 to 80p and Scottish and Mercantile "A" gained 5 to 98p. Trusts under "A" gained 5 to 550, Frists linder the same management nr associ-eted with the letter also strengthened, Scottish Cities "A" rising in 520p before settling 36 up nn balance at 508p and Lancashire and London jumping 22 to 176p. Among Financials, revived speculative buying pushed NMC Investments np 18 to 198p, but in the absence of fresh support Kellock came back 20 to 240p.

Oils mark time

The oil majors marked time ahead of today's Opec meeting in Ecuador. The Iranian nil minister's statement that overall production cuts were not needed to increase crude prices to around the \$18 per barrel level failed to make any nnticeable impact. The leaders set-tled a shade cheaper in the absecce of any worthwhile huying interest. Elsewhere, Berkeley Exploration settled 2 cheaper at 54p following details of a recom-mended merger with Clyde Pet-roleum to be affected via an all share infer of 11 Clyde shares for 10 Berkeley with a cash alternative of 51.7p per Berkeley share. Clyde

eased 41/2 to 48p.
South African mining markets Sonth African mining markets Burton put on a firm showing for the fifth Cadbay Schools successive trading session. As nn Comm. Union Wednesday, however, the sector's fresh advance was mainly attributable to corrency influences rather than any marked resurgence of international demand. The Financial Rand fared par-ticularly well against the dullar,

NEW HIGHS (115) AMERICANS (4), CANADIANS AMERICANS (4), CARADIANS (5), BANKS (1), BREWERS (4), BUILDINES (5), CHEMICALS (3), STORES (2), ELECTRICALS (4), ENGINEERING (2), FODOS (3), HOTELS (3), INDUSTRIALS (16), LEISURE (4), PAPER (3), PROPERTY (9), SHIPPING (1), SOUTH AFRICANS (1), TEXTILES (1), TRUSTS (30), DILS (3), IVERSEAS TRADERS (4), PLANTATIONS (1), MINES (6).

RETISH FUNDS (12) INT RAME & BRITISH FUNDS (12) INT BANK & O'SEAS BUY' STE ISSUES (61 Asian Dev Bank, 10 toc Ln. 2009, Australia'

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1986

131₂pc 2010, Do 111₈pc Ln 2015, Euro Inv Bk 11pc Ln 2002, NZ 114pc 2008, Do 111₂pc 2014 (230pc). LOANS (2) Nationwide Bulking Society 37₈pc IL Ln 2021, Inv In Ind 9pc A 1991-94, BANKS CLI Care Allen, STORES (2) Gee (Cocil),
Tip Top. ELECTRICALS (1)
Northamber. F00.0S (2) Batleys,
Cutten's INDUSTRIALS (5) High-Point,
Industrials
Servs, Office & Elect, Ropner, Do A,
Sidixw. LEISURE (1) Television
Services. PAPER (3) BBB Design,
Cradley Print, Figh. TOBACCOS (7)
Mines **Traded Options**

Dealers again reported lively conditions in Traded Options. Total contracts transacted touching 25.25c et nue stage reflec-ting US demand in front of the Congress-imposed deadline for new investment in the Republic. 31,008 calls and 12,458 puts. As in recent trading sessions, interest centred on Hanson Trust positions with 4.043 calls and 1.186 puts struck Above average demand was Johannesburg consequently pre-sented an irregular appearance also evident for Grand Metropolism and Lasmo which recorded 2001 and 2,804 calls respectively. Peren-nial option favourite Lunka returned to the limelight with 3,973 calls done. Business in puts was dominated by Dirons which friendly to Ocean Transport also continued to top up their stakes and the price gained 4½ to 254½p.

Business is a reported sizeable interest in selected heavyweight Golds, notrecorded 1,819 trades. £611/2 Support was also evident for

Traditional Options

First dealings Nov 3 Nov 17 Dec 1 Last dealings Nov 14 Nov 28 Dec 12

Feb 5 Feb 19 Mar 5. remained lively and Consolidated Gold Fields closed 7 up on balance at 698p after 704p amid escalating speculation that a break-up bid is imminent. BTZ, no the other hand, Feb 16 Mar 2 Mar 16 Unit Trust Service

Stocks favoured for the call Equity and General, Devenish, Lynion, Atlant Resources, Stone Intermetique Munton Brothers, Tesco, London ources, Banro, Mecca, Lo and Continental Advertising Recal, Blacks Leisure, SP Johnson and Firth Brown, Ibel nen, British and monwealth, Briden, Repwerth Ceramic, Plessey and Wellman, A put was transacted in Suintie Clothes, but no doubles were

Metana, 2869, Central Norseman, 653p, and Gold Mines of Kalgeorile, 648p. CRA were quoted at 327p ex-the A\$309m rights issue; TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS



RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY

FT-ACTUARIES INDICES

Thursday November 13 1986

Gross Div.

Est. P/E

These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times, the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

	stocks pe	r section	INATIONS.	Inde No.			7	Yield% (ACTat 29%)	Ratio (Net)	1986 to date	index No.	Index No.	Index No.	Jades No.	
1	CAPITAL EDOD	\$ (211) .		679.	77 -0.7	8.9	78	3,78	14.13	16.17	684.23	685.09	684,14	579.59	•
2	Building Material	ls (27)		827.				3.56	14.58	17.54	838.89			645.74	
3	Contracting, Cons							3.98	18.19	32.56					
4 5	Electricals (12) Electronics (38) .			1754. 1482				4.78	15.44	53.27 29.90	1495.22	3895.19	1471.34		
6	Mechanical Engir		(0:	375				4.42	1218	18.42					
8	Metals and Metal			339.				4.14	13.40	9.53				243.66	
9	Motors (16)			258.				4.07	10,82	5.72	259.57				
10	Other Industrial I CONSUMER GR			1241 941				4.35	16,48	38.19	1224.09 949.43		1244.94 950.69		
21 22	Brewers and Dist			978		9.6		331	13.59	14.91	970.02				
25	Food Magufactur			724.	83 -1.3	9.2	27	3.84	14.02	14.99	734.63	735.19	732.00		
26	Food Retailing (1			1874.				2.83	28.50	30.54	1902.92			2764.52	
27	Health and House	chold Pro	ducts (10)_ 1517. 965.				2.50 4.22	18.85	21.37 25.08	1514.25 972.60		1533.46 978.31	1184,69 776,22	
29 32	Leisure (27) Publishing & Prin	rting (75)						434	16.86	73.96	2644.30		2589.55		
33	Packaging and Pa					7.1	12	3.47	28.25	10.54	478.09				
34	Stores (38)			860.				3.05	18.95	16,10	871.95				
35	Textiles (17)			543.				3.63	12.31	10.57	549.60 1313.76				
36 41	Tobaccos (2)	\$ (87)		1297. 793.				3.99	25.20	36,99 17,50	799.24		1325.16 797.61	821.23 738.64	
42	Chemicals (20)							4.39	13.64	29.15	987.05	982.18		732.50	
44	Diffire Fourtyment	(4)		238				4.47	25.50	7.55	240.20	240.98	240.36	222.32	
45	Shipping and Tra	nsport (1:	3)	1574. 780.				4.28	16.74	44.57 16.67	1585.29			1351.95	
47 48	Telephone Netwo	MG (2) 8\						4.71 3.02	20.93	16.87	789.82 2133.84		783.40	942.07	
49	INDUSTRIAL G					_	-	3.60	15.11	17.91	850.45			721.65	•
3	0il & Gas (1.7)			1430			_	6.26	10.79			1432.79		1209,48	
59	500 SHARE IND	EX(500)				_	_	3.92	1441		899.76			763.12	•
61	FINANCIAL GR						_	4.69	-	17.46	607.55			536.82	
62	Banks (8)		<u> </u>	655.			2	5.59	7.14	23,94	662.98			549.82	
65	lasurance (Life)	(9)		458			· {	4.60	-	27.29	853.37	854.68			
66 67	Insurance (Compo			1267			æ (4.73	17.26	13.49	452.96 1273.91		467.46 1289.25	1202.87 287.37	
68	Merchant Banks			351		- 1	ĺ	4.08		6.37	348.85		343.57	693.34	
69	Property (49)	,,,		799.		5.6		3.55	23.21	15.17	798,71	802.52	797.13	307.93	
70	Other Financial C						2	4.53	13.08	9.06	355.64		352.90	639.23	
72	Investment Trust		-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	832		9.1	. 1	2.73 4.65	12.91	14.22 11.30	834,46 344,81	830.65 348.25	828.15 337.02	263.46 587.27	
81 91	Mining Finance Control Overseas Traders							5.68	11.65	29.17	772.21			696.04	
99	ALL-SHARE INC			815.		-	\neg	4.02	-	20.12	820,86			696.D4	,
				Inde				Day's	Nov	Nov	Nov	Nov	Nov	Year	,
_				No				Law	12	11_	10	7	6	ago	
_	FT-SE 100 SHAI	RE INDE	<u> </u>	1644	61 -9.5	13647.	5 11	634.7	1654.5	1660.9	1656.2	1662.6	1648.5	1443.1	
	FD	KED	NTE	REST	•				AGE CRI MPTION			Thurs Nov 13	Wed Nov 12	(approx.)	
_		Thers	-	Wed	-1 -1	xd ad).			d Cover	uneart					•
	PRICE INDICES	Nov	Day's change	Nev	nd adj. today	1986	1 2			years		9.92 10.67	9.84 20.56	5.94	
	4	13	%	12	[to date	3	Guapa	2	years		10.69	18.57	1020 10.22	1
	British Gavernment	-					4	Media	a !	years		11.47	11.34	10.81	
1	5 years	118.21	-0.22	118.47	_ [10.31	5		ns 1	years		11.03	19.90	18.55	
	5-15 years	127.75	-0.72	128.67	_ 1	11.61	5		2	years		10.64	18.52	20.22 20.92	1
_	Over 15 years			133,61	_ !	11.83	Í			years		1121	11.08	18.71	
	irredeemables	143.65		144,91	_ 1	13.34	. 9		. 2	years		10.71	18.59	10.41	ı
	Ail stocks	126.43		127.18	_ 1	11.33	10		enables			10.42	10.32	9.76	.
-34		-20-3	-0.39				-		Linked		\			_	1
ار	Index-Linked			[[ا ۔۔ ا			r inte 5% 1 vate 5%		5 MS	3.95	4.27 3.85	6.0 0.0	
- 1	5 years	113.79		113.68	- 1	2.00			1 rate 109		7/S	289	2.92	8.8	
7	Over 5 years	108.53		110.16	- 1	2.84	14		rate 107			3.79	3.70	6.0	1
8	All stocks	109.36	-1.20	310.78	- 1	2.69	15			S years		11.71	11.58	11.38	' I
-1		200		170.00			16		•	15 years		1170	11.50	11.30	1
-91	Dykentures & Losts .	109.97		110.86		10.25	17			25 years		11.70	11.58	11.23	
10	Preference	79.26	-0.49	79.55	- 1	6.07	18	Prefer				11.56	11.51	17.82	1
															٠I

eringen bis die Die Bederrich unter Gestättige bei der Gebert **EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE** Vol. Last Vol. Last Vol. Last.... \$350 \$360 \$370 \$380 \$390 \$400 \$440 \$380 \$380 \$420 \$420 4 | 165×1200 | 1504 | Ma 62 4 26 106 7 \$600 F1.335 F1.340 F1.345 F1.325 F1.230 F1.230 F1.240 F1.240 F1.240 F1.250 F1.2 405 253 256 135 137 250 2.70 5.50 2.45 1.10 0.10 1.80 1354 | N81446 | ~ 1 7.60 FI 224.35 F1560 F1500 F1500 F1500 F1500 F1500 F1505 F1505 F1505 F1505 F1506 F1560 285
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FL172.50 FL51.20 FL45.60 FI.77.30 FL42_90 FI.20630

BASE LENDING RATES Chibark Savings 112/ City Mechants Bank 11 Clydestate Bank 11 Courn. Bk. N. East 11 Consolidated Cred 11 Affied Dunbar & Co ____ Affied Irish Bank...... Co-operative Bank Henry Ausbacher
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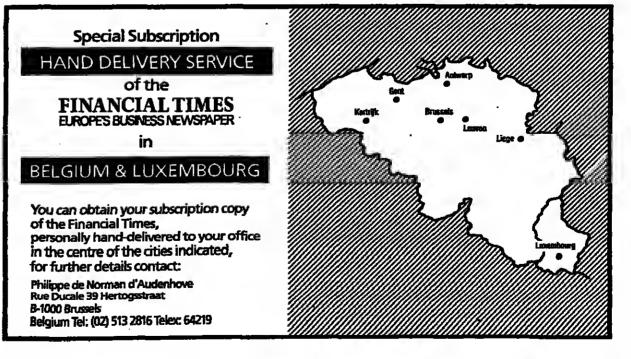
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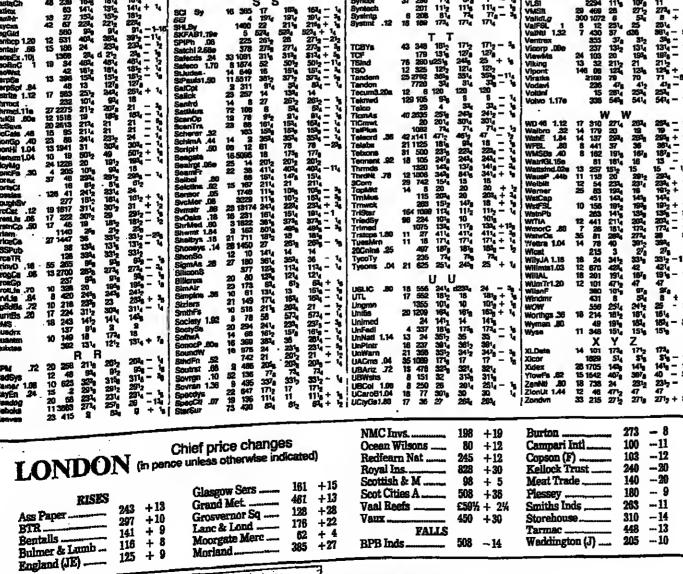
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WORLD STOCK MARKETS

					***	KLD SIC	CA MIARRE	110			
	AUSTRIA	GERMANY	[NORWAY		USTRALIA (continued)	[JAPAN (continued)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	Nov. 13 Price + or	Nov. 15 Price Dm.	+ or Nov. 18	Price + or Kroner -	Nov. 18 Aust. 8	Nov. 15 Price +	_	•		•	
1	Credit nst it pp 2,940 +10 Gossar 3,660 13,500 13,500 100 Jungbundauer 14,300 100 Lasnderbank 2,333 +3 Perimonaer 650 158 Veitscher Mag 11,090 +20 BELGIUM/LUEXMBOURG	AEC	-4 Kosinos	203 + 1.5 H.	mbertana F.P. 0,56 a Cra Gold 0,66 dston Gold 8,1 and Lasse 10,8	NGK insulators 895 +4	TORONTO Closing prices November 13	300 Centert Tr 821 21 21 40 400 Chieften 883 ₈ 81 ₈ 87 ₈ 4 57 ₈ 4 5 5 Chillai 8 f \$201 ₈ 201 ₈ 201 ₈ 201 ₈ 4 4 5 5 Chillai 8 f \$201 ₈ 201 ₈	8 1400 Lecana \$10 .10 18	14 20 Roman 20 Rotrinan 8008 Royal Brik 14 4795 RyTrco A 34303 Royar 8390 Stil Swat	High Law Clear Changes 223s 224s 227s +1; 233s 243s 435s -1; 243s 245s 245s 245s 245s 245s 245s 245s 245
\$ <i>j</i>	Nov. 13	Contr Gumm 333-5 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	+4.5 +4.5 +4.5 +4.5 -0.5 500 Bilbao1 Boc Central 500 Popular 500 Popular 500 Popular 500 Vizoaya1 Hidrofa1 Hidrofa1 Berduero1 Hidrofa1 Berduero1 Hidrofa1 Berduero1 Hidrofa1 Berduero1 Hidrofa1 Berduero1 Aga1 Beljera.B2 Cardo [Free)2 Celfulosa1 Beljera.B1 Beljer	Price + or Nice Price + or Nice Price + or Nice + or Nic	ayne Nickless 3.4 t. Aast. Bank 5.18 0 cholas Kiwi 55.0 cholas Kiwi 5.5.0 cholas Kiwi 2.64 6.6 cholas Cholas 6.6 cholas Cholas 6.6 cholas .	ASS	1900 Abitish Pr 3274 284 284 -19 200 Abitish Pr 3274 284 284 -19 14641 Agnico E 329 285 228 -19 14641 Agnico E 329 285 228 -19 18505 Abitish N 5154 18 1574 -19 625 Alcan 5427 427 427 -19 626 Alcan 5427 427 427 -19 626 Alcan 5427 427 427 -19 627 Azon 1 281 8 8 -1 628 Alcan 3428 357 357 357 628 Alcan 3428 357 357 357 629 BP Canacla 3454 34 34 34 620 Alcan 3444 620 Alcan 3444 620 Alcan 3444 620 Alcan 3444 620 Alcan 3444	5 3400 COlasto 6 1 361, 274, 284, 284, 281, 281, 1700 Core Gase 3239, 281, 281, 281, 1700 Core Gases 3239, 281, 281, 281, 181, 181, 181, 181, 181	1 16275 Laidlw 6 1 \$1779 1634 1679 5400 Leigh Inst 490 480 480 480 480 480 Leigh Inst 490 480 480 480 480 1765 1765 1765 1765 1765 1765 1765 1765	## 4717 Scapte ## 18 # 1700 Sext Paper 23400 Sext Paper 23400 Sext I = 200 Sext I = 2000 Text I = 2000 Te	\$17, 16% 11% 11% 11% 11% 11% 11% 11% 11% 11%
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	Wartsits (S11) 137 1 +1	Nov. 18 Price Fra. Emprent 4421975, 1,515	+ or Hoff-Roche 1/1 - Jacobs Suchai Jelmoli		os Electric2,090 ' +4 ahi Chem	B Boustead Nides 1.34 -0	11/2	inc	lices		
)	ACF Holding 94.5 -0.3 AEGON 94.5 -2.1 Ahold 106.5 -8.3 AKZO 156.5 -0.3 AKZO 156.5 -8.3 AKZO 156.5 -0.3 AKZO 15	Damart	Helicology of the control of the con	1,500	ima	Getting	Mov 12 11 10 10 10 10 10 10	298.81 210.56 218.15 188.47 218.15 188.57 1	AUSTRALIA Ali Ord. (1/1/80) Metals & Mnia. (1/1/80) B AUSTRIA Creditbk Aktien(80/12/84) B ELGIUM Brussel SE (1/1/84) DENMARK Coponhagen SE (5/1/85) Coponhagen SE (5/1/85) FINI,AND Unitas Geni, (1875) FRANGE OAC General ((51/12/82) Ind Tendance (51/12/82) Ind Tendance (51/12/82) OERMANY FAZ Aktien (51/12/85) B GB0.82 GB0.83 GB0.83	2 1585.9 1408.7 1405.7 1718. 72 227.67 227.67 266.64 40 (c) 4805.45 4081.1 45 188.20 186.86 250. 9 485.5 404.5 417 .9 (c) 380.8 412 .8 (c) 144.8 168 .90 888.67 679.27 753.8 2006.1 2921.7 2278	226.58 (6/6) .80 (13/11) 2786.01 (16/1) .70 (18/4) 188.28 (11/11) 7.7 (3/10) 258.3 (2/1) 2.5 (1/6) 268.3 (2/1) 2.6 (17/4) 568.92 (22/7) .80 (17/4) 1568.92 (22/7) .81 (17/4) 1568.94 (18/5) .82 (28/10) 1568.94 (18/5) .83 (28/10) 12981.0 (21/1)
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UK COMPANY NEWS IN-DEPTH REPORTING DAILY IN THE FT



46	NEW YORK STOCI	K EXCHANGE C	OMPOSITE CLO	SING PRICES	
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Financial Times Friday November 14 1986 ØØ

NYSE COMPOSITE CLOSING PRICES

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FINANCIAL TIMES WORLD STOCK MARKETS

WALL STREET

Late slide on rush of profit-taking

PROFIT-TAKING prompted by growing caution over the wave of takeover and restructuring proposals and ahead of economic news today sent stock prices sliding in the last hour of trading yesterday on Wall Street, writes Roderick Oram in New York

Bond prices were essentially unchanged as investors and dealers waited with more interest than usual in recent months for the release of money supply figures, fearing they might prompt a mild tightening of monetary policy by the Federal Reserve.

The Dow Jones industrial average closed down 31.50 points at 1,882.20. The New York Stock Exchange composite index shed 1.86 points to 140.03 on moderately heavy volume of 165.1m shares with declines outnumbering advances

by more than two to one. With arbitrageurs losing money in a number of recent takeover and restructuring situations - rumoured and actual - the market generally has become more cautious this week. Such takeover speculation has been the main force behind the last 150 points or so rise in the Dow Jones industrial average, analysts said.

Frankfurt

Dec 1, 1953-100

Paris

Dec 31, 1982-100

CAC Genera

STOCK MARKET INDICES

839.25*

210.39*

244.70°

615.85

893.37

10.71

1,878.94* 1,893.70 1,427.75

840.13

211.54

820.86 899.76

10.59

17,438.47 17,447.89 12,716.3 1,435.75 1,438.32 1,000.19

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547.11 559.05 134.64

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1,986.40 1,984.80 1,742.0

2,261.45 2,239.71 1,747.16

381.04 380.56 406.73

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2,657.97 2,670.87 1,536,01

344.1 340.6 238.0

407.05p

E911.50

£2.172.50

\$14.875

Nov 13

\$407.75

\$407.22

\$408.80

\$409.5

561.40 522.8

175.90 175.13

569.20

COMMODITIES

GOLD (per ounce)

756.22 407.06

285.60 233.1

- 210.5

768.46

98.21

402 85p

£910.00

£2.092.00

\$405.50

\$407.25

\$405.76

\$406.85

\$409.4

144.30

660.32

754.98

283.50

187.45 229.86

86.3

1,654.5 1,396.9

680.01

164.80

197.10

696.04 763.12

10.03

DM

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Lira BFr

2000

500 Ed 1

DJ Industrials

DJ Transport

FT-A All-share

FT Gold mines

FT-A Long gilt

FT-A 500

Tokyo SE

AUSTRALIA

All Ord.

CANADA

DEKKARK

FRANCE

CAC Ger

Ind. Tendance

WEST GERMANY

Commerzbani

FAZ-Aktion

HONG KONG

ITALY

NORWAY

SPAIN

SWEDEN

Oslo SE

SINGAPORE

Straits Times

SOUTH AFRICA JSE Golds JSE Industria

Madrid SE

SWITZERLAND

Swiss Bank Ind

MS Capital Int'I

Silver (spot fixing)

Copper (cash) Coffee (Jan)

London

Zürlch

Paris (fixing)

Oil (Brent blend)

Hang Seng

Banca Comm

NETHERLANDS

ANP-CBS Gen

ANP-CBS Ind

Metals & Mins AUSTRIA

Credit Aktier

Belgian SE

Toronto Metals & Minis

TOKYO

LONDON

Yesterday's downturn was exacerbated by some selling programmes linked to stock index options but not on the same wide scale seen in the market's sharp fall in mid-September, they

Among blue chips AT & T was off \$% at \$25, Boeing fell \$% to \$50%, Dow Chemical lost \$1% to \$55%, ITT lost \$1% to \$53%, Mobil edged up \$% to \$39% as oil prices firmed, General Motors fell \$1% to \$70% and United Technologies lost \$%

Lockheed rose \$2% to \$47% on rumours that Ford Motor, down \$1% to \$56, was interested in buying it. Lockheed said there was no substance to the speculation.

Borg-Warner was unchanged at \$41% after it had said it was selling its financial services subsidiary as part of a restructuring to increase shareholder value. Mr Irwin Jacobs, the Minneapolis investor, has a 7.6 per cent stake in the company and said he might seek control. Other raiders including GAF, down \$% to \$41, are believed to be acquiring

Gelco, the transport leasing company, fell \$4% to \$18%. Coniston Partners terminated its \$26-a-share offer and returned tendered shares after failing to overturn in court Gelco's defences.

Among other companies thought to be candidates for takeover or restructuring Gillette lost \$1/2 to \$57% despite being downgraded by some Wall Street analysts, Pandick rose \$% to \$24%, Xerox gained \$% to \$58% and Archer-Daniels-Midland eased \$% to \$22%.

Staley Continental, which like Archer-Daniels could benefit from the easing of

FT-Ordinary S

US DOLLAR

2.0225

160.60

6.615

1,399 42.05

INTEREST RATES

2 02975

160.85

6.5775

1,393 42.00

(3-month offered rate)

FT London Interha (offered rate)

1996

1-30

15-30

AT & T

3% July 1990

Phibro-Se

6 April 1996

SCBT South Central

9% March 2016 106.50

6% April 2016 91.00

9% March 2016 97.25

Source: Salomon Brothers

US Treasury Bonds (CBT)

General Motors

CHICAGO

Dec

Sep

Dec

Dec

LONDON

8% 32nds of 100%

\$1m points of 100%

\$1m points of 100%

\$1m points of 100%

£50,000 32nds of 100%

6-month US\$

th CDs US3-month CDs US3-month T-bills 1300

2.885

229.25

9.44

60.00

41% 6%

6% 5%

100 6.356 99²⁹%e 7.19

7.353

-0.04 -0.04

-0.04

-0.04

-0.07

Price Yield

92.102 6.35

Nov 13 Previ

1,986.0 1,996.50

1,4255

2.865

229.25

9,375

59.90

4% 8%

515/14° 5.65° 5.38°

Yield

7.153 99% 7.312 99% 1

9815/2

7.05

6.73

6.31

6.85

8.13

9.227 106.25 9.25

97-03 97-18 96-30 98-31

94.67 94.70 94.67 94.66

93.94 93.95 93.93 93.92

107-26 107-30 107-10 108-20

6.339

Day's change

+0.46

+0.14

+0.25

+1.31

Price Yield

92.102 6.35

10% Jan 1993 106.875 9.409 106.75 9.438

FINANCIAL FUTURES

100%

99²⁷/sz

157.90

150.81

153.68

183.36

Source: Mentil Lynch

KEY MARKET MONITORS

competitive pressures in their corn milling businesses, fell \$1% to \$32% after it announced plans to offer 4m common

Pepsico lost \$1% to \$27%. It is suing Coca-Cola, down \$1 to \$36\%, for allegedly persuading Wendy's restaurants to switch to Coke from Pepsi as soft-drink suppliers.

Holiday Corp, the Holiday Inns hotel chain, fell \$2 to \$74%. It announced on Wednesday a variety of defences including a share buy-back to thwart expected takeover offers.

Ponderosa, a chain of self-service steak restaurants, edged up \$% to \$26%. Mr Asher Edelman, who recently dropped a bid for Lucky Stores, was thought to have built up a 5 per cent

Maytag, the appliance manufacturer, said it would buy back up to 5m shares, equal to 11.5 per cent of the total, its price rose \$11/2 to \$42%.

Continuing the trend of strong earnings growth from retailers, Carter Hawley Hale, off \$1% at \$42%, reported thirdquarter profits of 44 cents a share against 12 cents. Dayton Hudson, however, forecast lower profits. Its shares fell \$1% to \$43%.

In the credit markets, bond prices were little changed following the late afternoon rally on Wednesday after the Federal Reserve had injected reserves into the financial system.

The price of the new benchmark 7.50 per cent Treasury long bond slipped 1/22 point to 98¹⁷/₂₁ at which it yielded 7.59 per

TOKYO

Speculative issues take the limelight

CAUTION prevailed in Tokyo yesterday following a five-day rising streak, and share prices edged lower, writes Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jiji Press.

The Nikkei average eased 9.42 to 17,438.47 on a volume of 493.36m shares, down from 595.55m shares on Wednesday. Declines led advances by 420 to 381. with 163 issues unchanged.

Medium-priced and low-priced speculative issues were in the spotlight, re-placing large-capital, consumer and blue-chip stocks. This reflected the uncertain market outlook.

Japan Steel Works remained the most active stock for the seventh day running, with 65.36m shares changing hands. It added Y10 to Y405 after earlier o Y420. Buvii stock had been sparked by reports that the firm planned to redevelop its plant site in suburban Tokyo. But it has now become a target of speculators.

Taisei fell Y10 to Y845 and Nippon Kokan Y3 to Y225 after rising on Wednes-day on news that they and other firms

may redevelop areas along Tokyo Bay.
Dainippon Ink and Chemicals surged
Y64 to Y549 on turnover of 26.39m shares due to late buying, triggered b; reports that it would achieve a record recurring profit for the fifth consecutive year. It reached Y564 at one stage, inspiring other chemicals. Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals strengthened Y17 to Y339 and Showa

Denko Y32 to Y359. Conversely, consumer stocks and large-capitals were dull. Kawasaki Heavy Industries weakened Y14 to Y202 Ishikawajima-Harima Heavy Industries Y10 to Y420, Mitsubishi Heavy Industries Y4 to Y429 and Tokyo Electric Power Y60 to Y7,730.

Behind the lacklustre performance of these issues was the fact that the Nikkei index had recouped more than half the ground it had lost since reaching a record in August this year. Some investors and brokerages also feared that another round of increases might touch off heavy selling by institutional investors who had bought shares at high levels.

Among large capitals, only Tokyo Gas
gained Y20 to Y1,030.

International populars lost strength almost across the board on weak buying. NEC sagged Y40 to Y1,910, Matsushits Electric Industrial Y30 to Y1,770 and Hitachi Y15 to Y975.

Bonds hardly moved because of a lack of incentives after opening higher due to the overnight firming of US Treasury bonds in New York.

The yield on the benchmark 8.2 per cent government bond maturing in July 1995 fell from 5.145 to 5.140 per cent. Although the Bank of Japan has been guiding short-term interest rates lower following the fourth discount-rate cut this year, investors kept a low profile. This was because the appropriate level for long-term interest rates remained uncertain, market sources said. Dealers and institutionals were also awaiting the October figures for US money supply and retail sales.

SOUTH AFRICA

THE RISING financial rand continued to depress golds in Johannesburg. Randfontein fell R8 to R380, Harmony R2 to R43 and Driefontein 25 cents to R68.75.

A similar trend was seen in other minings, with De Beers, the diamond group, down 25 cents to R33 and Rustenburg Platinum off 50 cents at R48.50. Mining financial Anglo American was unchanged at R67.40.

Among industrials Barlow Rand lost 75 cents to R20.75 while Barclays Bank was steady at R23.25.

EUROPE

Blue chips lift Brussels to record

STRONG ADVANCES by a number of blue-chip stocks took the Brussels bourse index to a record high for the sec-ond day running although the wider trend was weak as profit taking set in.

The index rose 15.58 to 4,091.98 for an 86-point rise since Monday, but reaction was more mixed than on Wednesday to the Government's measures to stimulate

private investment in equities. Key advances included insurer AG which made its second 10 per cent leap in two days, advancing BFr 3,300 to BFr

Banks were mixed, with Générale up BFr 70 to BFr 6,060 but Kredietbank losing BFr 80 to BFr 14,420.

Underscoring the two-way pull on the market, bellwether stock Petrofina lost BFr 220 to BFr 9.520.

Retailer GB Inno lost BFr 130 of its BFr 360 rise on Wednesday to close at Frankfurt recovered some of the

losses of the two previous days, but trad-ing was thin and the upturn was seen purely as a technical reaction to the depressing effect earlier this week of VW's drop in profits. -The Commerzbank index rose 1.6 to

VW picked up, adding DM 8.40 to DM 433.60. The car sector also saw BMW rise DM 6 to DM 567, but Daimler eased

DM 1 to DM 1,260. Banks were higher across the board, apparently helped by the repurchase by the unions of the heavily indebted Neue Heimat housing group. Deutsche Bank advanced DM 14.50 to DM 788, and

Dresdner put on DM 4.50 to DM 397.50. Bonds closed mainly easier under the influence of a newly launched federal government loan stock with more generous terms than expected. The Bundesbank sold DM 49.9m worth of paper

Zurich rallied on the back of active buying of Hoffman-La Roche shares. Nestlé, rumoured to be the buyer, said it did not know of a reason for the demand, Hoffman registered shares closed SFr 13,000 higher at SFr 162,000 and its bearer shares added SFr 450 to SFr 11,450. Nestlé bearer rose SFr100 to SFr

The activity helped Sandoz which has suffered after admitting it spilt toxic chemicals into the Rhine. Sandoz bearer shares rose SFr 250 to SFr 10,150, helped also by bargain-hunting.

Ciba-Geigy, also hit by worries about polluting the Rhine, gained SFr 110 to SFr 3,410.

Amsterdam suffered amid worries of higher interest rates and fears that the

US economy would continue to show a downturn when today's key economic data are released. Internationals were lower across the

board, including Philips, down 90 cents to F1 42.90, Royal Dutch, F1 1.30 to F1 206.50, and Unilever, Fl 9 to Fl 502.50. Hoogovens, the steel group, reflected concern at an expected fall in year-end profits. It closed Fl 2.30 lower at Fl 51.20.

Paris languished as investors searched in vain for fresh factors. Among the blue chips Elf Aquitaine was unchanged at FFr 312.50 as was car. maker Peugeot at FFr 1,068. The group announced late in the day that its pro-

duction in France had risen 10 per cent in the first 10 months this year. Milan continued marginally easier

ahead of the end of the November trad-

ing cycle today. Some gains were seen in the financial sector, but elsewhere the trend was

Madrid closed higher on balance although losses were seen in the food sec-tor. Stockholm fell on news of higher-than-expected inflation. Pharmacia fell SKr 3 to SKr 197 ahead of the ninemonth results which showed a 21 per cent increase in profits. Oslo closed

SINGAPORE

AN EARLY rally ran out of steam in Singapore as buyers, after bargain-hunting during the morning, withdrew to the sidelines. The Straits Times industrial index closed 3.45 down at 893.25.

Among actives Sime Darby rose 1 cent to S\$1.82. Other blue chips which ended the session higher included Singapore Press, 5 cents up at S\$8.50, and bank shares OCBC, up 5 cents at S\$9.04, and DBS, up 10 cents at S\$9.10.

CANADA

THE MODEST rally, led by resources, in Toronto on Wednesday ran out of steam, and most sectors traded lower.

Among actives Nova Alberta Class A traded C5% up at C56% after saying it was in talks with 57 per cent owned Husky Oil over Husky's future ownership. Husky Oil was C\$% higher at C\$10%.

All major sectors declined in Mon-Service Carrier Service Co.

LONDON

STERLING'S listless performance continued to fuel interest-rate worries in London's financial markets yesterday, pushing both government bonds and share prices down further.

Despite a recovery towards the close, net losses in gilts ranged up to ½ point, with the occasional loss of a full point at

the longer end.

In long gilt futures trading, the December contract reached a record daily volume of 23,600 up 4,700 from the previous record on September 24. It closed nearly 1 point down at 107.26.

Shares took their lead from the gilts market, with the FT-SE 100 index down 9.9 at 1.644.6 and the FT Ordinary index

9.4 lower at 1.295.7. Among losers Plessey closed 9p down at 180p after reporting interim profits in

line with expectations.

Chief price changes, Page 45: De-tails, Page 44; Share information ser-vices, Pages 42-43,

AUSTRALIA

A QUIET session in Sydney saw many investors pausing to consider the effects of the A\$1.73bn October current-account deficit

The All Ordinaries index shed 3.2 to 1,377.6 as buying in golds, which have dropped sharply recently, contrasted with profit-taking across most other sec-

Among banks, Westpac and National Australia lost 6 cents and 12 cents to A\$4.62 and A\$5.18, respectively, after posting low growth in profits for the year. ANZ was off 2 cents at A\$5.58 in advance of its annual report on Monday.

ject of takeover speculation, was steady at A\$3.80 after advancing 15 cents on Wednesday.

· Retailer Woolworths, which is the sub-

Leading golds included Poseidon, up 4 cents at A\$5.14,

HONG KONG

CORPORATE news and active buying. by foreign and local investors gave a healthy boost to Hong Kong. The Hang Seng index, which had languished in recent sessions, continued the climb started on Wednesday, adding 21.74 to

Among properties Hongkong Land added 35 cents to HK\$6.20 amid rumours, later denied, that Japan's Mitsubishi Estate was considering buying Jardine Matheson's stake in the company. Jardine Matheson rose 20 cents to HK\$19.60. Also in the sector, Hongkong Wharf was 5 cents up at HK\$8.25.

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